NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVIII. No. 22654. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, MARCH 8, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

東京市立大學 法學部研究室

ROBERT ROBERTSON HYND
Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to The Trustee Act 1925 that all persons having claims against the estate of the above one time in the employ of The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation who died on the 16th day of February 1937 at Aberdeen in Scotland are hereby requested to send particulars to the undersigned on or before the 9th May 1938 AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated 8th day of March, 1938.

HANSONS
39 Peking Road Shanghai
Solicitors for Geoffrey Herbert Wright the Attorney of the Executrix.

13113

ESTATE OF
ARTHUR EDWARD PETTITT
Deceased

PURSUANT TO SECTION 27 OF THE TRUSTEE ACT 1925.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of the above-named deceased formerly of Hyde End House, Brimpton in the County of Berkshire England, who died there on the 3rd day of November 1936 are hereby requested to send in writing particulars of their claim or demand to the undersigned (the Solicitors for Joseph Edward Badeley, the duly appointed Attorney of Violet Muriel Pettitt the sole Executrix named in his last Will and to whom a Grant of Probate of the said Will was made by the District Probate Registry at Oxford of His Majesty's High Court of Justice in England on the 11th day of January 1937 and which said Grant was resealed by His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai on the 17th day of February 1938) on or before the 8th day of May next after which date the said Violet Muriel Pettitt will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to claims and demands of which the undersigned shall then have had notice and will not be answerable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person of whose claim or demand the undersigned shall not then have had notice AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the under signed.

HANSONS,
39 Peking Road
Shanghai, March 7, 1938.

13107

ROBERT JOHN HILLIER
Deceased

PURSUANT TO THE TRUSTEE ACT 1925
SECTION 27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the Estate of ROBERT JOHN HILLIER, late of Shanghai, China, Retired, who died at Shanghai aforesaid on the 13th day of December 1937 and Probate of whose Will was, on the 6th day of January 1938, granted by His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai to HAROLD BROWETT and VICTOR PRIESTWOOD, the Executors named in the said Will, are hereby requested to send in writing particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned HAROLD BROWETT, of No. 34 Museum Road, Shanghai, Solicitor, on or before the 9th, day of March 1938, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said Harold Browett shall then have had notice, and will not be answerable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim or demand the said Harold Browett shall not then have had notice AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to me.

H. BROWETT,
For Self and Co-Executor.
Shanghai, January 8, 1938.

11892

WESTERN DISTRICT
INSIDE SETTLEMENT

For Sale valuable furniture and fittings of large detached house with option of house lease at a very reasonable rental on approximately two mow of land. House is luxuriously furnished. Steinway Grand Piano. beautiful appointments, Imported rare glass and dinner sets, carpets, etc.

Further details, permits to view, etc.

McMICHAEL'S AGENCY
993 Bubbling Well Road.

-2707

ROAST PORK TIFFIN, $1.20

Beef Curry and Rice	$1
Lemon Pie	30 cents
Maxwell House Coffee	20 cents

JIMMY'S 11 Rue Montauban

-2687

ADDRESSES

CONSULATE GENERAL OF BRAZIL

The office of the Brazilian Consulate General has been removed to
Grosvenor House
219 Rue Cardinal Mercier,
Apartment 601
Telephone 77423

JAMES P. MEE,
Consul General.

-2498

A. D. C.

To-night at 8.30 p.m.
Playreading
"LABURNUM GROVE"
in the
Rehearsal Room
LYCEUM THEATRE
Members and guests only

13101

NOTICE

RECREATION GROUND RACE COURSE ENCLOSURE

SUMMER SEASON 1938. Clubs desirous of securing playing space on the Recreation Ground are required to make application on or before April 19, 1938. All applications must be submitted on the approved APPLICATION FORM obtainable at the Golf Pavilion on the Ground.

APPLICATION FORMS, when complete, are to be forwarded to Mr. L. J. HUGHES, Secretary. Recreation Ground Committee of Management, c/o Public Works Department, Administration Building, S.M.C. Applications will receive the attention of this Committee and playing spaces will be allocated as soon as possible after the date noted above.

WINTER SEASON—1937-38. This will definitely close on Sunday, March 20, 1938.

REPAIR PERIOD. from March 21, 1938, until the commencement of the Summer Season. During this period the Ground will be closed to all forms of sport with the exception of golf.

GOLF Whole day golf will be available with certain exceptions—these will be posted, as occasions arise, at the Golf Pavilion.

By Order of the Recreation Ground Committee of Management
L. J. HUGHES,
Secretary.

Shanghai, Mar. 7, 1938.

13112

GOVERNMENT BILLS, etc.

TENDERS for Dollars local currency for telegraphic transfer on the War Office, London, up to and for the sum of £5,000 will be received by the Area Paymaster until 11 a.m. on March 8, 1938.

The tenders to state the total amount (in pounds sterling). No telegraphic transfer will be made for less than £100.

The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the Area Paymaster, Embarkation Staff Office, 1st Floor, 24 Central Road, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills, etc."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the tenders is reserved.

"Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that having regard to the provisions of the Acts 22 George III Cap. and 41 George III Cap. 52 the acceptance of any such tenders is subject to the express condition that no Member of British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contractor thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills)".

"The provisions in question do not apply to contracts entered into by any incorporated company in its corporated capacity and made for the general benefit of the company."

F. W. C. THOMAS,
Captain, R.A.P.C.,
Area Paymaster, Shanghai.
Area Pay Office,
Shanghai.

13095

RELIANCE MOTORS
(Federal Inc. U.S.A.)
755 AVENUE FOCH

Distributors for
BUICK CADILLAC
LA SALLE and
VAUXHALL CARS

I have this day been appointed manager of the above Company.
LEWIS D. CARSON.

13065

"La Femme de Demain"

New selection of
Dresses, Tailor-made Costumes, and Coats.
Orders accepted

208/212 Seymour Road
Telephone 33029

-2477

The North-China Daily News on the Radio

395 metres
760 Kilocycles

The day's news will be broadcast twice daily on Station XMHD at

12.40 noon and 9 p.m.

"IS SHE A PROGRESSIVE

or a conservative sort of a woman?" "It's hard to say. She wears a last year's hat, drives a this year's car, and lives on next year's income." It is to be hoped that the car is covered by a Comprehensive Policy.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
316 Kiangse Road Telephone 10828

CULTY'S MILK

PASTEURISED GRADE A
SAFE AND PURE

1567 Av. Joffre : Tel. 70126

12900

Drink
RED SEAL
WHISKY
An Excellent Value
At All Compradores
Agents:
GANDE, PRICE, LTD.

13015

These cold days

A cup of good hot coffee is doubly appreciated for elevenses. Have you tried the different blends offered by Lane, Crawford? It's all high-class coffee, selected carefully, blended skilfully and freshly roasted and ground.

Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.), Ltd.
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218

12901

For
PHILCO
RADIO SERVICE
Telephone 34270

12947

NORGE
FOR
REFRIGERATION

ELECTRIC & MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 36865

13004

PIANO

Upright, in new condition

$300

Address Box 1026, N.C.D.N.

Pasteurized Grade "A"
MILK
PRODUCTS
Lucerne Dairy Farm
381 Great Western Road
Telephone 20470

12902

To-day's Events

MARCH

8 Shai. War Photo Exh. for Red Cross
8 For. Y. lect. Miss Muriel Lester, 8.30

Coming Events

MARCH

9 Numismatic Soc. of China Mtg., 5.30
10 "Hussar Love", Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 8 p.m.
10 For. Y. Debate "Polygamy," 8.30
11 B.W.A. Ann. Gen. Mtg. & Reception, 4
11 St. Tichon's Tea Dansant and Cabaret, Arcadia Ballroom, 5.30-9
13 S. M. Orchestra Concert, Lyceum, 5.15
14 The Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg Party, For. Y. 3
15 A.W.C. Annual Library Tiffin, 12.15
15 For. Y. lect. Mr. S. C. Young, 8.30
17 For. Y. debate Wealth & Happiness, 8.30
17 B.W.A. M. & D. section Children's Prog., 5.15
17 Jumble Sale, U. Ch. Hall, Limbless Fund
18 The Shanghai Club Annual Mtg., 5.30 p.m.
18 Armoured Car Co. Dance, Race Club
22 For. Y. lect. Dr. Frederick Reiss, 8.30
25 For. Y. Fourth Evening of Music, 8.30
27 "Purim Entertainment," Jew. School Audit, 5.30
29 For. Y. lect. Dr. Bernard E. Read, 8.30
29 "The Beggar's Opera," Lyceum
30 "The Beggar's Opera," Lyceum
31 "The Beggar's Opera," Lyceum
31 Shai Paper Importers' Assn. Ann. Gen. Mtg., Cercle Sportif Français, 6

APRIL

1 Le Ballet Russe will present "La Boutique Fantasque," music by Rossini and "Prince Igor," music by Borodine, Lyceum Theatre, 8.45
2 Le Ballet Russe, Lyceum Theatre, 8.45
3 Le Ballet Russe, Lyceum Theatre, 8.45
3 S.F.A. v. Islington Corinthians, Canidrome, 3

The charge for items is $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

The Best

Costs so Little—

CALDBECK'S OLD TAWNY is still the best known and has the largest sale of any brand of PORT in the Far East.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

THE WORLD AUXILIARY INSURANCE CORPORATION, LIMITED
LONDON
Incorporated 1919
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Shanghai Branch
2nd Floor, Continental Bank Bldg., 113 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 12867 (4 lines)

PLAN OF
SHANGHAI and ENVIRONS
Size 54 ins. by 68 ins. Price $5
Mounted on Linen $10

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
17 The Bund Telephone 11055

"ROYAL BRAEMAR"
Fine Old Scotch Whisky
Guaranteed sold in Shanghai EXACTLY as it leaves Scotland.
$4.50 per bottle
Obtainable at all Compradore stores or direct from the Agents:
GILLESPIE'S LTD.
(Incorporated under Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)
Telephone 14528 Sassoon Arcade

13099

SHANGHAI'S SCHEMOZZLE:
Second Spasm
by SAPAJOU with R. T. PEYTON-GRIFFIN ("In Parenthesis")
Royal Quarto, 72 pp., Art Cover, Sewn Silk Cord
PRICE THREE DOLLARS
The success of its predecessor, "Shanghai's Schemozzle," has induced the publisher to present the public with a companion volume, "Second Spasm." This new album is similar to the first in format, but there the similarity ends. for all the comments from the humorous pen of "In Parenthesis" and the clever cartoons by "Sapajou" are entirely new.
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS AND HERALD, LTD.

THE SHANGHAI DOCK & ENGINEERING CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-second Annual General Meeting of the Shanghai Dock & Engineering Co., Ltd. will be held in the Boardroom of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund, Shanghai, at 4 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday, March 15, 1938, for the following purposes namely:

To receive and consider the annual Statement of Accounts and the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

To declare a dividend.

To elect Directors and Auditors.

To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The transfer books and register of members of the company will be closed from March 8 to March 15, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
D. R. GLASS, A.C.A.,
Secretary.

Shanghai, February 25, 1938.

12943

PIANOS FOR HIRE
Moderate terms
SAM LAZARO BROS.
232 Nanking Road

12949

Leaving China?

Whether going on home leave or retiring, your personal or your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the "North-China Herald" containing all the China news of the "North-China Daily News" and costing, including postage, $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department. North China Herald, 17 The Bund or Tel. 11055

THE ANGLO-DUTCH (JAVA) PLANTATIONS, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 2325 for 50 Shares numbered 164411/164460 inclusive in the above Company registered in the name of Mr. George Crank, has been declared lost or destroyed, and if the above Certificate is not produced within THIRTY days from date, it will be cancelled and a new Certificate for 50 shares will be issued in lieu thereof.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, February 21, 1938.

12743

THE SHANGHAI SEREMBAN RUBBER ESTATES, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty Third Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above mentioned Company will be held at 93 Canton Road, Shanghai on Monday, March 14, 1938, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1937, declaring a Final Dividend, electing Directors and Auditors and to transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from March 10 to March 14, 1938, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, March 1, 1938.

12974

BLUE RIBBON
GRADE "A" (TT)
MILK
145 Tunsin Road Telephone 20407

12946

1938
FORD V-8 CARS
New in appearance
Two Engine Sizes
Two Body Designs
Two Price Ranges
NOW ON VIEW

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch
Telephone 74400 (6 lines)

SIBOAR for sale auction. Winner hunts, hunt handicap and on flat. Great stayer across country. Young, believed sound. -2689

WILLOW COURT, 34 Route Boissezon, 8th floor, 4-roomed apartment available, central heat, hot, cold water, refrigerator, tax $265. A. Sator (Property Dept.) Telephone 19902, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

ADVANTAGEOUS purchase available of property in Settlement, approximately £6,000, yielding 9% per annum on newly-constructed shops and hongs. Apply to Theodore Sopher & Co.

13043

LIBRARY table, size 4½ ft. by 2½ ft. Plate glass top. In first-class condition. $45. Address Box 1026, N.C.D.N.

SILVERWARE cabinet. A corner cabinet, handsome design, made by Arts & Crafts, perfect condition, $50. Reply to Box 1099, N.C.D.N.

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

yes. . . .
but **U.B. Beer**
is better!

12905

NEWMILK
The only Stassanized and Homogenized milk in the Far East. Nutritious and easily digested.
225 Race Course Road Tel. 31818

-2643

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best
ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China), LTD.
878 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 36865

12903

JAMES MAGILL & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)
GODOWN STORAGE
available in
CENTRAL DISTRICT
Moderate Rates
120 Kiangse Road Tel. 11284

13056

SASSOON ARCADE

Shop and Mezzanine Premises formerly occupied by Schmidt & Co., available for rent as a whole or can be subdivided to suit Tenants requirements. Apply E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., Telephone 11430.

12950

An old China hand in America writes: . . . but though I followed the war in the newspapers, nothing brought it home to me more vividly than the "Four Months of War" sent by a friend, which I see is also published by you. Everybody who has lived in China should see the photographic evidence of war at one's doorstep, so will you . . .

"FIVE MONTHS OF WAR"

(Revised edition of "Four Months of War," with additional information and illustrations.)

A complete narrative history of the war from August last.

333 illustrations, including some of Sapajou's best cartoons.

Price $4.50

Postage:

Union Countries	$1.50
Hongkong	.70
China, Japan	.50

On Sale at the
North-China Daily News Office

"WHITEAWAY'S"
AFTER STOCK-TAKING SALE A HUGE SUCCESS!

DESPITE THE WEATHER YESTERDAY, THE STORE WAS BUSY ALL DAY LONG, WITH CROWDS OF EAGER BUYERS.

WE ADVISE EARLY SHOPPING

TO SECURE YOUR SHARE OF THE AMAZING BARGAINS.

The Carlton Apartment Building

The Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd., take pleasure in announcing that their new building at the corner of Park and Burkill Roads is now ready for occupation. Apartments may be viewed at reasonable hours on all days. Applicants are asked to call at the offices of the Company for reservations.

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

12804

CHINA YEAR BOOK

The new edition of the CHINA YEAR BOOK will add another volume to the series (dating from 1912) which constitutes a very remarkable contemporary history of China. It arms its reader with all material necessary for forming correct judgments on the Far Eastern situation and embodies all important documents and statistics of the year.

Among the subjects dealt with by foreign and Chinese experts are the following:—

SINO-JAPANESE HOSTILITIES (DOCUMENTED)
MONGOLIA AND CHINESE TURKESTAN
PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE LEPROSY PROBLEM
FINANCE AND CURRENCY (INCLUDING WAR MEASURES)
CHINESE ART: CHINESE ARMY AND NAVY
CATHOLIC AND PROTESTANT MISSIONS
THE KUOMINTANG AND THE GOVERNMENT
MODERN CHINESE INDUSTRIES: LABOUR.

Royal octavo, 620 pages, cloth bound, $18 net

Obtainable at all booksellers or from the publishers:
THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.
P.O. Box 707, Shanghai.

ATHENS TOBACCO CO.
136 Nanking Road
All Smokers' Requisites

CIGARETTES	PIPES	TOBACCOS
CIGARETTE CASES	CIGARS	TOBACCO POUCHES

-2329

CHINA COASTERS' TIDE BOOK
and Nautical Pocket Manual 1938

Indispensable to all mariners and navigators as well as shipping companies who have ships in China waters. It contains tide signals, harbour regulations, codes, etc., among the mass of vital information covered.

Price $5; postage in China 15 cents.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI.

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	1,050,000
RESERVE FUND	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya, Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed in Local Currency Current Account @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

THE CHINA
Architects & Builders Compendium

Cloth bound, quarto, 199 pages, illustrated, $5

The Land Regulations
Compulsory Land Surrender
Water and Telephone Service
Electricity and Gas Supply
Estimating Building Costs
Data on Lifts, Deep Wells, Sewage Disposal, etc.
Land Values and Registration
Rates, Taxes, Fees, etc.
Shanghai Building Rules
Fire Insurance Rules and Rates
Foreign and Local Weights and Measures
Data on Local Materials

On Sale at the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, SHANGHAI
And All Booksellers

CHINA'S WILD WEST
Five Thousand Miles in a Motor Car

Everyone who has travelled on China's roads will want a copy of this book. It is an absorbing account of a roundabout tour from Shanghai via Hangchow, Nanchang, Changsha, Yunnan, Chungking, Chengtu and Sianfu, to Peiping, made in a Ford car. It contains a good map and a number of illustrations taken by the author, Mr. W. Lewisohn, the Peiping correspondent of "North-China Daily News."

Price $2 net

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE
And all Booksellers

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

MOSCOW TRIAL

Value of Plain Speaking

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is of course very unbecoming for the two Russian Patriots to start a controversy on the hospitable pages of an English paper—should one say a few plain words about the actual conditions in Russia or should one keep quiet? If ALSO A RUSSIAN PATRIOT thoroughly sympathizes with what I said in my previous letter, why does he think that I "pull down my country" and "soil it by my writing"? That is puzzling me, but I shall leave it at that.

Why hush up the facts which are clear as day to all sober-thinking people? The painful history of Mr. Antony Eden's resignation received the widest publicity—and what plain speaking it was. Is the British Empire any worse for that? The British patriots might have felt sore but when they got over it—they knew where they were.

Analysing the bankruptcy of the Bolshevik regime and stressing the responsibility of M. Stalin and his clique is the rightful and helpful thing for Russia's cause now, when the mass confessions of the Moscow mock trial aim to divert world opinion from the real culprits of Russia's degradation and misplace the responsibility for the high treason of our unfortunate country. Ostrich-like silence will not help matters at all and cannot change the course of events, whatever is to come.

RUSSIAN PATRIOT.

Shanghai, March 7.

The Soviet View

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It may be correctly assumed that RUSSIAN PATRIOT, as he calls himself, writes, monotonously during every phase of political unrest or purge now in Russia that M. Stalin "and his clique" stand a chance of surviving "just another month."

RUSSIAN PATRIOT sheds a lot of tears bemoaning the fate of the congregation now sent on trial for being alleged spies, wreckers, terrorists, and bringing apparent unrest and dissension into the unity of the party of the government composed of peasantry and labourers. The writer does not deny the fact that the accused are charged with responsibility for the "ever-increasing signs of the complete bankruptcy of the Soviet régime"—which is a very bold statement, derived entirely from the writer's own theories. He further asserts that "it is nothing surprising that certain neighbouring countries take interest in that and in some way to encourage separatism movement." Looks indeed like RUSSIAN PATRIOT unveils his mantle and shows his true self when he includes such provocative sentences. The writer further gives a detailed report of the "cruelty of the Soviet régime" along with the "almost bankrupt state of things existing in the U.S.S.R. to-day," and concludes hastily that "M. Stalin hates to hold himself responsible for all this." Does he really?

In the interest of the truth, however, it should be said that constructive criticism has always been a form of maintaining a solid foundation of a government still more solid and concrete. The constructive criticism in Sovietland has taken, due to the circumstances, a form of very ruthless purge, much to the ignominy of the patriots abroad, as the former has always been an effective medicine against those who have betrayed the realm. The congregation of "notables" goes for a trial for the main reason that they have betrayed the trust of the working masses in their own country. The traitors—who have all confessed their apparent guilt under the pressure of incriminating and obvious charges and who shall be justly dealt with by the Soviet court—are indeed to be pitied and wept over by the columnists abroad who are monotonously prophesying "another month" for the "Kremlin tyrants." In vain they do so, in vain they keep on prognosticating, for never has been the Republic of the Soviets more solid, strong and staunch than in this very hour. And the popular voice and opinion of the masses has never been supporting the prosecution, the party, the trusted men of the Soviet Union, as they are to-day.

J. BERK.

Shanghai, Mar. 7.

"THE GREEN PASTURES"

Drama Still Proceeding

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I went to see the film "The Green Pastures" the other night and was delighted with the skill of its production, the fine acting and singing, the reverence, humour and charm with which the theme is handled. I was warned by an American friend that as one unfamiliar with the traditions of the Southern negro I might be shocked. The only things that shocked me were the things that shocked De Lawd himself, the ugliness, triviality, sensuality, oppression and murder to which man fell. Everything else was put in its right setting by the opening paragraph on the screen, reminding us how naturally childlike minds picture things of the spirit in terms of the everyday life with which they are familiar.

If I might make a further comment it could be that this picture is a most suggestive illustration of the development of men's thought of God from the Old Testament to the New, from the Jewish religion to the Christian faith. The latter is built on the foundations of the former, but they are not just the same. In accordance wih the earlier conception De Lawd is rightly pictured as personal. the one God, maker of heaven and earth, kindly, good and just. But he is also pictured in his disappointment and wrath as punishing man with drowning and thunderbolts, as leaving him alone for centuries, unaware of what was happening on earth below. At length he is induced to change his mind and is taught by man the meaning of mercy and suffering. There is some authority for most of this in the pages of the Old Testament as read by simple minds. Looking back on the story now we can see that the Lord was really teacher not taught. He educated this people through the experiences of life. In all their afflictions He was afflicted with a love that would not let them go. He spoke to them repeatedly through prophets, never leaving them alone, until finally they were ready for the supreme word which would reveal as never before how much He cared.

As I came away from the Cathay Theatre, happy in what I had seen, I wanted someone to give us the sequel, to take up the story where it was left. The sequel might show us who he was whom De Lawd saw below bearing his cross, and how men followed him through the centuries to the uttermost parts of the earth. It might even show us how in this land to-day he and his men are bringing suffering men and their little ones into refugee camps and hospitals, and giving hundreds of thousands the power to cast off sloth and greed and fear, to inspire their fellows to nobler ways of life, even to love their enemies.

In other words, this film has given us the first act. The hero was not, and has not yet been, quite understood. But the drama is proceeding, and it is exciting to find that not only are we on the stage, but so also is He.

RONALD REES.

Shanghai, Mar. 7.

WIFE-BEATING

A Russian Surprised

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your correspondence column of Mar. 4 there was printed a letter of an Englishman under pseudonym ACCURACY.

Leaving on the author's conscience the description of the case of a Japanese craft falling into the Whangpoo river, I confess that being a Russian, I was extremely surprised to learn of a Russian custom of beating wives twice a month regularly.

In spite of a large Russian community in Shanghai, ACCURACY evidently has never been in any Russian family home, where he could make acquaintance with the customs which he pretends to know.

Not knowing the reasons of ACCURACY's strange attack against Russians and women generally I believe that ACCURACY had had as wife a Russian woman, who left him for the reason of his ignorance and barbarian understanding of home life.

Especially to complete the knowledge of ACCURACY I beg to inform him that Russians eat neither raw meat and candles nor use polar bears instead of horses.

Besides, I have heard that beating of pupils in some European colleges still is considered as a normal punishment, but it was strictly prohibited many years ago in Russian schools as a barbarian and useless method of education.

RUSSIAN.

Shanghai, March 7.

YANGTSZEPOO 'PHONES

Subscribers' Liability

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have been informed by the Shanghai Telephone Company that I am liable for the telephone that was taken from my house in Yangtszepoo during the period of the Sino-Japanese hostilities. I wonder if they knew that there was an air battle over our district on August 13 that made the populaces of both Hongkew and east of it run for their very lives. According to the Shanghai Telephone Company, though, our very first thoughts should have been given to the safety of their precious machines, which they had so kindly installed in our house, and which we so kindly paid for. I suppose everybody, with the exception of myself, who passed over the Garden Bridge that hectic day had a telephone grasped firmly in his right hand.

FLUSHED.

Shanghai, Mar. 7.

BRITISH STANDARDS

Latest Specifications

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The following new and revised specifications have recently been published by the British Standards Institution and I shall be obliged if you will give prominence to them in your Journal and so assist the Institution in making them known to Industry.

Copies of the numerous specifications published by the Institution covering all classes of products, as listed in the Handbook of Information, can be obtained from the Hon. Secretary of the China Committee.

The following new specifications have just come to hand:

CHEMICAL DIVISION

756-1937 Apparatus for the determination of Small Quantities of Water by Distillation with an Immiscible Liquid.
757-1937 Methods for testing Gelatines.
763-1937 Report on the Sampling of Coal with special reference to the Size-Weight-Ratio Theory, with notes on Sampling and Analysis for Ash Content.

ENGINEERING DIVISION

758-1-37 Domestic Hot Water Supply Boilers Burning Solid Fuel Part 1—Specification.
758-2-37 Domestic Hot Water Supply Boilers Burning Solid Fuel Part 2—Method of Testing.
759-1937 Valves, Gauges and Similar Fittings for Land Boiler Installations.
761-1937 Cylindrical Vertical Multitubular Boilers.
764-1937 Automatic Change-Over Switches and Contactors for Emergency Lighting Systems.
800-1937 Limits of Radio Interference.

A list of Specifications In Preparation is given in the Handbook of Information under the Section "New Specifications in Preparation."

The Bi-Annual Handbook of Information is issued in January and July each year and contains Subject Index, Methods of Test, specifications in preparation, etc.

The Institution's publications may be inspected without obligation during office hours at the offices of the Shanghai Waterworks Co. Ltd. (4th Floor) 484 Kiangse Road.

S. E. FLORY,
Hon. Secretary.

Shanghai, Mar. 7.

SNOW fell the whole day on March 6 in Shensi, says a message to the "Sin Wen Pao." The snowfall, preceded by rains on March 5, broke the draught in this province and augured a bumper harvest of summer crops.

DIDN'T WE HAVE A REAL HEAT-WAVE A FEW DAYS AGO -
- THEN A RAIN - AND THUNDERSTORM
- AND YESTERDAY IT HAILED AND SNOWED -
- IT'S A BIT EARLY FOR A TYPHOON
- BUT GOODNESS KNOWS WHAT WE SHALL HAVE TO-DAY!

BY SAPAJOU

OUR WEATHER

£15,000 JUDGMENT FOR LADY NAAS

Finding Against Bank Over Settlement

Judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice Morton in favour of Lady Naas in a Chancery Division dispute concerning a settlement, states the "News of the World."

The case was set down as "Westminster Bank Limited v. Noel Jessie Haliburton Wilson (spinster) and Edward Charles Strauss-Haliburton (an infant)."

The first defendant is in fact Lady Naas. As Miss Noel Jessie Haliburton Wilson, she married Lord Naas, son and heir of the Earl of Mayo, in London, in July last year.

The bank claimed £121 19s. 1d., said to be due by her as an overdraft.

Mr. Justice Morton stated the real contest related to a counter-claim.

He added: "In February, 1923, a deed was made between a gentleman, to whom I shall refer as the settlor, and Miss Wilson to pay her during her life, with certain stipulations, a clear sum of £10 a week, payable in advance."

After various payments had been made the settlor made a settlement. He gave to the bank scrip for £15,000 India 4½ per cent. stock, with later instructions to pay out of the accumulations of income a quarterly sum of £130 to Miss Wilson.

Difficulties Over Custody

The judge continued: "Later, for reasons into which I need not enter, difficulties arose with regard to the custody of the infant—the second defendant—and he was made a ward of court."

Messrs. Lewis and Lewis, solicitors, afterwards wrote telling the bank they had received the instructions of Mr. E. A. Strauss to request that the bank should sell the £15,000 4½ per cent. India stock held on his behalf.

In June last, after much correspondence, said the judge, Messrs. Lewis and Lewis were sent a cheque for £14,322 7s. 8d., with a statement showing how the amount was arrived at.

Thereafter, the settlor made payments at the rate £10 a week to Miss Wilson's account in the bank until about January, 1935, when he executed a deed of arrangement for the benefit of his creditors.

Mr. Justice Morton stated in his view Miss Wilson was entitled on her counterclaim to declarations that the bank were trustees for the £15,000 and the proceeds of the sale thereof, and that in paying them over to Mr. Strauss they acted wrongfully and in breach of trust.

She was also entitled to an order upon the bank to replace the India stock or its present value.

With regard to Miss Wilson's claim for damages for breach of trust, the judge urged the parties to try to agree on a sum to be paid to Miss Wilson, against which they should set off the amount of her overdraft at the bank.

In his view, the bank should pay the defendant's costs, but as to that he was willing to hear arguments.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"
OF MARCH 8, 1878

From Foochow:—H.M.'s gunboat Moohen left Pagoda Anchorage for Tamsui on February 26. Mr. Skatchkoff, Russian Consul-General for China and Japan, arrived in the ss. Kwangtung on February 25. The Tartar General is expected from the North daily, and will, the "Herald" understands, resume the charge of the Customs Superintendency. The local Mandarins have been praying for fine weather and a proclamation forbidding the consumption of fish, flesh, or fowl has been extensively posted in the city and suburbs. Should the supplications of these worthy men be rewarded by even a brief period of sunshine, there will, the "Herald" says, surely be some reason to rejoice. At present it is tempted to repeat, in the words of England's greatest bard, "The wills above be done: but I would fain die a dry death." The Customs cruiser Ling Feng has completed a survey of the rock on which The B. Aymar lately struck. The little river passenger steamship Taiwan is in dock at Pagoda Anchorage, having a new boiler fitted in. This boiler was manufactured in England and arrived a short time ago. The Taiwan, will, the "Herald" is informed, continue as heretofore, to run daily between Foochow and Quantow, calling at Pagoda Anchorage.

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA

Tribute, to the extent of almost a full house was paid to the Soloist, Miss Ada Lvoff, at the Municipal Symphony concert on Sunday afternoon. The programme opened with the light-weight, yet charming Serenade from Charpentier's "Impressions d'Italie" which was played with the tenderness it demands. In particular, the attack of the celli in unison was most satisfying. Distance lent enchantment to the well-known voice of Mr. Podushka's viola, which was "off-stage."

Respighi followed in the form of "The Fountains of Rome." This composition, along with the "Pines" and "Festivals," forms a trilogy of symphonic poems motivated by Roman atmosphere. As an essay in musical liquidity, based on a definite programme, the "Fountains" has few equals. The assessment, however, of Respighi's stature in musical realms compels one to pronounce showman before thinker. As an orchestrator, nevertheless, he displays a remarkable creative gift, which will exist as his final and most important contribution to music. His orchestral demands were well met by the Municipal Orchestra, which gave a well-balanced account of itself, though the composer's triangle and cymbal fixation might have been toned down considerably in the more tenuous sections.

In the form of the Concerto, Chopin wanders somewhat out of his depth, for although the solo piano part is of great interest and beauty, the orchestration is perfunctory and weak. It would seem that the conscious endeavour of having to compress an intensely personal and poetical language into a set classical form has resulted in partial failure. In the case of the Chopin Concertos, the *genre* lives by reason of the completeness and importance of the piano part. There are a few re-orchestrated versions which have not proved successful rightfully. Miss Ada Lvoff, the soloist, has many good points as a pianist. Her playing shows adequate mastery of the technical problems involved, and is at all times clear and understandable, which is a grand quality in these days of sonorous pedal effects, calculated to satisfy the demands of electrically-conditioned ears.

One would at times, however, be inclined to ask for a greater warmth in her tonal colours and contrasts, in addition to a higher pressure in the forcible moments. These shortcomings, though, might well result from the piano, upon which the most comprehensive epithet of "municipal" should be hurled. Miss Lvoff was recalled several times by an enthusiastic audience.

The concluding number was Kalinnikov's First Symphony. This had a vogue for a period at the turn of the century, but is now rather outmoded. As music, it is a simple and yet vigorous work employing a number of facile themes which subscribe to a certain idiomatic convention, thus being instantly recognized as essentially Russian in character. This process may also be applied, in like manner, to the music of Spain.

In the performance of the Symphony, the tempo dragged at first, despite the Maestro's unflagging energies. Momentum gained at the end of the first movement was temporarily disseminated in the rather tearful second, but after that the Orchestra girded its loins and soared triumphantly (and thunderously) through the incomparable swing of the scherzo into the fervid and cyclic finale, to conclude with a remarkably instantaneous thunderclap of applause from a very appreciative house.—H.

S.V.C. Routine Orders

Corps Routine Orders by Colonel J. W. Hornby, M.C. Commanding Shanghai Volunteer Corps.

Officers:—The following extracts from the Municipal Gazette dated Mar. 4, are published for information:—

Appointments:—American Machine Gun Company.—1st Sgt. Charles Melchers to be 2nd Lt., Feb. 17, Cpl. John Sherwin Brenneman to be 2nd Lt., Feb. 16.

Resignation:—Lieutenant H. H. Winburg, "B" Battalion H.Q., resigns his commission, Feb. 18.

Strength:—Increase.—The undermentioned are taken on the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—

Corps Cavalry:—American Troop.—Tpr. W. N. Russell Dec. 15, 1937.

Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sigm. W. R. Parrott Mar. 4.

Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps and their units on dates shown:—

Corps Cavalry:—Light Horse.—L/Cpl. J. A. B. Lee, Feb. 18.

Corps Troops:—Armoured Car Company.—Pte. H. G. Howard, Mar. 4.

Interpreter Company.—Pte. V. T. Ying, Mar. 1.

"A" Battalion:—Jewish Company.—Pte. M. Paster, Mar. 2.

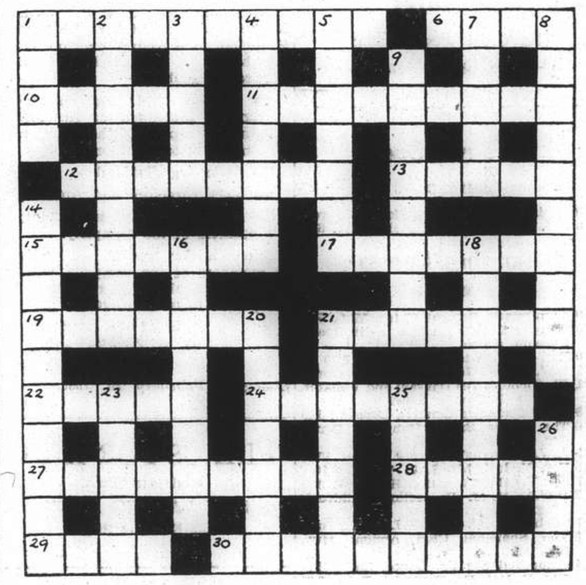
"B" Battalion:—American M. G. Company.—Pte. G. B. Holmes, Mar. 1.

COKE

A better substitute for
COAL, ANTHRACITE BRIQUETTES
Suitable for STOVES and all HEATING INSTALLATIONS
apply
SHANGHAI COKE CO.
Sole Distributors
for
SHANGHAI GAS COMPANY
715 Yu Ya Ching Road
Telephones: 92598, 91294

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1457

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



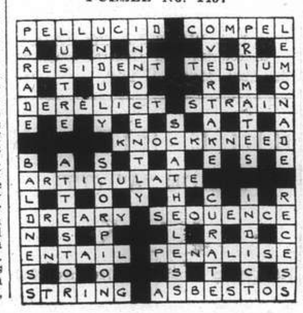
ACROSS

1 An author never reads the criticism of work of his that is this
6 Flower that flies
10 Cleansing growth
11 He is no wrestler but should know a lot about holds
12 Strong place for a lock
13 Bad journalistic advice to golfers
15 This intellectual might pour his heart out on paper as an author
17 First in the search party, often
19 Braker often are, like a row in colour
21 This lady could scarcely be commoner
22 It's a bit steep
24 Penetrate thoroughly
27 Offensive mixture of sunlit gin
28 Scraps herein, please
29 No end of 24 across may be musical
30 In pomp in colour it is restored to power

DOWN

1 Events in the this can scarcely be foretold
2 We are mostly suited by this work
3 For a sailor to be in a blow is just a usual custom
4 A couple of hands suffice for this rubber
5 A thing that can be made to let us in
7 Game direction is free
8 Asses' reign gives a slippery quality
9 What invites this is the question
14 The kind of this that makes man fall is a matter of gravity
16 That they are commonly related is no idle gossip
18 This would undoubtedly put one out
20 To effect 18 down may be to this of possession
21 One of the family with not much on serves as model
23 The smaller picture, of course
25 Former deed is not inaccurate
26 Might be appropriate stuff in 28 across or at foot of 22 across

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1457


PELLUCID COMPEL
A U N V R E
RESIDENT TEDIUM
A T U O R M O
DERELICT STRAIN
E E Y E S A T A
KNOCKKNEED
B A S T A E S E
ARTICULATE
L T O Y H C I R
DREARY SEQUENCE
N S P L R D C
ENTAIL PENALISE
S O O S T C S
STRING ASBESTOS

WOMAN WHO HAD EARS PIERCED

Judgment was given, with costs, by Mr. Justice Goddard, in the King's Bench Division, on Jan. 28, for William Whiteley Ltd., in an action brought against the company by Mrs. Sadie Philips, of Kensington, W. She alleged that she had sustained injury through an ear-piercing operation at the stores, states the "Daily Telegraph and Morning Post."

Mrs. Philips went to Whiteley's jewellery department, said the judge, and made an appointment to have her ears pierced, so that she could wear earrings. Whiteley's arranged with another firm of jewellers to send a man, who pierced Mrs. Philip's ears, using an instrument he brought with him.

Mrs. Philips was about to enter a nursing home to have her gall bladder removed, and wanted to have her ears pierced before this because she thought the "sleeper rings"—plain gold rings intended to keep the ears from closing up after piercing—were unsightly and she would get over wearing them while in the home.

Some days after the major operation there was some inflammation in the left ear, and about 13 days after the ears had been pierced there was pain in the neck.

After Mrs. Philips left the home, an abscess developed in her neck, which had to be opened. The operation left a small scar.

Mr. Justice Goddard said that in her action Mrs. Philips had to prove that the ear-piercing operation was negligently performed, that reasonable precautions were neglected, and that the abscess was due to the negligence.

"However much I sympathise with her," he observed, "I cannot find that she has proved either of these matters."

The judge added that he was unable to find that the abscess was due to anything that took place through any action of the operator at Whiteley's, who said that in the past 10 years he had performed the operation on about 150 people annually.

FOR AMATEUR MECHANICS

When you start tinkering with your car or some other piece of machinery, look out for trouble! It only needs a slip of the spanner, screw-driver, or whatever tool you happen to be using, and you find yourself with a nasty cut, graze, burn, bruise or similar injury.

Be ready for such an emergency by keeping She-ko handy. She-ko provides antiseptic treatment, soothes the pain and rapidly heals the injury.

For skin complaints, too, She-ko is equally beneficial. Try it, if you are troubled with eczema, ringworm, dry or running sores, pimples, boils, ulcers, and for the relief of piles. Medicine dealers everywhere sell this ideal skin ointment.

SHE-KO
Antiseptic Soothing Curative.

Eagle Star
Insurance Co., Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE: LONDON
General Agents for China:
SHANGHAI INSURANCE OFFICE
103 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 18047 (3 lines)

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co. LTD.
Established in Shanghai 1874 — Incorporated in Hongkong
FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS
STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION — Branch Office: TOPLIS & HARDING
88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View
To-day Tuesday, March 8, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Camphor wood trunks, steel trunks, canvas trunks, wooden trunks with tin linings, table chairs, hall stands, iron bedsteads, wardrobes, medicine chests, tennis rackets, golf clubs, pictures, chest of drawers, cupboards, desks, heating stoves, commodes, large glass door show cases, book cases, flower pots, vases, lamps, crockery, feather quilt, feather and kapoc cushions, pillows, velvet curtains, heavy tapestry curtains, table covers, table linens, rugs, wall mirrors, ornaments, gents' and ladies clothing and sundries etc.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
To-morrow, Wednesday, March 9, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Tientsin and Axminster carpets, rugs, upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, table and ceiling fans, gramophones, records, Telefunken 4-tube radio set, **Electromophon electric gramophone, Remington Junior typewriter, Vickers hand sewing machine, bronze statues, large oil paintings,** mirrors, lamps, field-glasses, crockery, teapoys, low tables, screens, drawing tables, desks, **modern style dining room and bedroom suites,** sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, iron and wooden bedsteads, dressers, cupboards, showcases, willow furniture, etc., also

1 Standard marble lamp, 1 "RCA" 5-tube combination radio-gramophone 110 volt.
1 Fine tone upright piano by South London Piano Co.

IN CARGO SALESROOM
On Wednesday, March 9, 1938, at 2.30 p.m.
General Merchandise and Sundries
Comprising:—

1 Bacteriological Incubator for cultivation of micro-organisms Size D. 20½ x 16 x 16 electric, 1 Kjeldahl Apparatus for nitrogen estimation electrically heated, consisting of copper heating stand and copper condenser, with glass parts and fittings, size C. Estimation 6, 1 Filter Press, acid resisting, bronze, 6 chambers, 1 Inter-office communication telephone set "BUROVOX" complete, Drilling machine, "Oliver" typewriters, Tunics-Chinese summer Woodfree Poster Paper, Glazed Thin Bleached Writing Paper (damaged) V. B. Talc Powder, Hydrogen Peroxide, Enamelled iron bath tubs, sinks, Patform scale, U.S. Beer, etc.

NOW ON VIEW

Due to existing conditions we have to request all purchasers to pay cash in full on the fall of the hammer.

Noël, Murray & Co.
Auctioneers, Appraisers and Adjusters

Will sell by Public Auction under instructions from
THE FRENCH CONSULAR COURT
To-day Tuesday, March 8, 1938, at 10 a.m.
At "Chez Albrand" Cafe, 870 Bubbling Well Road
The Complete Equipment of the Cafe Including all Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings and Goodwill at a Minimum Price of $2,000.—
NOW ON VIEW

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 Canton Road)
To-day Tuesday, March 8, 1938, commencing at 9.30 a.m.
Superior
Blackwood and Household Furniture, Simmon's Beds, Office Safe and Sundries
NOW ON VIEW

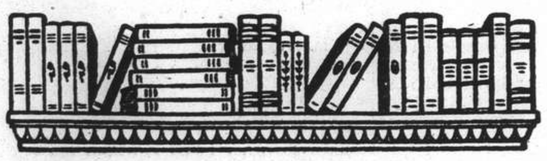
IN OUR SALESROOM (160 Canton Road)
On Wednesday, March 9, 1938, commencing at 2 p.m.
DIAMONDS AND JEWELLERY
Rings, Bracelets, Brooches, Watches, Pearl Necklaces, Diamonds, etc., also Artificial Silk Yarn, Chopsticks, Artificial Silk Piece Goods, Silk Kimono Cloth, etc.
NOW ON VIEW

HUGH MARTIN, *GENERAL MANAGER.*

AMERICAN AUCTIONEERING CO.
Auctioneers, Valuers and General Brokers.
Having been favoured with instructions from the Concerned
Will sell by Public Auction at The Premises
625 Szechuen Road Tel. 12892
Will sell by Public Auction at Salesroom
On Tuesday, March 8, 1938, commencing at 10 a.m.
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, PEIPING CARPETS, RUGS, ICE CHESTS, RUBBER SHOES, and SUNDRIES
NOW ON VIEW

THE FAR EASTERN REVIEW
Yokohama Specie Bank Building, 24 The Bund
(FOUNDED IN 1904)
Get the Background of To-day's Situation in China in the Current Issue of *The Far Eastern Review.*
Development of the Open Door Policy in China
Twenty Years of Bolshevism
Britain on the Seas
Subscription Rate $10 per year; single copies $1
May be obtained from the following bookstores:
Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., 66 Nanking Road.
Chinese-American Publishing Co., 160 Nanking Road.
Cathay Hotel Book Stall, Cathay Hotel.
F. Ziang Kee Book Co., Ltd., 635 Szechuen Road.
Metropole Hotel, News Stand.
Palace Hotel Book Stall, Palace Hotel.

THE BOOK PAGE



CHINESE AGRICULTURE

LAND UTILIZATION IN CHINA A Study of 16,786 Farms in 168 Localities and 38,256 Farm Families in twenty-two provinces in China, 1929-1933 By John Lossing Buck, Professor of Agricultural Economics, University of Nanking. In Three Volumes: I. Text: II. Atlas; III. Statistics International Research Series of the Institute of Pacific Relations. Distributors: in China, The Commercial Press, Shanghai; in the United States, the University of Chicago Press; in Europe, the Oxford University Press. Price: Vol. I $10 Vol. II. $10. Vol. III. $20. Complete set $30.

This is a monumental work on Chinese agriculture and rural economics, based upon an intensive survey of 16,786 farms in 168 localities and 38,256 farm families in 22 provinces, in 1929-1933. The three volumes present a wealth of data on a scale never attempted before, covering by the sampling method nearly the whole of the country, which should be of immense value in the shaping of our national agrarian policy as well as for the new contributions to the knowledge of the agricultural and the social sciences. Those who have had a foretaste of the fruits of Professor Buck's research in his book, "Chinese Farm Economy," published in 1930, will rejoice in the publication of the present larger work and will find it a veritable gold mine of economic and sociological material admirably and effectively presented and analysed.

Scope Of The Study

A glance at the contents of the first volume shows the wide scope of the study. Two chapters deal with the general characteristics of Chinese agriculture and agricultural regions; three chapters with the physical factors, such as topography, climate, soils, and the land; two chapters are on man's use of the land, that is, on crops, livestock and fertility maintenance, size of farm business and farm labour; two chapters on prices, taxation and marketing; one long chapter is devoted to the study of population and vital statistics; and two chapters to nutrition and the standard of living. The text is illustrated with statistical tables, diagrams and photographs, numbering into the hundreds. In the light of the survey, the author makes certain recommendations for improvement or reconstruction of conditions that require attention.

Farm Comparisons

An effective way of showing the peculiarities of Chinese agriculture is to compare Chinese data with those from similar studies abroad. The large proportion of human labour involved in crop production in China, due almost entirely to the absence of machinery, is brought out thus: "The man-equivalent (one farmer working a full year) required to grow one acre of wheat is 26 days compared with 14 days in the United States" Contrary to the ordinary assumption, the intensive cultivation of land in China does not necessarily mean corresponding increase in the yield of crops:

> On the basis of production per man-equivalent, China produces only 1,400 kilograms compared with 20,000 kilograms in the United States or one-fourteenth as much. Taxation is relatively high on farm land, U.S.$1.79 per acre in China, as compared with U.S.$0.46 in the United States. The large degree of fragmentation of farm land in China is indicated by a comparison of the average size of farms in different countries: China 3.76 acres; Japan 2.67; Germany 21.59; England 65.18; the United States 156.85. The marked difference in the Chinese and American diets is largely due to the relatively higher cost of animal products and the lower cost of vegetable products. Animal products occupy 39.2 per cent. of the American diet and only 2.3 per cent of the Chinese farmer's diet, while on the other hand seed products make up 38.2 per cent. and 91.8 per cent. respectively in the two diets.

Wheat And Rice

The survey divides China into two main agricultural regions, the wheat-growing and the rice-growing, corresponding roughly to the northern and the southern sections of the country with an imaginary line running east-west somewhere through the Hwai River valley in Anhwei. These two regions have their distinct characteristics. 18 per cent. of the land is irrigated in the wheat region as against 62 per cent. in the rice region. Farms in the wheat region are larger than in the rice region. Two farmers own land they till in the wheat region as compared with one farmer in the rice region. Double-cropping is more common in the rice region than in the wheat region. Famines occur more frequently in the wheat region than in the rice region, due to the former's low and variable rainfall. Production in the wheat region is four-fifth of that in the rice region. Wages and land values are higher in the rice region than in the wheat region. Population density is higher in the rice than in the wheat region and on the whole the standard of living is higher in the rice than in the wheat region also.

Migration Questions

From a comparative study of the productivity of land and population density in various sections of the country, Professor Buck comes to a conclusion contrary to the opinion commonly held. He says:

> It may be stated, then, that in China, the more dense the population, the greater the production per man-equivalent or per capita. A farmer is much better off living in the more densely populated areas, since he can produce more because of the more favourable conditions of agriculture.

He is therefore dubious of the advocacy of population migration into China's north-west, which has become popular these days, in view of the observed fact that the output of land already under cultivation there is low. He believes that much of the uncultivated land in China remains uncultivated because the soil is poor and the topography unfavourable for cultivation. He thinks that it would be unwise to disturb the present system of individual farm family units, which have resulted from centuries of experience and experimentation, and that improvements should be sought within the present rural framework through the introduction of certain far-reaching policies, such as conservancy, afforestation, control of plant diseases and pests, a system of agricultural credit, standardization of agricultural products, farmers' co-operatives, the development of highways and railroads to serve agricultural regions, agricultural experiment stations and agricultural educational institutions.

A Bird's-Eye View

Volume II presents the statistical data of the survey in an ingenious and graphic manner in hundreds of geographical maps, giving a bird's-eye view of the distribution of the various situations studied, such as climate conditions, the different crops, nutritional variations, land ownership, population density, livestock distribution, etc. In addition to the maps, a number of large aero-photographs show the actual layout of the farms in terraced valleys in various provinces, giving a touch of reality to the volume. Volume III contains the farms used in the survey and presents the statistical information in detailed tabulation, which will enable research workers to analyse the material in ways other than those presented in the first volume. The value of the tables and maps is enhanced by the use of both Chinese and English in the captions and descriptions.

Remembering that agriculture is China's basic industry, on which over 80 per cent. of China's vast population directly depend for livelihood, the importance of the present survey cannot be exaggerated. One ventures to believe that for many years to come Professor's Buck's "Land Utilization in China" will stand out as one of the finest examples of scientific research and will be referred to as an epochal publication in its field. The book is one of the International Research Series of the Institute of Pacific Relations and is published by the University of Nanking with the co-operation of the National Economic Council, the China Institute of Pacific Relations and the Central Bank of China. The printing is excellently done by the North-China Daily News and Herald Ltd.—Y.Y.T.

"THE PROPER STUDY"

RACISM.—By Magnus Hirschfeld. Translated and Edited by Eden and Cedar Paul. Gollancz, London.

This slender volume, beautifully printed and inexpensively obtainable, should indeed prove a best seller in our cosmopolitan Shanghai, if only the people who do not usually acquire books written by learned professors can be induced to understand that the imbibing of accurate and authentic knowledge about ourselves as human beings is by no means a tiresome task when surveyed with the brilliant verve and intense interest with which the late Professor Magnus Hirschfeld has adorned every page of this fascinating story of Racism.

For have we not all hair and eyes and skins? Are we not all, in our individual entities, units of either one or two or even several races, an amazing amalgam of our heredity? So is not the vital circumstance of our being—for which we have no personal responsibility whatever—the outstanding fact of each of our entities?

"A Beautiful Asset"

However, let us waste no time in philosophizing, but turn promptly to page 80 of the 320 fascinating pages of this slender clearly-printed "thriller," where is immediately found something that should attract the attention of even the dumbest girl typist or the most dunce-like hobbledehoy, "Hair and Eyes Show Numerous Gradations of Colour, as does the Skin." Is it exaggeration when one suggests that such a legend on page 80, for example, seems certainly of more than passing interest to the average young person? Lo, listen:

> Among races without any admixture of red or fair strains, blonds arouse a curiosity in which there is an undertone of dislike; and thirty or forty years ago, up country in Japan, a tall, red-haired Englishwoman was in danger of being mobbed.
>
> The Mediterraneans are predominantly dark, but from time immemorial they have been diluted with fair strains, with the result that throughout the western world blondness is sufficiently common to escape "freakishness" while sufficiently rare to be deemed a beautiful asset.
>
> It will be remembered that when, at the end of the sixth century, Pope Gregory the Great saw some tall blond Angles exposed for sale in the Roman slave-market, he exclaimed: "They would be angels, not Angles, if only they were Christians." In medieval art, angels were usually depicted as blonds.
>
> There is an element of sexual fetishism in the attraction exerted by fair hair and blue eyes; and in all ages women (especially courtesans) have known that what we now call an appeal to the subconscious (the "Sex Appeal" of the films) makes "gentlemen prefer blondes."
>
> Hence in all ages the pedlars of cosmetics have driven a good trade in means for producing artificial blondes, but have found the eyes of dark-eyed customers more difficult to "improve." "If gentlemen prefer blondes, they marry brunettes," said the cynic; and there is no warrant for the belief that either men or women with fair hair and blue eyes have a better, or a worse, character than brunettes. Those who fancy otherwise must be incapable of using the lens of an objective and dispassionate analysis. Lombroso's assertion that genius goes with a dark skin is worth no more credence than the contrary assertion of Woltmann and Hitler.

Earlier Days

The late Professor Magnus Hirschfeld was born in 1868 at Colberg on the Baltic coast, where his father was medical office of health. The families on both sides, paternal and maternal, had been settled in Pomerania for centuries, but whence they came thither is unknown. Hirschfeld grew to young manhood during a period when the German Jews enjoyed their blossoming season, most of their legal and many of their social disabilities having been removed.

As a medical student he studied in Berlin under the guidance of Virchow and Du Bois-Reymond, penning for his doctorial degree a thesis on Influenza and its Pathological Effects upon the Nervous System, in 1892, and in 1896, when he was not yet thirty, he published his first **opusculum** upon the topic which was to bring him world-wide fame and a good deal of undeserved obloquy. This was entitled "Sappho und Sokrates, Wie erklärt sich die Liebe der Männer und Frauen zu Personen des eigenen Geschlechts?" His great work, "Die Homosexualität des Mannes und des Weibes," which was published at Berlin in 1914, has never been translated into English, and also remains untranslated, too, a more ambitious and more comprehensive work in five volumes, "Sexology, based upon the Researches and Experiences of Thirty Years," published at Stuttgart 1926-30.

Retirement To France

He practised for many years as a sexological expert and in 1918 he bought Prince Hatzfeld's palace in Berlin and converted it into the Institute for Sexual Science. In October, 1922, at Munich, he was returning on foot to his hotel, after delivering a lecture on Steinson's experiments on rejuvenation, when he was attacked by anti-Semites and very effectively "beaten up." His skull having been fractured, he was left in the street for dead. He recovered, however, refreshed himself by reading his obituary notices, and resumed his work in Berlin, also taking part, in conjunction with other sexologists, in founding the World League for Sexual Reform. Another occupation of the evening of his life was to write a "Sexual History of the World War," which has been published in the U.S.A. but not in Great Britain.

When the Nazis rose to power in Berlin and since one of their rallying cries was "Down with the Jews," Hirschfeld left Germany and went to France on his sixty-fifth birthday, May 14, 1933, settling at Nice. A week before he sought asylum in France his Berlin Institute was wrecked. Three days after the raid more than 10,000 volumes from the Institute library were committed to the flames in the Opera Square, and Hirschfeld was burned in effigy. The Prussian authorities declared the refugee a public enemy and confiscated such of his property as had not already been destroyed. Hirschfeld lived at Nice, financially assisted by friends and pupils, until May 14, 1935, when he cheerfully but quietly celebrated his sixty-seventh birthday amid a small circle of friends. That very morning, when out for a walk, he had a stroke and died the same day without recovering consciousness.

The Nurseryman's Theology

There is so much of fascinating human interest written into every page of this enthralling volume that it becomes embarrassing to choose excerpts by which the reader of these lines may be induced to read Hirschfeld, but since we Shanghai folks know the name of Luther Burbank, let us turn to page 217 and read delightfully:

> From among the many authoritative utterances which might be quoted in refutation of racist extravagances, I select, before all, those of the famous Californian nurseryman, Luther Burbank (1849-1926), for whom Hugo de Vries, the Dutch mutationist, had immense admiration.
>
> In America he was called "the Wizard of Santa Rosa" because, by skilful hybridization, he had created a number of new, beautiful or useful, flowers and fruits: such as a cross between the tomato and the potato (the "pomato"); one between the plum and the apricot (the "plumcot"); spineless cacti which could be used as fodder; and dahlias scented like magnolias. In 1893 was published his first book, "New Creations Catalogue." Then, in 1907, came "The Training of the Human Plant," which was dedicated "to the sixteen million public school children of America and the untold millions under other skies." Edition after edition was printed, and the volume was translated into all civilized tongues. Less heed was paid to it in Germany.
>
> Then Burbank's name was on everyone's lips because, in the "Monkey Trial" at Dayton, Tenn. (July, 1925), he took up his parable against the creed of William Jennings Bryan, who believed in the verbal inspiration of the Bible.
>
> Said Burbank: "Ignorance is the only unpardonable sin. Neither the individual nor the nation can find salvation elsewhere than in science. There are too few who try to turn to account the inexhaustible energies of nature, and too many who exploit their fellow-men....True religion is not to be found in rites and ceremonies or in outworn and misleading theology, but in justice, love, truth, peace, and harmony, and in a cheerful and tranquil alliance with science and the laws of the universe. True religion makes us rejoice in others' happiness, and help to make others happy."
>
> When, not long afterwards, Henry Ford, in a newspaper article, proclaimed his faith in personal immortality, Burbank rejoined: "Let us read the Bible without the distorting and tinted spectacles of theology, just as we read other books, using our own judgment and our own reasoning faculties....I love mankind, which has been an unceasing delight to me for all the seventy-seven years of my life; I love flowers and animals as they display themselves to us in time and space, coming we know not whence and going no man can say whither. Let us take possession of the world for a time; let us make our journey through life as pleasurable as we can for our travelling companions, as agreeable and as fortunate; and let us face death steadfastly and confidently, even as we have faced life."

This book is to be earnestly commended, for its style is fluent and simple, uncluttered by technicalities. It ends on a note of hope: "True anthropology dispels hatred, not excepting racial hatred, which is its most dangerous form," quoting Pope's immortal line: "The proper study of mankind is man."—P.R.

A CHINA REVIEW

ORIENTAL AFFAIRS March 19 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai. $2.00.

"Oriental Affairs" for March opens with its usual useful survey of the events of the preceding month, while the editorials are "Germany and the Far East," "The Impotence of the League," "Naval Armaments," "General Matsui and His Army," "The International Peace Campaign," and "The Status of Weihaiwei." The special articles include "The Case for Japan," by "Kurt Gomez;" a review of Edgar Snow's "Red Star over China;" "Rural Anarchy and Economic Prospects in the North," by W. V. Pennell; "New Tariff in North China;" "Financing Sino-Japanese Hostilities;" an article on The Trade of China 1937; and a Monthly Review of Economic Conditions in China, by Y. S. Shen. Letters from the journal's Far Eastern Correspondents are comprehensive, and the book reviews include "A History of Chinese Philosophy," by Dr. Fung Yu-lan, and Percy Noel's "When Japan Fights." As a special supplement Dr. Margot Grzywacz's account of events in Tsingtao from December 18 to January 22 is interesting and well illustrated by photographs, while other photographs in the number include four striking "Bombing Views from the Air"—Nanchang, Whampoa, Chuhsien and Hankow.

BOOKS RECEIVED

Darkness Over Tibet. T. Illion (Rider, London. 6/-) **Numbers and Their Practical Application.** I. Kozminsky (Rider, London. 3/6).

How can we expect that another should keep our secret, when it is more than we can do ourselves?—DE LA ROCHEFOUCAULD.

THE LATE PROFESSOR PICKERING

His Contribution to Astronomy: The Discovery Of Pluto

The death of Professor William Henry Pickering, at Mandeville, Jamaica, in his eightieth year, robs the United States of one of her greatest astronomers. A native of Boston (Mass), he came of a distinguished New England family. His brother, Edward Charles Pickering, his senior by nearly twelve years, who died in 1919, was for many years Professor of Astronomy at Harvard and director of the world-famous Harvard College Observatory. William Henry Pickering graduated at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1879. Before this date he had followed in his elder brother's footsteps and had chosen astronomy as his life-work, and in 1887 he was appointed assistant to his brother at Harvard Observatory and three years later Assistant Professor of Astronomy, states the "Manchester Guardian."

E. C. Pickering's chief work was done in the field of what is called the "new astronomy," or astrophysics. The younger brother gave his attention chiefly to the older or observational side of the science, concentrating chiefly on the moon and the planets. The Harvard Observatory was at this time searching for a site for an observing station in the southern hemisphere, and in 1890 W. H. Pickering established one at Arequipa, on the slope of the Andes in Peru. Here his effective career as an astronomer may be said to have begun.

In 1892 the planet Mars was very favourably placed for observation, especially in southern latitudes, and Pickering, working at Arequipa, made two discoveries of the first importance. Fifteen years earlier Schiaparelli, the famous Italian astronomer, had detected the curious network of fine lines intersecting the reddish-ochre portions of the planet and known as canals. Pickering not only confirmed the existence of the canals but discovered at their junctions round dark spots to which he gave the name of "lakes," in harmony with the generally accepted opinion that dark spots on Mars represented water. His other discovery that canals existed in the darker areas, however, discredited the theory that these were seas and suggested to him that they were tracts of vegetation, a surmise which was finally confirmed by the long-continued observations of the late Dr. Percival Lowell.

Establishing Lowell Observatory

In 1894 Pickering co-operated with Lowell in establishing the famous Lowell Observatory at Flagstaff, Arizona, and collaborated with him in his Martian observations. The polar sea, surrounding the south polar cap of the planet, was carefully observed by Pickering, who proved by means of the polariscope that it was a genuine sea, though only a temporary one. For some years other preoccupations interrupted his Martian studies. He discovered in 1898 a ninth satellite of Saturn. This was no accidental discovery; it was the outcome of a search by means of photography. The new satellite, to which he gave the name of Phœbe, was found to revolve round Saturn in a retrograde direction at a distance of eight million miles.

In 1900 Pickering established the Harvard observing station at Mandeville, Jamaica. Here he carried out a photographic survey of the surface of the moon. This survey led him to question the generally accepted view that the moon's surface is literally changeless airless, and lifeless. He came to the conclusion that minute changes do take place. Certain grey spots claimed his attention, and their fluctuations in size and tint convinced him that they represented a rudimentary form of vegetation. If Pickering's views are correct, the moon is not a dead but a dying world, in the last stage of decrepitude. Most astronomers rejected his conclusions, but the fact remains that he was the only astronomer of his time who specialised in lunar observation and for this reason his views are of considerable weight.

Study of Mars

In his latter years Pickering returned to the study of Mars and his latest conclusion concerning that planet was that it is probably inhabited by beings who "need not be so very unlike ourselves as we have heretofore been led to surmise." Among other important investigations undertaken by Pickering must be mentioned his long-continued search for a planet beyond Neptune. For many years he and his friend Lowell worked independently in this field. It was at the Lowell Observatory that Pluto was discovered, thirteen years after Lowell's death, as the result of a search in one of the two regions of the sky in which Lowell believed the planet would be found. Pickering in 1919 located the hypothetical planet at a distance of only one degree from the place which it was found to occupy.

After he published his paper the Mount Wilson Observatory, impressed by the agreement between Pickering's computed position of the planet and Lowell's, decided to photograph the region of the sky in the constellation Gemini. Unfortunately, as Pickering afterwards explained, the Mount Wilson astronomers "did not notice that I said the planet had been south of the ecliptic and so overlooked it. Had I been informed that these plates had been taken I should have suggested that they look a little farther to the south."

Pickering's Estimate Correct

Pickering visited Mount Wilson in 1928, but was unaware that a search had been made. "It was a pity," he complained afterwards, "that I was not notified, for the planet might then have been found by the Mount Wilson astronomers ten years before it was detected at the Lowell Observatory, or else by myself two years earlier." As a matter of fact, Pickering's estimate of the planet's brightness as of the fifteenth magnitude turned out to be correct. Lowell, on the other hand, calculated it as between the twelfth and thirteenth. Pickering had therefore good reason to be regarded as co-discoverer of Pluto. Since 1930, of course, grave doubts have arisen as to whether Pluto is actually the planet for which Lowell and Pickering were searching; for they both assigned a much larger mass to their hypothetical planet.

Pickering was a member of many learned societies, including the Royal Astronomical Society. During his active years he was somewhat overshadowed by his more famous brother, E. C. Pickering, and perhaps he never quite received the recognition to which his genius entitled him. Nevertheless his many investigations and discoveries have secured for him an honourable place among famous astronomers.

GAS-GUN ATTACK BY GAME POACHER

Holder of World Cycling Records Charged

A gas-gun worked by a soda syphon bulb, a folding rifle with electric telescopic spotlight and silencer, and a tear gas mixture were produced in a case in Macclesfield recently in which it was alleged that a director of a silk firm was by night a game poacher, states the "News Chronicle."

Maurice Egerton Davenport (29), of Gawsworth Road, Macclesfield, was accused on eight charges, and after five hours' evidence by prosecution witnesses was committed for trial on £1,500 bail, to report daily to the police.

The charges against Davenport alleged that he was found at Eaton Fields, Marton, with a gun for the purpose of taking game; assaults on Harry Leigh and Matthew Speake, gamekeepers; wounding Speake with intent to resist apprehension; inflicting grievous bodily harm on Leigh; casting at Leigh a certain destructive fluid, benzyl bromide, with intent to do him grievous bodily harm; having in his possession a weapon adapted for the discharge of obnoxious gas and using a firearm to resist lawful apprehension.

Davenport is the holder of several world-cycling records.

Leigh and Speake, the two gamekeepers, said that during the night of December 22 they were on duty in the Eaton Fields when they saw a man.

They ran towards him and Leigh said he was closing on him when the man suddenly turned and flashed a powerful electric torch in the gamekeeper's face.

At the same time," said Leigh, I saw a flash like vapour or smoke which came into my eyes."

Leigh added that the chase continued and twice more vapour was shot in his face, which caused him to choke. He hit the man with a stick and then fell down in the field for a few seconds.

Then I heard Speake shouting for help.

I went over and found a man on top of him. They were both struggling and Speake shouted he's biting me.

Speake, who appeared in court with his left ear bandaged and in plaster said that part of his ear had been bitten away and a finger and thumb were bitten through.

Dr. W. H. Grace, the official expert to Cheshire County Council, was called to explain how the gas-gun was operated. He said that it was capable of releasing tear gas with considerable force.

Dealing with certain experiments he made, Dr. Grace said that at a distance of 20 yards from the gun and not in a direct line of fire he experienced considerable effects as a result. He was unable to drive his motor-car for a quarter of an hour because of the tears and the difficulty he had in closing his eyes.

Mr. Emlyn Jones (for the defence) Is this gun used by American G-men for dealing with stay-in strikers?

Witness: I don't know, but it would be very useful.

Professor H. Roberts, Liverpool City analyst, said that he had examined the overcoat alleged to have been worn by Davenport and had found that the pockets were impregnated with a powerfully pungent and lachrymatory chemical substance."

TO THOSE WHO SUFFER FROM GRAVEL

Buffon, who suffered from Gravel, wrote to his son in 1784, as follows:

"I drink nothing but Contrexeville Water."

To mention Gravel is to talk of Contrexeville!

No matter what the chemistry of the Gravel (uric acid, oxalic, phosphatic, or combined) and no matter the anatomical or clinical location of the affection (sandy sediment, gravel, calculus—be it renal, pelvic, uretic or vesical—with vesical pain (frequent in oxalivric cases), simple lumbar pains or definite nephritic colic.

The cure has the effect of provoking the mechanical expulsion of sand or gravel already formed in the urinary passages, and, furthermore, it reduces the sensibility of the passages and so the spasm which is secondary to it and, on this account, will bring about less frequent and less painful nephritic colic.

A pamphlet dealing with the properties of Contrexeville Waters will be sent, on application, by Messrs. Egal & Cie., 709 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73013 or 874 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 83923.—ADVT.

GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO

LE VERGINI DELLA ROCCE

TRIONFO DELLA MORTE

IL FUOCO

THE FRENCH BOOK SHOP

357 Szechuen Road Telephone 16651

THORNE SMITH'S

LAUGHTER LIST

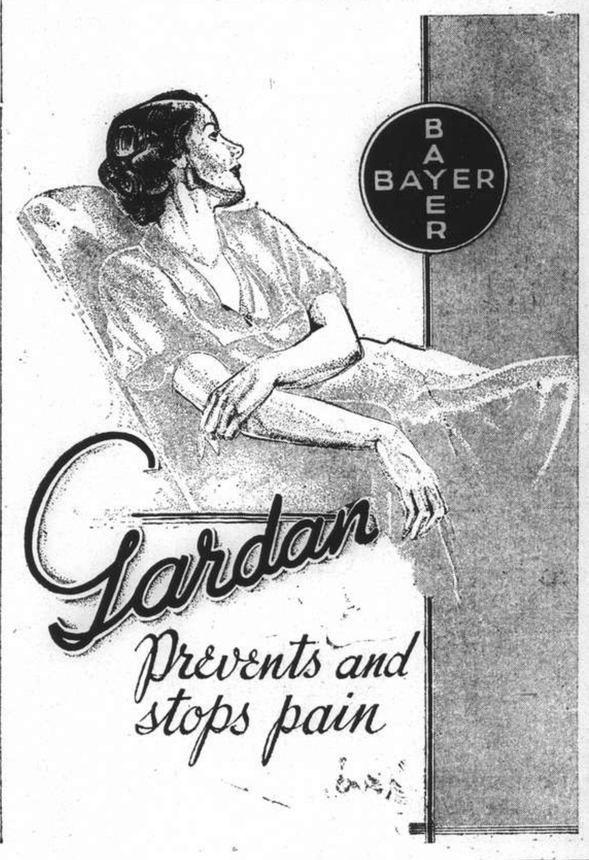
Did She Fall $4
Rain in the Doorway $4
Skin and Bones $3
Turnabout $3
The Stray Lamb $3
The Night Life of the Gods $3
Topper Takes A Trip $3

Decorative Art for 1938 $6.75

STAR BOOK COMPANY

337 Szechuen Road Tel. 18302

x2693



ONLY FOREIGN REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST IN CHINA

OPTOMETRISTS

250 NANKING ROAD

Largest, Most Modern, Best Equipped

KAMINSKY BROS. COAL CORP. ESTABLISHED 1935

BE ECONOMICAL

Order your coal from

KAMINSKY BROS. COAL CORP.

Tels. 75779, 76129.
75 Route Père Robert.

One of the biggest and most experienced Foreign Coal Dealers in Shanghai, where you will be able to get coal of the highest quality at greatly REDUCED prices. We supply coal to factories, apartments and hospitals, also to the HONGKEW and WAYSIDE DISTRICTS WITHOUT ANY EXTRA delivery charge. Large stock on hand for various requirements.

-2654

Read the MARCH issue of

THE CHINA JOURNAL

JUST OFF THE PRESS

This issue contains, beside the USUAL ITEMS:

5 SPECIAL ARTICLES

of particular interest to readers as they deal with

"Chinese in the Pacific.
"Land Utilization in China;"
"Schistosomiasis in the Shanghai Hills Region;"
"The Fukien Chien-Yao Kiln of the Sung Dynasty;" and "The Manchurian Tiger."

In "EVENTS AND COMMENTS," Mr. A. de C. Sowerby describes the Scenes of Ruin in the Hungjao Area of Shanghai, with NUMEROUS ILLUSTRATIONS.

PRICE $1.50

Annual Subscription $12.50

Postage Abroad $5.00 additional.

On sale at all leading bookshops and at the office of

THE CHINA JOURNAL

20 Museum Road Shanghai Telephone 13247

POPULAR the world over!

Seen everywhere—in the best circles—Kayser's* sheer Mir-O-Klee-* hose please all women, from ingénue to sophisticate, because they have ageless vitality. Their natural blending tones and perfect proportions always flatter! Both sheer and service weights. "Be wiser—Buy Kayser."

Don't fail to see Kayser's new underwear

KAYSER

*Trade Mark

T-81

VIA SIBERIAN ROUTE

TO EUROPE, U.S.A., Etc.

COMPLETE RESERVATIONS AND ALL NECESSARY TICKETS AT LOWEST RATES.

ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE AS TO PASSPORTS AND VISAS AT THE TRANS-SIBERIAN DEPARTMENT OF

Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.

119 Nanking Road — Telephone 15335 (Extension 3)

FOR THE NURSING MOTHER

Both before and after the birth of her children, a mother needs plenty of simple, easily digested nourishment to meet the extra demands made upon her system.

Doctors and nurses know that Horlicks is an ideal food for both expectant and nursing mothers. Not only is it extremely palatable and easy to take, but it promotes sound sleep and prevents morning sickness.

Horlicks, moreover, provides the extra nourishment nursing mothers need. It is invaluable where the digestive powers are weak, and tends to prevent constipation. Get Horlicks to-day.

In these difficult times of anxiety and worry, the task of carrying on and doing work which must be done is a doubly difficult one which must tend to exhaust one's nervous energy.

Horlicks builds up strength, vitality and prevents that listlessness and tiredness caused by constant nervous strain.

H. M. HODGES, P. O. Box 1371, Shanghai.

HORLICKS

6

INSURANCE

AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies

51 CANTON ROAD — Main Office for China

F. E. VINCENT — Manager for China

"Even the dogs do eat of the crumbs that fall from their master's table"

We ask for the Crumbs $5 a year

as Membership in the S.S.P.C.A.

Address the Secretary

184 Mohawk Road

Telephone 36536, Res. 70800

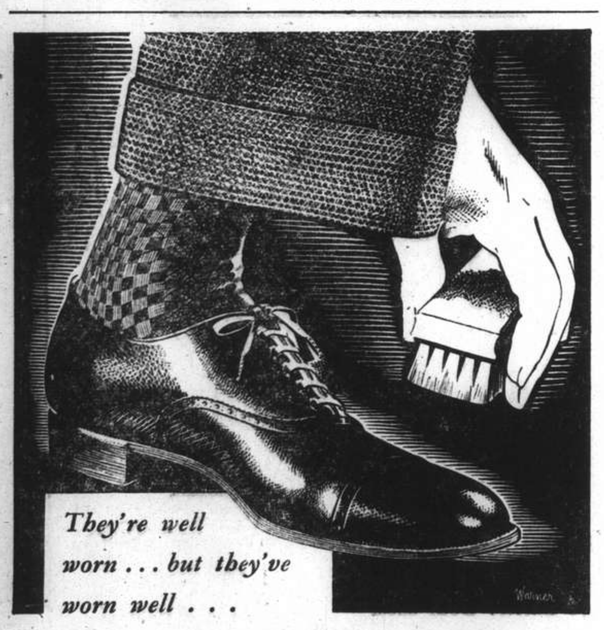
T. MACDONALD & CO.

FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS

Telephone 30466

All Kinds of Monuments in Stock
1076 SINZA ROAD

T. MACDONALD & CO.



thanks to **KIWI**

BLACK POLISH . . . TAN POLISHES

Polishes, Protects and Preserves . . . — . . . White Cleaner and Shoe Creams

KIWI BOOT POLISH BLACK

1938

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
has sailings from
SHANGHAI to CHINWANGTAO
DIRECT

All reservations for passenger accommodation should be made at the
KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

SHIPPING OFFICE
Third Floor, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building,
12 The Bund, Entrance Foochow Road, Tel. 11070

PALACE HOTEL
GRILL ROOM

at the centre of
Mid-Town Life

Doubtless there are many times when you wish to tiffin or dine with a friend or business associate. In the PALACE HOTEL GRILL you are offered comfort, excellent food and good service; the table arrangements ensure privacy, and the music does not bar conversation—essentials for pleasant business conference.

For Reservations:—Telephone 18030

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Your Eyes

Glasses to suit all pockets.
Let us quote you.

LAZARUS-OPTICIANS
126 Nanking Road
Telephone 16626

Phone 34220 — Day and Night Service

International Funeral Directors
207 Kiaochow Road

Artistic Memorials — R. O. Scott, A. W. Horton

COMPLETE INSURANCE SERVICE

FIRE	London & Lancashire Insce. Co., Ltd.
MARINE	Royal Exchange Assurance
	Guardian Assurance Co., Ltd.
ACCIDENT	British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.
& SICKNESS	Orient Insurance Co., Ltd.
	Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.
MOTOR CAR	Law Union & Rock Insce. Co., Ltd.
THIRD PARTY	British & Foreign Marine Insce. Co., Ltd.
	Standard Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.
AVIATION	British Aviation Insurance Co., Ltd.
LIFE	Confederation Life Association

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund — Telephone 82020

A hint to parents

Lack of nutriment in ordinary foods frequently leads to under-development in children.

'KEPLER' COD Liver Oil with MALT Extract steadily builds up their strength and increases their resistance to infection.

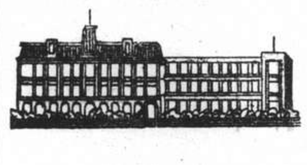
It is a delicious food containing vitamins in rich supply.

'KEPLER'
(Trade Mark)
COD MALT with Liver Oil Extract

Bottles of two sizes at all Dispensaries and Stores

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(PROPRIETORS: THE WELLCOME FOUNDATION LTD., LONDON, ENG.)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI

xx 7709 *Copyright*



IN HANKOW

STAY AT THE
WAGONS-LITS **TERMINUS HOTEL**

TEL. 21904 *Cables:* TERMINUS — R. SCHÆRRER, *Manager*

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 10 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$24
China, Korea and Japan	"	$32
Hongkong and Macao	"	$50
Postal Union Countries	"	$85

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies 40 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$18
China, Korea and Japan	"	$18
Hongkong and Macao	"	$21
Postal Union Countries	"	$28

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, Shanghai
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai

P.O. Box 707 — Telephone 11055

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Limited, 69 Fleet Street, London, E.C.4, have been appointed special English representatives for the transaction of all business relating to advertisements for the "North-China Daily News" and the "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file in their offices.

Announcements in this column $3 per insertion.

ENGAGEMENT

BOETTCHER—GROHMANN.—The engagement is announced of Mr. W. BOETTCHER, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Boettcher, Tsingtao, and Miss U. GROHMANN, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Grohmann, Hamburg -2701

DEATHS

JENSEN.—On Sunday, March 6, 1938, at Kobe, Japan, WILLIAM PATRICK JENSEN ("Daddy"), aged 64 years. (Calcutta and Southsea papers please copy.) 13103

SCHERBAKOFF.—On Sunday, March 6, 1938, at 150 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, AFANASI IVANOVITCH SCHERBAKOFF, aged 48 years. Civil Services under the auspices of the U.S.S.R. Consulate-General will be held to-morrow, Wednesday, March 9, at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road, at 5 p.m.

IN MEMORIAM

MAEVSKY.—In loving and affectionate remembrance of VASIA (WILLIAM BASIL) Maevsky, my dearly beloved son, who tragically passed away as a result of an accident two years ago, March 8, 1936, and his father Mr. V. W. MAEVSKY, my dear husband, who followed his only son on February 13, this year, sadly missed by their mother and wife. Requiem mass will be held to-day, Tuesday, March 8, 1938, at their last resting place in Hungjao Cemetery at 4 p.m. -2679

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Arthur C. SEIDEL and family wish to express to all friends their sincere thanks for the sympathy and floral tributes sent during their bereavement. -2696

CARDS

ALWIN E. SEIDEL
Empress of Russia—Hongkong
Conte Biancamano—Genoa
U.A.z.n. -2674

Frau FINI KAPPER
Shengking
U.A.z.n. 13106

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

MOSCOW DRAMA

The trial at Moscow of alleged Rightists and Trotskyites is drawing to an end, and in a few days time the fate of the prisoners will have been decided. It has been stated that the imposition of the death sentence is inevitable, though, if the precedents of other trials are remembered, it is possible that some of the accused will live out their lives in captivity instead of being shot. With all the wonderment with which the outside world seeks to understand what is going on in Moscow, there is an almost complete inability to understand the motivation behind these trials, and the mentality which finds such proceedings so highly satisfactory and convincing. A clue may be found in what happened in 1732, when, in December, Louis Capet, ci-devant king of France, stood his trial, and the "sea-green Incorruptible" clinched the whole matter of the trial and the position of the judges with the following:—

"This is no trial; Louis is not a prisoner at the Bar; you are not judges; you are—you cannot but be—statesmen, and the representatives of the nation. You have not to pass a sentence for or against a single man, but you have to take a resolution on a question of the public safety, and to decide a question of national foresight. It is with regret that I pronounce the fatal truth: Louis ought to perish rather than a hundred thousand citizens; Louis must die, that the country may live."

Thus Robespierre one hundred and forty six years ago. The speaker might now be Vishinsky and the name of any one of the twenty-one accused might be substituted for Louis Capet, and Robespierre when he said what he did sealed the fate of the unfortunate monarch. The latter had been forced to no confessions, but when these fatal words fell from the Incorruptible's lips, when it was made clear to the Court that they were not assembled as judges but as statesmen, and that expediency and not justice was to be the prevailing factor in whatever decision they came to, it must have been as apparent to Louis, as it is to these wretched men in Moscow, that there could be only one end to the proceedings—death in the case of Louis, and a like fate for most, if not all of the men who face the judges of the Military Collegium of the Supreme Court of the U.S.S.R.

Lion Feuchtwanger, the well-known writer, attended the trial of Radek and his companions in January of last year. He subsequently wrote and published his impressions, but his writings give no clue regarding the peculiarity of the proceedings in foreign eyes, and the remarkable unanimity with which the accused not only admitted their guilt, but strove further to blacken themselves and each other in the eyes of their judges and the world at large. Feuchtwanger can give no explanation, and, following the example of Ernst Bloch, quotes Socrates regarding certain obscurities in Heraclitus: "What I have understood is excellent. From which I conclude that the rest which I have not understood is also excellent." The Soviet reason for the wholesale admissions of guilt by the accused seems simple. They alleged in the case of Radek *et al.* that the reason why they confessed was because they were so irrevocably convicted by witnesses and documents during the preliminary enquiry that denial would have been senseless. That sounds plausible enough, but in the present instance Krestinsky sought to denounce the confessions which he was alleged to have made and to insist upon his innocence. He maintained that attitude during the whole of one session of the Court, but the next day when it reassembled made a complete *volte face*, acknowledging the truth of his confession and apologizing for ever having denied it. Reports published to-day show that the tragic Bukharin fought back and flatly refused to admit himself guilty of acts of sabotage and terrorism, denying most emphatically having had any share in the murder of Kirov. Vishinsky promptly put Yagoda into the witness box and he insisted that he, together with Bukharin, Rykov and the now executed Yenukidse, organized the murder. Bukharin persisted in his denials and the Court adjourned. What happened yesterday when the Court reassembled will be known during the course of to-day. Will Bukharin have persisted in his denials, or will he, also like Krestinsky, have withdrawn them and apologized for having so troubled the judges? If he does the world at large will be convinced that something amounting to very severe pressure was brought to bear upon him during the adjournment over the week-end: the G.P.U. will have had longer to deal with this refractory defendant than they had in the case of Krestinsky, but if they succeed in wresting further admissions of guilt from Bukharin they will have completely ruined whatever case they had for the alleged bona fides of these trials.

While an interesting parallel has been drawn between these present proceedings and the trial of Louis Capet, another may be drawn between them and the procedure of the Holy Inquisition. In the latter case prisoners were forced to admit their guilt of the crimes charged against them, and on reconciliation with the Holy Church were handed over to the secular arm for punishment. The confessions of the prisoners at Moscow may be looked upon as an act of reconciliation with their Party. They will receive the punishment inevitable as a result of their confessions. Nothing worse can befall them than that which they now contemplate. It is astonishing that realizing this dread fact, only two have sought to emphasize the dignity of their manhood by refusing to assist their persecutors in the tragic farce which is being staged in Moscow for the edification of the Russian masses and the scepticism of the outside world. The Soviet contention that the proofs of their guilt disclosed in the preliminary investigation makes insistence upon innocence a senseless proceeding is not sufficiently watertight. If then proof of their guilt were ample, why this trial? These are not the only men who have fallen into the hands of the G.P.U. and been proved guilty, but they are some of the very few who have had to play roles as chopping blocks for the sarcasm and invective of the Soviet Prosecutor. Others have been executed out of hand. It is consequently difficult to avoid the conclusion that there is an enormous domestic propaganda value in these proceedings, either for the purpose of showing to the proletariat the menaces to the government which roam in their midst, or, following the policy of the Roman emperors of *panem et circenses*, it is necessary to slaughter a few prominent men to make a Russian holiday. The suggestion has been made in the correspondence columns of this journal that after all it does not matter what happens to these men, for because of their past they thoroughly deserve their impending fate. This plea of poetic justice may satisfy some people, but those, who reverence the rule of law and the administration of proper justice, regard such a contention with dismay. If they can be brought to realize, however, that, as Robespierre emphasized, this is not a trial, that the judges are not judges, but statesmen, that expediency and not principle is to dominate its proceedings, then and only then will they understand what is happening in Moscow. It is not a trial, but the ceremonial preliminary to an already-decided-upon execution.

A NEW HORROR

The United Press message from Tokyo concerning the alleged new Japanese military device for luring Chinese soldiers to their deaths is another indication of how very terrible warfare is becoming nowadays. It is reported that the Japanee troops play songs on gramophones and, when the Chinese soldiers hear of them, they abandon all caution, and, rushing towards the sources of the music, are mown down by Japanese machine-guns. It has long been urged on the side of music that it has qualities calculated to soothe the savage breast and, of course, it is quite likely that hearing the strains of the "Peanut Vendor," and "Abdul Abul-Bul Amir," the Chinese soldiery forget their rancour against the Japanese invaders and seek to fraternize with them under the common inspiration of the musical art. On the other hand the sounds may be so outrageous that the Chinese may be inspired with a desire to inflict the most condign punishment on the torturers of St. Cecilia's sweet sounds. But whichever way it works, according to the Japanese reports, its devastating effects upon Chinese resistance seem to justify the suggestion that Hankow instead of spending vast sums on more deadly forms of armament, might save considerable expense and add effectively to the equipment of the Chinese forces if they also invested in a few batteries of gramophones. Fancy the effect upon Japanese morale of a continual barrage of "Won't you go home, Bill Bailey," or "My bonny lies over the Ocean," adequately done into appropriate Japanese! Think of the effect a continuous playing of the Austrian suicide song might have upon the Japanese, reducing them to gloom and eventual self-destruction! Imagine the saving in ammunition of such an offensive properly planned and carried out. On the face of the reports it seems that this is a matter in which the League of Nations could successfully invervene for the purpose of making warfare less dreadful, but if that cannot be done, then it is obviously the duty of the Chinese government, in the interests of the whole country to take such action as shall put an end once and for all to this novel form of destroying the enemy.

FOR INVESTORS

We publish to-day the first of a series of four articles (under the title of The Investor and the Markets) which we hope will be of interest and some value to our readers. The writer examines *inter alia* the circumstances that have led to the current depressed state of American industry and the world-wide fall in commodity prices, and indicates the directions in which relief may be found. Both the fluid state of international relations to-day and the intimate ties between politics and business rule out any confident attempt at forecasting the course of the markets: all that is aimed at is a diagnosis of the ills now thwarting the process of economic recovery in America and an understanding of their significance. The merchant or investor in Shanghai, absorbed in his own immediate problems arising from the Sino-Japanese hostilities, may easily lose his sense of perspective and give scant regard to events on the other side of the globe. The well-being of every great commercial centre in the long run, however, is bound up with that of the rest of the world and though peace may be proclaimed, here to-morrow, recovery on the broadest lines must wait upon a solution of the present difficulties in the United States.

IN PARENTHESIS

Progressive
DRIVING the latest model car and living on next year's salary.

* * *

Conversation
"I NEVER quarrel with my wife. Never. She simply goes her way and I go hers."

* * *

Unfortunately
"A MAN'S best friend is his hair," says an advertisement.
Unfortunately, the best of friends fall out.

* * *

Old Age Recipe
A NONAGENARIAN says he attributes his great age solely to the English climate. Well, it's enough to put years on any one.

* * *

Rather Thin
"I SAY, Bob, where did sailors get the name of 'tar'?"
"Don't know, unless it was in some pitched battle."

* * *

Regrets
AUNT Mary (to young nephew): "Well, Bobby, have you had all you want?"
Bobby (heaving a sigh): "I've had all I can eat, but I haven't had all I want."

* * *

March of Time
THE newlyweds had just got off their train.
"John, dear," said the bride, "let's try to make the people think we've been married a long time."
"All right, honey," was the answer, "you carry the suitcases."

* * *

Faux Pas
A TOURIST was boasting on his return of the wonders of the world he had witnessed during his trip. "And I presume you went up the Nile during your journeyings?" a listener inquired. "Oh, rather," the globetrotter replied. "And by jove, wasn't it just worth it. I mean to say, what a wonderful view from the summit."

* * *

Tit for Tat
THE costermonger smiled happily to think that his donkey was enjoying a free feed.
"You're a good little girl to be so kind to a dumb friend," he said, "but who gave you those carrots?"
The good little girl also smiled happily.
"I took them from the back of your barrow," she said, simply.

* * *

Stumped
ACQUAINTANCE: "Did you ever run up against a mathematical problem that stumped you."
Famous mathematician: "Yes, indeed: I could never figure out how, according to the advertisements, 85 per cent. of the dentists recommended one brand of tooth paste, 92 per cent. recommended another brand, and 95 per cent. recommended still another brand."

* * *

Bright Spark
"THAT new man Charlie we've got on the pumps is certainly a live wire," said the manager of the petrol station.
"Really?"
"Yes, a motorist drove up just now and shouted, 'Dionne Quintuplets!'"
"That was a puzzler, wasn't it?"
"Not to Charlie. He simply said, 'Yes, sir,' and gave him five galls.!"

* * *

The Sweetest Malady
MACGREGOR and MacPherson decided to become teetotallers, but MacGregor thought it would be best if they had one bottle of whisky to put in the cupboard in case of illness.
After three days MacPherson could bear it no longer and said: "MacGregor, ah'm no verra weel."
"Too late, MacPherson, ah was verra sick m'sell all day yesterday."

* * *

No Music Allowed
A PEW-OPENER was once much enraged by the appearance of a strange old gentleman who, when the sermon was about to begin, took an ear-trumpet (in two parts) out of his pocket, and began screwing them together. The pew-opener watched him till the process was nearly completed, and then, going stealthily up the aisle, he whispered: "Ye maunna play that here, my man; if ye dae, I'll put ye oot!"

* * *

The Fancier
PAT'S wife had given birth to triplets and Pat was so proud of it that he rushed round to his friend Sullivan, a dog fancier, and waking him up, insisted that he come to his house and have a look at the wonderful babies. Sullivan barely awake, on arrival was shown into the room where the babies lay on a bed, cocking an appraising eye on the three dimunitive forms, he turned to Pat and said, "I should keep the middle one."

* * *

Art of Punning
DR. John Watson (Ian Maclaren) was once at a dinner where the conversation turned on the art of punning, and DR. Watson ventured the opinion that he could do very well in that line.
Then as he sat silent for a few moments, Hall Caine, who among the guests, exclaimed, "Come along, Watson, we're all waiting."
The preacher replied immediately, "Don't be in such a hurricane."

THE WEATHER

The temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

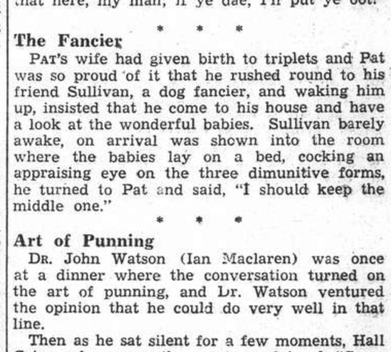
Yesterday	Min.	32.5	Max.	44.5
Same date, 1937	Min.	42.0	Max.	48.5

Rainfall .46

Siccawei Recordings:—

Yesterday	Min.	Nil.	Max.	Nil.
Same date, 1937	Min.	41.5	Max.	46.9

Siccawei's Report



State on the morning of the 6th:—Low and unsteady pressure over China, Korea and Japan. Depression crossing our regions east-north-east ward. Variable winds along the China Coast. Overcast and foggy weather with thundery showers in our regions.

State on the morning of the 7th:—Overcast and colder weather. Fresh north-north-westerly wind. High and rising pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Overcast to cloudy and cold weather around Shantung: overcast with sleet or snow but slowly improving over our regions: Overcast with rain over the Eastern Sea and Formosa with fresh winds from the Northern quadrant along the Coast and at Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Shanghai Hebrew Relief Society and Shelter House.—From China Fibre Container Co.,

Office Staff	$50.00
King Chong & Co.	$ 5.00
Ming Foong Paper Mill	$10.00
Chinese Paperboard Sales Union	$10.00
Benlaure	$ 2.00

in memory of Mr. A. E. Mandel.

FRENCH VESSEL SINKING OFF SHANTUNG COAST

Party from H.M.S. Capetown Carries Out Rescue Operations With Breeches Buoy

MOUNTAINOUS SEAS LASHING DOOMED SHIP

WORKING feverishly at a breeches buoy fixed on a cliff at Yung Ching Bay, not far from Weihaiwei, yesterday, a heroic landing party from H.M.S. Capetown effected the rescue of all except seven of the crew of the ss. Yolande, a French vessel, which was being pounded yesterday by mountainous seas after running aground early on the morning of March 6.

Flashed through to the British naval authorities in Shanghai from H.M.S. Capetown by means of short, cryptic messages, the stirring drama of the sea was unfolded piece by piece yesterday. At first, it was thought that none but four Chinese who managed to get ashore would be rescued, but later messages sent at noon yesterday revealed that a large number of the crew of 66 men had reached shore safely. At that time, the landing party were still working away frantically at the breeches buoy, which was making trip after trip across the broiling sea separating the vessel from the cliffs—and safety. Late last night all of the crew except seven Chinese had been accounted for, and were on their way to Weihaiwei in H.M.S. Capetown.

The first news of the shipwreck to reach Shanghai came through in the form of a message received by the British naval authorities here that the Yolande had run aground at Betty Cove, Shantung Promontory, and that H.M.S. Sandwich, which was close by at the time, had raced to the spot, investigations had been made, and the First Lieutenant J. Loveday had gone aboard. The master, Captain Bertin, a Frenchman, stated that he had telegraphed the insurance agents in Shanghai, and the ship's agents. He told Lieutenant Loveday that the forehold of the ship was flooded, asking for assistance from the British sloop pending the arrival of a salvage vessel.

Capetown to the Rescue

Swiftly answering S.O.S. messages from the Yolande, H.M.S. Capetown, a cruiser which has had more than its fair share of excitement during its most recent visit to China, sped to the Bay. While on her way, the Capetown picked up reports from the Yolande that she had now swung around until she was broadside on to the mountainous waves, and was slowly breaking up owing to a strong northerly wind. The Capetown flashed this information through to Shanghai, and later reported that she had passed the Yolande at 1.30 p.m. on March 6. The Yolande's upper deck was awash, and seas were breaking right over her.

Suspense ran high among the local naval authorities, and the ship's agents, when it was reported that there was no sign of life aboard the sinking ship. The Capetown wireless lessed that a landing party was being put ashore at Yung Ching Bay, from which a breeches buoy apparatus could be rocketted out to the Yolande, and tthe crew brought ashore.

Arrived ashore, the commander of the Capetwon, Captain Cuthbert Coppinger, obtained the services of a Chinese customs officer as guide, for the party of thirty bluejackets and officers, including six rifles, with one of the party bearing the Union Jack proudly aloft. Later yesterday, four Chinese survivors, who managed to reach the shore, reported that there were six foreigners and about sixty Chinese still aboard, including the captain and his daughter. The ship was reported to be breaking up, and it was stated that there was little hope of any further survivors being brought ashore.

Breeches Buoy at Work

The rescue party boarded the Capetown again on the evening of March 6, the commander announcing his intention of sending a small party ashore to continue the rescue work at daybreak next day (yesterday). After rescue work had been resumed, the Capetown flashed through that further survivors were coming ashore, and another message dispatched soon afternoon yesterday conveyed the welcome news that 22 survivors had now been safely landed. "The breeches buoy," stated the message, "is working perfectly."

At 4.45 p.m., the British naval authorities here received a further message stating that 33 survivors had now been brought ashore by means of the breeches buoy, and there were a further 33 to come, including the captain of the vessel and three of his officers.

A further naval message received by H.M.S. Grimsby here late last night stated that 56 survivors, including one foreign lady, had been safely landed from the wreck, had proceeded cross-country to join the cruiser Capetown and were en route in the cruiser to Weihaiwei. Seven Chinese were reported missing at the time the late message was sent.

The Yolande is a vessel of 6,850 tons deadweight, and is owned by Captain Bertin, her master. Her local agents are Messrs. Wallem & Co. She was built in Sunderland in 1912. The Yolande had left Chingwantago on March 4 with a cargo of 6,400 tons of slack coal, bound for Shanghai.

As once again H.M.S. Capetown comes to the rescue, it will be recalled that she was "lost" for several months in the earlier part of the hostilities, the majority of her crew being taken off, and transported to Hongkong on the special "Capetown II Express." A few days before Christmas last year, the Capetown set off from Hankow with a party of fifty civilians aboard, in an exciting attempt to "make" the boom which was being constructed near Kiukiang, and which was closed only shortly after the British cruiser had slipped through. The cruiser twice ran aground on her way down river, and finally arrived off Woosung on the day before Christmas. With her came a convoy of British merchant ships.

One of the Capetown's officers, Lieutenant G. A. Tree, is at present in Shanghai, serving with the British naval authorities here.

Thaw Over Japan Brings Thick Fog And Avalanches

Tatsuta Maru Among Ships Unable to Enter Kobe

FLOODS FEARED FROM MELTING SNOW

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

A "pea soup" fog accompanying warmer weather to-day blanketed southern Korea, western Japan and the island of Kyushu, paralyzing shipping and causing avalanches in some districts where rising temperatures thawed frost from frozen mountainsides. The fog also extended inland, blowing communications between many points.

Vessels from China were unable to enter the Inland Sea to-day because of the dense fog which imperilled shipping. The Tatsuta Maru and other ships were anchored in the open sea and were unable to reach Kobe. Similar conditions existed at Shimonoseki. One large unidentified steamer was aground off Fukuoka with its radio out of commission. Fog of lesser density was slowing communications near Yokohama.

Avalanches Cause Havoc

A heavy avalanche fell just behind a passenger train near Gifu, covering the railway track and halting traffic for several hours while workmen cleared the tracks and rushed repairs.

Another avalanche knocked a passenger train off the tracks near Takasaki, 100 miles north of Tokyo, injuring several passengers. The four hundred persons on board the train were rescued, none having been fatally injured.

A third avalanche sent six skiers hurling into a deep canyon near Nikko. Rescue workers found them at the botton of the canyon, badly bruised but alive. They were rushed to Tokyo for medical treatment and were confined to a hospital.

Details were meagre because of disrupted communications resulting from the landslides.

Police, firemen and Boy Scouts were mobilized in mountain districts in preparation for emergencies. Warmer weather prompted fears of floods in some areas resulting from melting snow on mountains.—United Press.

Poison Fog Creeps Over Belgium

Brussels, Mar. 7.

Soldiers and villagers to-day built a chain of bonfires in the "Death Valley of Meuse" to repel a poison fog similar to the one in 1930 in which 63 persons were asphyxiated.

The cause of the mysterious fogs has never been determined but scientists believe the moisture-laden air carried deadly fumes from neighbouring swamps. —United Press.

HEAVY SNOWFALL IN HANKOW

Nanking Also Experiences Cold Snap

Hankow, Mar. 7.

Hankow this morning witnessed the heaviest snowfall of the year.

Owing to the shortage of coal, this sudden change in the weather from the recent warm and spring-like days enjoyed here of late, has come as a great hardship. The weather began to clear towards evening.—Reuter.

Nanking Has Cold Spell

Nanking, Mar. 7.

Caught in one of the severest cold spells of the winter, this city shivered in sub-zero temperatures to-day. An icy wind sweeping off the Purple Mountain brought a blanket of snow for the city. The cold snap caused much suffering among the poor.—Domei.

GERMAN CRUISER SUFFERS SLIGHT DAMAGE

Oslo, Mar. 7.

The German cruiser Koeln suffered slight damage to her engines whilst weathering a severe storm at the mouth of the Drontheim Fiord in Norway. Tugs have left Aalesund and Roervik to assist the German cruiser which is reported to be in no danger.

The Koeln is expected to reach a Norwegian port to-day. Several members of the crew are stated to have been injured.

Another vessel to experience the full force of the gale was the Netherlands steamer Vredenburg. While proceeding up Drontheim fjord two of the ship's crew were swept overboard and drowned.—Trans-Ocean.

MR. HOOVER TO MEET HERR HITLER

Berlin, Mar. 6.

Mr. Herbert Hoover, former President of the United States, will confer here with Herr Adolf Hitler on Tuesday, it was announced here to-day. Mr. Hoover, who is touring Europe, will arrive here late to-morrow or early on Tuesday for a three days visit.—United Press.

Former War-lord Assassinated in The Concession

Gen. Chou Feng-chi Was Mentioned for New Post

AGAINST GEN. CHIANG

Murderers Escape In Maze of Alleys

Gen. Chou Feng-chi, a well-known political figure and former war-lord whose name was mentioned for the post of Minister of War in a new Central Chinese Government, was assassinated in the French Concession early yesterday afternoon. He was said long to have been associated with activities directed against Gen. Chiang Kai-shek.

Unidentified Chinese gunmen killed Gen. Chou by firing a number of pistol shots into his body as he was seated in his motor-car in Avenue du Roi Albert, near Rue Ratard, a few minutes before 2 o'clock. The General had just entered the car in front of his residence, 80 Avenue du Roi Albert, with a companion when two armed men emerged from Rue Ratard, emptied their pistols and then disappeared into a lane. The companion, who was the former war-lord's Formosan bodyguard, was not wounded. Gen. Chou died of his many injuries upon admission to Ste. Marie Hospital.

The first policeman to reach the scene of the murder was a Tonkingese uniformed man, who vainly tried to pursue the assassins but lost them in the maze of alleyways in the district. Later a large police party conducted a thorough search, likewise without result.

Court Arrest Order

The shooting of Gen. Chou, who was at one time Military Governor of Chekiang and who commanded the 26th People's Army in 1927, revealed that the man, for many years involved in political intrigue, was wanted by the Police under an arrest order, No. 1,725, issued by the Second Special District Court on June 16, 1932, for violating the internal security of the State.

Born at Changhsin, Chekiang, 58 years ago, the late Gen. Chou first occupied various minor military posts. In 1924, following the capture of Chekiang by Gen. Sun Chuan-fang, he joined the former Shantung warlord, Domei States.

When Nanking fell into the hands of Gen. Sun, Gen. Chou was made barrison commander. Later, when the revolutionary armies pushing from the south put the warlord's forces to rout, Gen. Chou joined the southerners to become commander of the Twenty-Sixth Army.

He was subsequently appointed acting chairman of Chekiang and chief of military affairs in the province in 1926.

Sensation at Hankow

Hankow, Mar. 7.

The assassination of General Chou Feng-chi in Shanghai has caused a great sensation here

It has long been understood that General Chou was negotiating with the Japanese with a view to taking some post in the proposed Japanese new government in Nanking.

It is presumed that his murderers were members of Chinese patriotic bodies in Shanghai who had determined to get rid of him as a "traitor." —Reuter.

AUSTRIAN NAZIS DEFY BAN

Troops Massed to Prevent Clash With Heimwehr

Vienna, Mar. 7.

Hundreds of cheering Nazis shouting "heil Hitler" and wearing forbidden uniforms, demonstrated in the streets here to-day despite official radio broadcasts warning that drastic measures would be taken to combat "undisciplined mutiny.' Members of the Fatherland Front meanwhile organized counter-parades against the Nazis.

Police reserves, including 300 heavily-armed troops just returned from Linz, were prepared to prevent possible clashes between Nazis and members of the Fatherland Front.

At Linz a guard of honour of Nazi Storm Troopers cheered Dr. Arthur Seyss-Inquart, Nazi Home Minister, as he boarded a train to return to Vienna. He reminded the Nazi sympathizers gathered at the station that wearing of uniforms was forbidden although it was permissable to employ the Nazi salute.—United Press.

SPY SCARE ROUSES BRITAIN

Labour M.P.'s Ask Curb on Immigration

London, Mar. 7.

Alarmed by reports of sabotage and espionage rampant in Britain endangering the rearmament program, Labour leaders to-day asked for immediate steps to restrict all immigration.

Newspapers in bold headlines purportedly revealed wide-spread sabotage in arms and munitions plants and the wholesale arrest of spies.

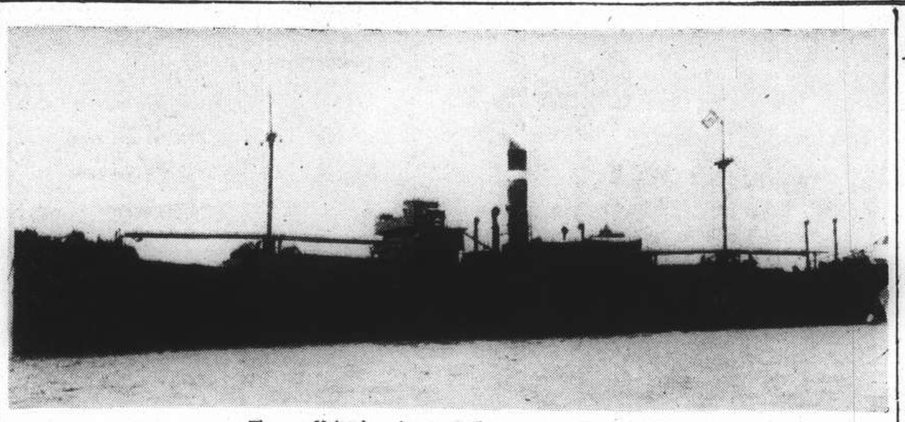
The War Office recently admitted that saboteurs were responsible for damage and destruction of several bombing planes.—United Press.

GENERAL PERSHING MAKING PROGRESS

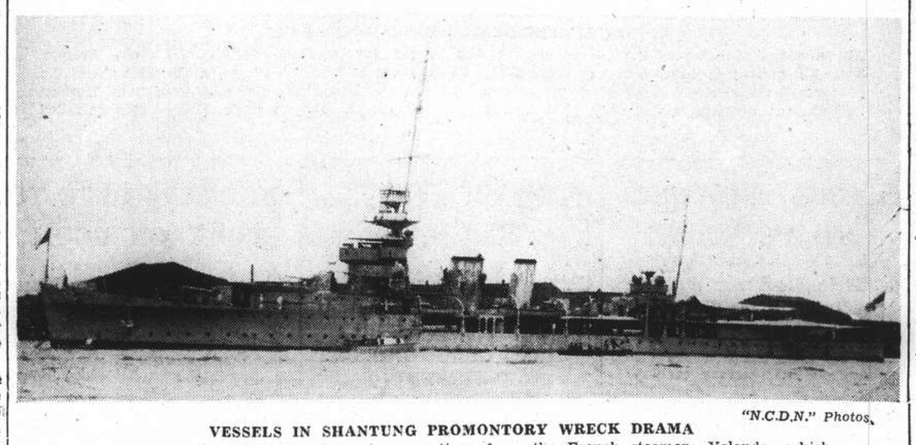
Distinguished U.S. Warrior "Alert and Animated"

London, Mar. 6.

Gen. John J. Pershing spent a "comfortable day" to-day after a severe illness affecting his heart and kidneys, his physicians announced in a bulletin. The General's condition "progressed very satisfactorily," the report said. "His blood pressure was perfectly satisfactory . . . and his digestive system was all right." He was said to be generally "alert and animated."—United Press.



The ss. Yolande ashore off Betty Cove, Shantung.



"N.C.D.N." Photos.

VESSELS IN SHANTUNG PROMONTORY WRECK DRAMA

H.M.S. Capetown is conducting the rescue operations from the French steamer Yolande which ran ashore off Betty Cove, Shantung Promontory, and is being battered to pieces by mountainous waves which are preventing any operations from the sea. A landing party is working with lines from the cliffs to take off the crew, which includes six foreigners and 60 Chinese. Early messages indicated that the ship and the crew were a loss but it was learn last night that half the crew has been taken off.

U.S. Prepares Pacific Isles Landing Force

Sovereignty Expected to Be Proclaimed Soon

EARLY DEPARTURE FROM PHILIPPINES WANTED

Washington, Mar. 6.

The United States may despatch a landing force to the small Enderbury and Canton islands both in the Phoenix group in the southern Pacific, following the President's proclamation of American sovereignty over the islands, it was understood here to-day.

The White House, State Department and Navy Department referred all inquiries on the report to each other, but no official sources denied the report. The two Pacific Islands are important links in trans-Pacific airlines and might be valuable to the Navy in time of war.

Philippines Evacuation

The worldwide race for naval and aerial supremacy and the possibility of war in the Pacific may force the United States to withdraw its Philippine defence line to Hawaii in order to protect the Pacific coast of the mainland, it was learned here to-day.

The War and Navy departments are known to be considering a plan of action following the independence of the Philippines, but some strategists in both departments are urging that the American fighting forces should withdraw sooner.

In the event of war, it was pointed out by Navy officials here, the necessity of holding the Philippines would require such a heavy concentration of naval strength in the Far East that the coast of the mainland would be left vulnerable. They pointed out that the worldwide rearmament race embraces super-dreadnaughts, huge bombers and cruisers with cruising ranges tremendous enough to weaken or possibly shatter an American defence line extending from Alaska to the Philippines and Panama.

Naval Base Needed

War Department officials announced here that when independence is granted to the Philippines, the United States will be ready to turn over military posts, including hospitals and forts, to the Philippines Army.

Meanwhile, Navy officials said, if the United States intends to remain in the Orient with a large fleet, preparations would have to be made for the establishment of adequate overhaul facilities in the Philippines. They said that in the event of an emergency, the United States could not depend on using available naval overhaul facilities in Singapore or the Japanese base on Bonin Island.—United Press.

Conversations Begin

London, Mar. 7.

Conversations are now being conducted through diplomatic channels between London and Washington, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent, regarding the formal claim of the United States to the islands of Canton and Enderbury, which form part of the Phoenix Group of Islands, in the middle of the Pacific.

The Phoenix Group of Islands were incorporatd for the Administrative purposes of the Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony by an Order-in-Council on March 18, 1937.

The questions arising from the American claim, made in an executive order signed by President Roosevelt alleging that the islands were discovered by American whalers, are being examined with a view to the speedy conclusion of a friendly agreement. It is not anticipated in London, the correspondent asserts, that there will be any difficulty in reaching a settlement.

The Australian and New Zealand Governments, it is understood, are participating in the discussions.

Great Britain claims sovereignty over the entire Phoenix group of islands.—Reuter.

Parleys Only with Britain

Washington, Mar. 6.

The State Department denied that the Government was negotiating or was holding conversations with any Power other than Great Britain with regard to claims on some Pacific Islands.—Havas.

New Currency to Be Issued in North

Peiping, Mar. 7.

The "Federated Reserve Bank of China" will open its doors for business on March 10, it was announced here to-day. The inaugural ceremony will be held on March 11.

New banknotes, totalling $60,000,000, will be placed in circulation by the bank at the outset. Treated as legal tender, this currency was said by officials to be fully backed by silver and foreign exchange.—Domei.

California Toll Of Lives Mount In Flood Areas

Vast Region Virtually Put Under Martial Law

EFFORTS MADE TO BRING RELIEF TO HOMELESS

Los Angeles, Mar. 6.

Nine more names were added to-day to the list of persons who perished during heavy floods in Southern California when four men and the women, haggard from their ordeal, emerged from Tuyunga canyon to report that nine of their companions had died of starvation. The group had been without food since last Tuesday. The official death toll stood at 139 late this evening.

Virtual martial law was in force throughout the 30,000 square mile southern California flood area to-day to facilitate the search for missing bodies and prevent further looting of abandoned premises.

Official death lists put the number dead at 130. Numerous persons were still missing, but previous fears that the death toll might reach 300 were believed unfounded. Relief workers, reporting that most missing persons were turning up in refugee camps, said they doubted that the number dead would exceed 200 unless further rains sent swollen streams further out of their courses.

National Guardsmen patrolled Anaheim fearing that sight-seers who lined the banks of Lytle Creek, the Santa Ana River, Mill Creek and other areas of San Bernardino County might be looters.

Relief workers reported that 5,551 homes in Los Angeles, Ventura, Orange, Riverside and San Bernadino counties were uninhabitable because they had been demolished or severely damaged.—United Press.

Civilian Corps Camp Safe

Fresno, Calif., Mar. 6.

Capt. E. R. Farley, commander of the C.C.C. camp at Trimmer Springs, told officials here to-day by telephone that reports of new floods and heavy loss of live in his camp were unfounded. He said that all men in the camp were well.

Telephone communication with the camp was re-established late to-day after relief crews had battled their way along debris-littered roads to repair broken telephone lines.—United Press.

CHINESE SEEKING LONDON LOAN

Anxiety To Pay Foreign Debts Shown

London, Mar. 7.

Reuter understands that certain Chinese interests have approached a group of London banks for 12 or 24 months credits, offering as security part of the silver recently shipped to London and proposing interest at four per cent., the silver to be valued for the purposes of security at twelve pence an ounce.

It is believed that the object in seeking these credits is to guarantee China's payments on foreign loans. It is generally thought that China desires to maintain her credit abroad.

China's financial reserves are the one item in which she can claim supremacy over Japan, says the "News Chronicle" in an editorial to-day.—Reuter.

Moscow's Trial Having Effects Upon Provinces

Mass Arrests of Collective Farm Administrators

THE "PRAVDA" REVEALS MOTIVE OF "PURGE"

Moscow, Mar. 7.

The reason why Bolshevik leaders are attaching such great importance to the present trial and why confessions are sought on political and especially economic sabotage has now been revealed by an editorial in the official party organ, "Pravda."

"Now, after these confessions of mean sabotages," the editorial states, "the Soviet comrade at last knows why his wages have so many times been withheld from him, now at last one knows why some territories of the Soviet Union have often for days remained without bread, why in the state stores one can buy felt boots only in summer and sandals only in winter, now everyone knows why the supply of salt, sugar and fat is so very insufficient."—Trans-Ocean.

Kremlin Plot Told

Moscow, Mar. 7.

With a strained appearance and looking very worn, M. Nikolai L. Bukharin, former editor of the official newspaper "Izvestia" and former President of the Comintern, again entered the witness box to-day in the sixth day of the treason trial now being held before the Military Collegium of the Supreme Court.

A plot to seize the Kremlin, kill the Soviet leaders and get control of the Ogpu was described by M. Bukharin who declared he began to plan the coup in 1929 with the aid of military leaders and M. Rykov, successor of M. Lenin as Premier of the U.S.S.R.

M. Rykov, another of the accused, who, according to M. Bukharin, intended to use his position as Premier in accomplishing the plot.—Reuter.

Bukharin Holds Out

Moscow, Mar. 7.

There were two hours of spirited attack and parry between the prosecutor, M. Vishinsky, and M. Nikolai Bukharin when the trial resumed this morning. Vishinsky vainly attempted to make Bukharin admit that he had been a spy. The accused recognized the existence of a plot to secure power and as the head of the plot accepted all responsibility. Finally, Bukharin also admitted he knew of spying activities of several Trotskyists but energetically denied that he himself was a spy.

Miss Varvara Yakovleva, former People's Commissar for Finance of the R.S.F.S.R., questioned on the projected uprising due in 1919 with the murder of Lenin. Stalin and Sverdlov with a view to breaking the Brest-Litovsk peace, declared that before the peace was signed, the "Left Communist Group," headed by Bukharin, met and named Stukov to arrest Lenin, Stalin and Sverdlov and eventually kill them. She was not present but later questioned Stukov, who told her that Bukharin was the instigator of the proposal.—Havas.

Farm Officials Removed

Moscow, Mar. 6.

Meanwhile, at a meeting of farm officials it was revealed that 600 state farm officials would be removed from their posts and would probably be arrested for taking part in a plot to sabotage the Government's agricultural supplies and storage houses. Their leader, it was alleged, is M. Mikhail Alexandrovich Chernov, former People's Commissar of Agriculture, now facing trial.

Commenting on their decision, farm officials asserted the future operations of the state farms would be more efficient "since many enemies of the people had been removed from positions of trust."—United Press.

***Leading article on p. 4.

JAPANESE DIET PASSES POWER CONTROL BILL

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Following debate on the joint amendments introduced by the Minseito and Seiyukai Parties, the House of Representatives to-day passed the important electric power control bill.—Domei.

Australia Was Consulted Over Italian Parleys

Mr. Joseph Lyons Reveals Facts in Statement

BRITISH LABOUR LEADER ON COLONIAL POOL

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Canberra, Mar. 7.

Australia was consulted by the United Kingdom on January 27, while Mr. Anthony Eden was still Foreign Secretary, on the question of re-opening negotiations with Italy, and the Commonwealth agreed that the international situation demanded such action, Mr. Joseph Lyons, the Australian Prime Minister, revealed in a statement to the press to-day.

At this stage, Mr. Lyons added, there was no indication of any difference of opinion between Mr. Neville Chamberlain and Mr. Eden.

Subsequently, the Commonwealth agreed to Mr. Eden's resignation as a purely domestic affair which did not call for further consultation with Australia.

Mr. Lyons emphasized that, at the time of the British Foreign Secretary's resignation and since, the Commonwealth had been kept fully advised of developments and the steps being taken to bring about a general appeasement.—Reuter.

Mr. R. A. Butler's View

London, Mar. 6.

An agreement between Great Britain and Italy would be advantageous for the British Empire, Mr. R. A. Butler, new Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated to-day in a speech at Salisbury.

He declared that during his stay in India he was in a position to see that British Imperial interests coincided strangely with Italy's.

"Our communications coincide throughout the Mediterranean and the Red Sea," he said, "and it is surely common sense to take this opportunity to come to an agreement for the sake of our Empire alone.

"I believe that the endeavour we are making will result to the advantage of our Empire."

Mr. Butler eulogized the personality of Lord Halifax, the new Foreign Secretary.

Negus Issue's Statement

A communique formally denying the rumours that Haile Selassie, former Emperor of Abyssinia, may possibly effect a compromise with Italy, was released on behalf of the Emperor to-day.

"In no circumstances will the Emperor consider any arrangement that is incompatible with Ethiopia's right to existence as an independent nation," the communique read. "To suggest that His Majesty is thinking otherwise at a time when the people of Ethiopia are resisting the enemy with such courage, so much sacrifice, and so much success, is absurd."

The "Daily Herald" published a report on March 4 that Signor Mussolini had suggested that if the Negus would cede Abyssinia to Italy, Haile Selassie would be placed at the head of a vast part of Ethiopian territory.—Havas.

Colonial Pool Suggestion

Newcastle-On-Tyne, Mar. 6.

A colonial pool under international control would be the best means of solving the present colonial problem, Mr. Herbert Morrison, Labour M.P. indicated in a speech on behalf of the Labour Party Peace and Security Campaign here to-day.

"One should make it abundantly clear to the people no less than to the Government of Fascist countries, that every advantage in security and economic well-being through international co-operation is open to them as much as it is to us," he said. "Also, that on the basis of a genuine peace settlement, we are open to discuss and agree to economic settlements provided that other countries do the same and agree to hand over all appropriate colonial territory to an international administration in which all countries shall be eligible to take a share, provided that the rights and interests of the native population are properly protected."—Havas.

POLISH-ITALIAN TALKS OPEN

Political and Trade Aids To Be Discussed

Rome, Mar. 7.

Considerable interest has been aroused in Europe by the arrival in Rome yesterday of Colonel Joseph Beck, the Polish Foreign Minister, on an official visit lasting three days, during which he is expected to hold important conversations with Italian officials.

Colonel Beck was met on his arrival by Count Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, and other Fascist officials.

According to an article in "Voce d'Italia" by Signor V. Gayda, who is considered to be the mouthpiece of Signor Mussolini, all elements of political and economic collaboration between Italy and Poland will be discussed, but no agreement or treaty will be signed." Poland, he adds, will not adhere to the Anti-Comintern Pact.

It is expected that efforts will be made to increase trade between Italy and Poland.—Reuter.

PARIS GOVERNMENT GIVEN WARNING

M. Paul Boncour Says League Rejected in Power Pact

Paris, Mar. 7.

In a speech before the French Association for the Leauge of Nations, M. Paul Boncour, former Premier, to-day warned the Government that conclusion of the new projected four Power pact of Britain, France, Germany and Italy would merely sanction Italian and German violations of the League Covenant and would constitute complete repudiation of the League.—United Press.

REPUBLICANS OF SPAIN TORPEDO RIVAL CRUISER

British Seaman Killed As Planes Bomb Derelict

BALEARES SUNK

Two Other British Ships Attacked By Planes

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Gibraltar, Mar. 7.

H.M.S. Boreas, which together with H.M.S. Kempenfelt rescued many survivors from the sinking Spanish Nationalist cruiser yesterday, arrived here to-day with the body of the rating, named Long, who was killed in the rescue work. Long's body was taken to the dockyard mortuary.

Three ratings, who were injured at the same time, were rushed to a military hospital.—Reuter.

Two British Ships Attacked

London, Mar. 7.

The destroyers H.M.S. Blanche (1,360 tons) and H.M.S. Brilliant (1,360 tons) of the 4th Flotilla, Home Fleet, were attacked at noon yesterday, "in the vicinity of a battle" off the Spanish coast, by five unidentified war planes, according to an announcement to-day by the Admiralty.

Several bombs were dropped, but none of them hit either ship and no damage was done.

The announcement also said that the identity of the Spanish Nationalist cruiser, which was attacked and sunk by a torpedo fired from a Republican warship yesterday, was undoubtedly the Baleares. The Baleares, which was a sister ship of the Canarias, was hit off the east coast of Spain, 70 miles off Cape Palos, and until now her identity had not been definitely established.—Reuter.

Cruiser Torpedoed

Barcelona, Mar. 7.

Spanish Nationalists suffered a serious blow yesterday when the Baleares, one of the few cruisers, at first believed to be the 10,000-ton Canarias, was sunk after a surprise attack by Republican warships off the East coast of Spain, 70 miles off Cape Palos.

The cruiser was hit by a torpedo fired by a Republican destroyer, believed to be the Lepanto, and soon was burning from stem to stern. Subsequently, Republican aircraft went out to the scene of the naval battle and bombed the burning ship. It appears, however, that the damage which caused the cruiser to sink was done by the torpedo.

Two British warships, the flotilla leader Kempenfelt (1,390 tons) and the destroyer Boreas (1,360 tons), rescued many survivors from the sinking vessel.

A member of the crew of H.M.S. Boreas was fatally wounded by the splinter of a bomb dropped by Republican aircraft attacking other Nationalist ships, to which the survors of the sinking ship were being transferred, while three other members were slightly injured.

The bomb exploded in the water. The British ships were not hit.

Republican Claims

The Republican Ministry of Defence here believed the ship sunk was the Canarias as the result of a report from the Commander of the Republican Fleet that the vessel hit was the second ship in the Nationalist formation. In the opinion of the Ministry the Baleares, being the flagship, would have occupied first place.

According to Republican broadcasts, the ship was torpedoed by the destroyer Lepanto, which slipped out of the harbour under cover of darkness when the Canarias, Baleares and Almirante Cervera approached to bombard Cartagena early in the morning.

A great explosion was seen to occur after the cruiser was hit.

Following the battle, the Defence Ministry in Barcelona issued a wireless warning to foreign ships advising them not to approach the burning cruiser in view of the possibility of further attacks being made against her or against Nationalist aeroplanes which were attempting to protect her.

Shortly after the warning, seven Republican aeroplanes bombed the disabled ship.

The sinking of the Nationalist warship is being celebrated throughout Republican Spain. The Ministry of Defence has sent a telegram to the political commissar of the Republican Fleet congratulating the personnel.—Reuter.

Heavy Fighting Resumes

Hendaye, Mar. 7.

Nationalist and Republican troops engaged in heavy fighting to-day in the Alcala la Real sector, fifty miles from the south Mediterranean coast. —United Press.

Raids on Barcelona

Barcelona, Mar. 7.

It was estimated that 25 persons were killed here to-day in nine Nationalist air raids in the past 24 hours.—United Press.

Italian Landings Denied

Rome, Mar. 7.

Reports from Gibralter that 5,000 Fascists had landed at Cadiz since the inception of Mr. Neville Chamberlain's approach to Italy, were angrily denied here to-day. It was said that the charges originated from sources attempting to undermine new Italian-British negotiations.—United Press.

MYSTERY CLOAKS NIGHT ATTACK

Chinese Seriously Wounded off Singapore Road

A Chinese male was shot and seriously wounded in the abdomen shortly after 7 o'clock last night in Lane 171, Singapore Road, outside of Settlement limits. A Fire Brigade ambulance took the victim to the Red Cross Hospital. The attacker, who was not identified by the victim, escaped.

At 5 p.m. three robbers took a hat and a small amount of money from a shop at 277 Peking Road, at the point of a pistol. No shots were fired and the bandits escaped.

Earlier in the afternoon, loot worth $700 had been taken by three men carrying pistols, at House 79, Lane 1462, Avenue Edward VII. There were two smaller robberies in the Settlement early yesterday morning.

Departures for Colony, Europe And Japan Ports

Empress of Russia, Naldera, Suma Maru Sail To-day

NANKIN ARRIVING FROM AUSTRALIA

The C.P.R. ss. Empress of Russia, which arrived from Vancouver and Japan ports yesterday afternoon, will sail for Hongkong and Manila from the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Pootung side, at 11 a.m. to-day. The last passenger tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 a.m.

The next Empress liner to enter port will be the ss. Empress of Canada, which is expected to reach here from Hongkong at about 7 a.m. on Thursday. The vessel will sail for Japan ports and Vancouver at 2 p.m. the same day. The last passenger tender will leave the Customs Jetty at noon.

The P. & O. ss. Naldera, which arrived from Hongkong yesterday, is due to leave for Moji, Kobe and Yokohama to-day.

European Vessels

Two vessels are sailing for Europe. The N.Y.K. ss. Suma Maru, which is due to arrive from Japan at 7.30 a.m. to-day, will sail from the Wayside Wharf for Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Hongkong, Singapore and ports at 2 p.m. the same day.

The other vessel leaving for Europe is the Hamburg-Amerika liner, Sauerland. Under the command of Capt. W. Teegen, the vessel will sail for Genoa, Casablanca, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Manila and Singapore to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. The last tender, Lido, taking passengers to the vessel, will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m. to-day.

The German motor vessel Leverkusen, which arrived from Bremen by way of Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Genoa, Port Said, Suez Canal, Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong yesterday, will leave to-morrow morning for north China ports.

The Wilhelmsen liner Talabot, which left Hamburg on January 29, is expected to reach Shanghai at about 8 a.m. to-morrow. She will sail for Yokohama the next day.

The next vessel to arrive from Australia will be the ss. Nankin. According to information received by the local agents, she left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday at 11 a.m. and may be expected to reach Buoys Nos. 14 and 15 at 2 p.m. Thursday.

The M.M. liner Marechal Joffre is due to arrive from Marseilles and Hongkong on Thursday.

Passengers

The following passengers arrived from Europe and Hongkong in the ss. Aeneas on Sunday:

Mr. A. H. Atkins, Mr. A. E. Arnold, Cdr. H. T. T. Bayliss, Mr. V. Bartlett, Mrs. R. M. Currie and Miss Currie, Mr. B. Crowley, Mr. L. A. Calcraft, Mr. Pong Nye, Mr. C. C. Chao, Mr. P. K. A. Ehrhardt, Miss M. G. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Farrell, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Fischer, Mr. W. F. Goslin, Mrs. D. A. Goslin and Mstr. J. Goslin, Cdr. J. D. N. Ham, Mrs. N. and Miss C. Hay, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hudson, Mr. A. C. Hall, Mr. C. W. Johnson, Mr. G. C. Kino, Mr. W. G. Lamb, Mr. H. W. Maxted, Mr. P. L. Moo, Mr. D. McLorn, Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Ng, Miss M. and Mstr. J. Ng, Mr. L. A. Pepperell, Mr. G. C. Strapps, Mr. G. Tauber, Mr. R. E. Watjen, Mr. E. Watson, Mr. P. W. A. Wilkie, and Mr. J. S. Vyvyan.

Mr. H. V. Hawley arrived in the Glen liner Flintshire from London on Sunday.

OBITUARY

Mr. W. P. Jensen

News has been received of the death in Kobe on Sunday of Mr. William Patrick Jensen, known to a number of residents as a regular annual visitor to Shanghai during the past fifteen years.

A native of Denmark, Mr. Jensen, who at the time of his death was 64 years of age, spent about 20 years in business in Calcutta, and on his retirement some 15 years ago divided his time between residence in Southsea, England, during the spring and summer, and travelling in the Far East during the autumn and winter. Owing to failing health, "Daddy" Jensen, as he was familiarly known to his friends, did not return to England last spring, and as he always made his Shanghai home at the Palace Hotel, he was living there when the bombing catastrophe occurred on August 14, from which disaster he escaped unhurt, although badly shaken. Two or three weeks later he left for Japan in an effort to regain his health, and remained for several months at Unzen, later going on to Kobe, where medical examination showed him to be suffering from an internal complaint.

A man of a kindly and retiring disposition, Mr. Jensen was highly respected by all who knew him, and many friends in Far Eastern ports, and passengers by the N.D.L. liners, on which he regularly travelled, will regret to learn of his death.

INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS

The Shanghai International Red Cross wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following donations February 26 to March 5 inclusive:

American Chinese Overseas United Contribution Committee (3rd donation)	$10,000.00
Shanghai Egg Merchants Association	400.00
Occidental Life Insurance Company	334.03
Auto Palace Co., Ltd. (4th donation)	100.00
Hsu Kuan-san	72.62
Foreign and Chinese Members of Imperial Chemical Industries	64.85
Miss Bessie A. Hollows	50.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Crowe	50.00
Z. David Woo	20.00
Staff, Express Delivery Dept, Shanghai Postal Service	17.47
Chang Hsiang Ho	12.00
Yuan Tso Ping	10.00
J. P. Hawes	10.00
Wang Tseh Chun	10.00
Save A Life A Month Club (9th remittance)	335.00
Previously Acknowledged	1,378,834.03
Grand total as of March 5	$1,390,369.00

and a number of small donations.

All donations should be sent to the Director's Office at 505 Honan Road.

LIEUTENANT-General Sun Yuan-liang, former Commander of the 88th Division which took part in the defence of Shanghai in the first stage of the current Sino-Japanese hostilities, will be appointed to the post of Deputy Pacification Commissoner for Szechuen and Sikang, states a message to the "Standard."

BODIES CREMATED ON LARGE PYRES

Menace to Health Being Steadily Reduced

S.M.C. DEPARTMENT CLEARS AREAS

The suggestion has recently been made by a number of Chinese organizations to the S.M.C. Health Department, in co-operation with the Health Department of the French Municipal Administration and other public oganizations doing health work in Shanghai, that all unclaimed corpses and unburied coffins should be cremated. The Chinese organizations requested the Health Departments and other health organizations to do this work, pointing out that as the warmer weather approaches, epidemics of many kinds are bound to attack the populace. In expressing the hope that their request will be complied with promptly, the Chinese organizations state that such action will prevent the waste of human life and money and further suffering to the already burdened public. Representatives of the following organizations signed the request: —Chinese Women's Club, W.C.T.U. of China, Shanghai Y.W.C.A., Women's Vocational Association, Fu Nu Cheng Wei, and Chinese Women's League.

Commissioner's Reply

In replying to this letter, Dr. J. H. Jordan, Commissioner of Public Health, pointed out that the following work was in actual progress:—

"About 1,150 corpses have already been cremated in the Eastern District where the work is proceeding steadily. Though a house-to-house inspection is revealing further corpses, it is hoped that this task will be completed some time during March.

"In regard to the Western District, the labour of collecting corpses is also proceeding at a reasonable speed, 1,000 having been cremated.

"The corpses of 757 animals have been destroyed on separate pyres and at a distance from the cremations.

"The area bounded by the Soochow Creek, Lincoln Avenue and in the West by Rubicon Road, should be cleared in a day or so. The other portion of the Western area, bounded in the West by Rubicon Road, to the North by Lincoln Avenue, and to the South by Hungjao Road, has been partially cleared, and a final survey will take place as soon as the difficult task of clearing the first-named area is completed. On completion this will give a clear area of clean country of approximately three miles in depth, to act as a protection zone to the Settlement, whereupon it is possible that a further area will be dealt with.

Burial of Ashes

"The ashes of those persons cremated are handed to the Shanghai Public Benevolent Cemetery for burial in accordance with such rites as they deem advisable, in order that no religious susceptibilities will be offended; and it may be pointed out that this final burial not only avoids polluting the earth, but does not occupy so much space as earth burial.

"In view of your interest in the subject, I would call your attention to the desirability of cremation during ordinary times. There is no need for this act to be unaccompanied by religious ceremonies, nor need it preclude the erection of a suitable memorial, though the memorial should only occupy a small area so as to prevent useful land being taken out of cultivation.

"This Department will at all times be prepared to assist with advice in regard to this matter, should any of your committees be considering establishing a permanent crematorium.

"I would add that though for some months the work outside the Railway Line was carried out by staff under this Department's supervision, we have in the last day or so been able to avail ourselves of the generous offer of free assistance made by the Red Cross Society of China. Twenty volunteers with a van supplied by this body are working in the far western districts."

PHONOGRAPH SHOWS FATAL LURE

Guerillas Enticed to Death By Popular Records

Tokyo, Mar. 6.

Chinese guerilla units near Pukow are being lured to their death by Japanese phonographs, Japanese reports said here to-day.

Chinese guerilla fighters are unable to resist the sweet strains of the "Peanut Vendor" and "Abdul the Bul-bul Amir," and other popular songs, the report said.

When Japanese phonographs send these tunes twinkling across the countryside, the Chinese guerilla fighters abandon all caution and rush toward the music—only to be met by roaring Japanese machine-guns, the reports alleged.

The reports said that a few of the newer jazz pieces also had proved "excellent attractions."—United Press.

HONGKONG DEFENCE STRENGTHENED

Japanese Journal Hears Of Further Developments

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Appropriations for strengthening the defences of Hongkong are included in the latest British rearmament estimates, the "Nichi-Nichi" reported to-day.

Plans drafted by the General Staff, a special despatch to the journal from Hongkong said, provide for the "perfection of military transport facilities, installation of new guns, and expansion of the mechanized corps."

Presaging large-scale expansion of the air force, a new military airfield, in addition to the existing one at Chintien, will be constructed at Hsiatsun, the daily asserted. The site for the airfield has already been decided, according to the journal.—Domei.

"N.C.D.N." Photo

SETTLEMENT HEALTH DEPARTMENT PYRE

Above, a typical scene of the cremation of bodies by the Settlement authorities off Lincoln Avenue. Some 250 corpses, in flimsy coffins or unencoffined, are reduced to ashes on one pyre. In the right of the photograph the next day's pyre is being prepared by coolies. Bodies are gathered from both Western and Eastern districts, where they present a menace to health. They include Chinese soldiers killed in action.

CLOCK PRESENTED TO DETECTIVE

Mischenko-Kruse Wedding Takes Place To-day

A large gathering of Police comrades took place in the Carter Road Quarters yesterday evening in honour of Mr. V. Mischenko, an Australian member of the S.M.P. Headquarters staff, who to-day marries Miss Vera Kruse, Danish, the daughter of Mrs. Kruse and the late Mr. Christian Kruse, of the Chase National Bank. Mr. Mischenko, who is a detective sergeant, was presented with a large chiming clock by Detective Chief Inspector D. B. Ross on behalf of the Headquarters staff. The recipient replied suitably to Mr. Ross's speech of presentation. An old-fashioned loving-cup also was given the bridegroom.

A buffet supper was served the large gathering.

Mr. Mischenko and his bride will sail on a wedding trip which coincides with Home leave. They will visit various parts of Australia.

The wedding takes place at H.M. Consulate-General at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. F. A. Pitts will attend the bridegroom.

JAPANESE CONVOY HALTED ON BUND

String of Military Cars Held up for Half Hour

Japanese army trucks which apparently had not complied with the French pass regulations were again held up by the French Police at the foot of Avenue Edward VII during the tiffin hour yesterday.

A line of about fifteen cars, destined for Nantao, was delayed for half an hour, after which most of them were permitted to proceed along the Quai de France. Later in the afternoon the remaining trucks were allowed to pass.

Bund crowds leaving office buildings to go to tiffin watched the negotiations between the Japanese soldiers and the French Police with interest. Traffic was somewhat inconvenienced by the accumulation of trucks at the important intersection.

GERMAN ECONOMY PRAISED

Dr. Funk Stresses Colonial Claims

Leipzig, Mar. 6.

"In no other part of the world is the economic situation so healthy as here," declared Dr. Walter Funk, Minister of Economy, speaking at the inauguration of the Leipzig Fair.

National Socialist economy, he continued, attaches the greatest importance to the development of foreign commerce and to the development of economic relations abroad. It is necessary to try gradually to improve international economic relations on a new system which would no longer be based on superannuated notions of freedom of commerce, the gold standard or the most-favoured-nation principle. It is now necessary, he said, to adopt a reasonable system of clearances.

"Germany has developed a sound economy without gold and without reserves. For us, work is more precious than gold.

"The colonial question is linked to the destiny of the German people. Statistics show the role that colonial imports have played in the development of France and Great Britain. Moreover, the colonial question is a matter of political prestige and national honour."

He added that Germany does not wish new credits. "The era is past when gold can control a policy through bank credits. To-day we form our policy by other methods."

During his speech Dr. Funk eulogized Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, Governor of the Reichsbank, whose resignation had been rumoured. Praise by Dr. Funk is interpreted as a denial of that rumour.—Havas.

REWARD FOR LOCATING MISSING PLANE

Fresno, Mar. 6.

Baffled by the failure of a five-day search for a missing airliner in the California mountains, the Trans-Continental Western Airways to-day offered a reward of $1,000 to anybody leading company officials to the wreckage. Five planes continued the search in the mountainous regions in South-eastern California. Aerial survey over Alpine, Calaveras and Amador counties yesterday failed.—United Press.

THE Director and Deputy Director of the National Health Administration, Drs. F. C Yen and Chin Toushan, arrived in Changsha a few days ago to inspect the conditions of public health work in Hunan province, says a dispatch to the "Hwa Mei Pao." Dr. Yen was formerly head of the Chinese Red Cross Hospital in Shanghai.

NANTAO UTILITIES REPAIRED

Chinese Area Now Has Own Power and Water

SHINTO CEREMONIES AT DEDICATION

Shinto ceremonies marking the completion of repairs on the Nantao power plant and waterworks were held at the latter yesterday afternoon.

Badly damaged by Chinese troops before their retreat from Nantao in November, the two plants were under repairs by Japanese technicians since the beginning of last month.

Initial tests made on March 3 were satisfactory, and to-day Nantao once again depends upon its own power and water supply.

The repairs were undertaken by the Hsing Chung Kungssu, a Japanese investment company operating mainly in North China. About 100 Japanese engineers and skilled workers lent by the Osaka Municipal Waterworks and nine Japanese power concerns, including the Ujigawa Electric Light Company, took charge of the repairs.

A priest of the Shanghai Shinto Shrine officiated at the ceremony.

OCEAN DEPTHS TO BE EXPLORED

Prof. Piccard to Go Down in Metal Sphere

Brussels, Mar. 6.

Not satisfied with having explored the stratosphere, Professor Auguste Piccard, famous Belgian scientist, now intends to go to the other extreme and collect scientific data at the bottom of the sea.

The Professor, accompanied by an assistant, will descend to the deepest ocean beds in a metal sphere about 5½ft. in diameter, capable of resisting a pressure of 4½ tons per square inch, which corresponds to a depth of about 10,000 yards, and is 1,000 times more than normal atmospheric pressure.

Initial test descents will be made in the Leman Lake, near Lausanne in Switzerland, at a depth of about 300 yards. These tests will be made with an empty sphere. The Professor will then attempt to descend to a depth of about 6,000 yards, at a spot south of the Canary Islands, this descent to be followed by a drop of 8,000 yards off Porto Rico. Finally the Professor will descend 9,600 yards in the Pacific Ocean.

Professor Piccard intends to effect his descents at a speed of one yard per second. The first official descent will be made in the summer of 1939. —Havas.

BRITISH FIREMEN TO HAVE VITAL ROLE

Anti-Air Raid Precautions Develop Fire-Fighting

Birmingham, Mar. 6.

Necessary measures have been taken rapidly to extinguish incendiary aerial bombs in case of war, declared Mr. Geoffrey Lloyd, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of the Interior, speaking before firemen of the city.

During air raids, he stated, fire engines would run at regular intervals through all important localities of the country, some carrying light equipment and others bringing heavier apparatus.

Important technical improvements with pumps have been made, he stated, many of which would be motor and would, if necessary, clean the streets of any obstacles. He also revealed that an important reserve of powerful pumps had been accumulated, the pumps being able to operate at the rate of 1,000 gallons of water per minute.—Havas.

JAPAN'S PEERS PASS ORDINARY BUDGET

Y.2,867,000,000 Excludes Extra Needed for War

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Following the example of the Lower House, the House of Peers to-day passed the Japanese Government's Budget for the next financial year, which begins on April 1.

The amount, Y.2,867,000,000, does not include the money required for continuing the war in China, for which an extraordinary budget, providing for Y.4,850,000,000 has been submitted to the Diet.—Reuter.

JAPAN MAY GET PLANES FROM ITALY

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Negotiations for the conclusion of a tripartite Japan-Manchoukuo-Italy barter agreement, whereby Japan will acquire Italian planes in exchange for Manchurian soya beans, are in progress in Rome, the "Yomiuri" reported to-day.—Domei.

ENGINEERS HERE TO WORK ON BOOM

Nagasaki Maru Brings Many Passengers

A Minister, a novelist, a patriotic woman and salvage workers were included in the miscellaneous human cargo brought here on Sunday by the Nagasaki Maru, the "Shanghai Nippo" reported yesterday.

Heading the passenger list was Mr. Masayuki Tani, newly-appointed Minister-at-large. The novelist was Mr. Karoku Miyaji, who came to gather material for another best-seller.

Mrs. Katsuko Fujii, of the Kyoto Botanical Gardens, arrived here to convey the Japan Women's National Defence Association's good wishes to troops in Central China.

The largest group of passengers on the vessel was the Japan Salvage Company's expedition of 35 engineers and workers, sent here to refloat the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha's river ships sunk off Nantao.

Delayed for a day by fog, the Nagasaki Maru left here less than five hours after her arrival. Among the departing passengers was Count Kocho Ohtani, Chief Abbot of the Higashi Hongan Temple in Kyoto.

HORSES EAT COTTON DUST

Japan Makes New Fodder Discovery

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

A horse contentedly munching dust-cotton led to the discovery of a new kind of fodder.

It has been found that dust recovered from cotton spinning mills makes a fodder with a very high percentage of nutritive value. This is the ultimate result of an extensive research in cattle food conducted by the local Agricultural Department in view of the tremendous increase in the prices of usual fodder.

Rice husks have gone up more than 60 per cent. in price recently, while imported fodders have become almost impossible to obtain.

Chemical analysis has proved that dust-cotton contains over 12.69 per cent. proteins, 5.17 per cent. fats, 40.21 per cent. non-nitrogenus organic matter, 16.07 per cent. coarse fibres, 13.3 per cent. moisture and 12.56 per cent. coarse ash.

Tests made with this new animal food have been successful, it is claimed, and is expected to go far in the alleviation of stock owners' difficulties.—Reuter.

BOOM AT TSINGTAO PIERCED

Customs Vessel Raised By Japanese

Tsingtao, Mar. 7.

The boom, laid by the Chinese authorities on December 18—simultaneously with the burning of the Japanese cotton mills—to prevent the entry of the Japanese warships into Tsingtao harbour, was partially lifted this morning when the Japanese Navy salvagers succeeded in raising the Chinese Customs cruiser Haiching.

With the removal of this vessel, it was possible to pilot the Taiko Maru, a 3,000-ton ship, alongside the wharf.

Two ships of 4,000-tons each are expected to enter the harbour shortly.—Reuter.

U.S. UNAWARE OF EVILS OF COMMUNISM

Mr. Hirota Says Japan Will Negotiate When Time Ripe

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Asked whether negotiations were in progress between Japan and the United States on the control of Communist activity, Mr. Koki Hirota, the Foreign Minister, told the budget committee in the House of Representatives to-day that the American people apparently were not fully aware of the evils of Communism.

Capitalism which is flourishing in the United States is diametrically opposed to Communism, he said, and therefore when the American people awakened to the evils of Communism, Japan "will start negotiations not only with the United States, but with Britain, the Netherlands and other countries, for the diffusion of anti-Comintern spirit."

Interpellated on the question of fisheries off Bristol Bay, the Foreign Minister said there apparently was much misunderstanding by the United States concerning the matter. Negotiations were going on, he stated, between Japan and the United States in connection with the fisheries, but they had not advanced to such a state as would warrant any statement being issued.—Domei.

10% DIVIDEND ON PROPERTIES

Annual Meeting of Central Properties, Ltd.

A ten per cent. dividend on the issued capital of $1,800,000 was declared at the fifth ordinary general meeting of the Central Properties, Ltd., which was held at 4 p.m. yesterday in the board room of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd.

Mr. F. R. Davey, the chairman, presided, directors present being Messrs. Li Ming, C. J. Meager, H. E. Arnhold, M. Speelman and L. J. Ovadia. Mr. J. B. Etherington also attended in his capacity of secretary. Altogether 131,045 shares were represented.

After the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report had been read, the chairman said:

Chairman's Speech

Our assets are the same as at the end of 1936, with the exception of the item of $364,424.36, under the heading of investments, which shows an increase of $107,925.46, as compared with the figure appearing in the previous year's accounts. These investments are part of the Company's surplus earnings which have been invested in fixed interest bearing securities, and the value of which, as you will note, at the end of the year under review was slightly in excess of cost.

It is proposed again to write off an amount of $36,000 in further reduction of the debenture underwriting commission, which amount represents the proportion for one year on the basis of amortization of the total amount over the period of ten years, for which the relative debenture issue is current, and to continue the policy adopted in previous years of limiting dividends to 10 per cent., per annum, which is the figure recommended for the year under review.

"Shareholders will be glad to know that none of the properties, forming the security for the mortgages held by your Company, have been damaged during the recent hostilities, and their value as security would not appear to have been impaired thereby."

The Resolutions

The following resolutions were put to the meeting and carried unanimously:

That the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1937, as presented, be accepted and passed.—Proposed by Mr. F. R. Davey and seconded by Mr. Li Ming.

That the amount of $733,155.26, which is made up of $358,925.63 being the nett profit for the year under review, together with $374,229.63 brought forward from last year, be appropriated as follows:—

To pay a dividend of 10% on the Issued Capital of $1,800,000	$180,000.00
To write off proportionate amount of Debenture Underwriting Commission	36,000.00
To carry forward	517,155.26
	$733,155.26

—Proposed by Mr. C. J. Meager and seconded by Mr. H. E. Arnhold.

That Messrs. C. J. Meager and L. I. Ovadia, who retire by rotation, be re-elected Directors of the Company.—Proposed by Mr. Li Ming and seconded by Mr. M. Speelman.

That Messrs. Turner, Sturrock and Brown, Chartered Accountants, be re-appointed as the Company's Auditors for the current year.—Proposed by Mr. M. Speelman and seconded by Mr. H. E. Arnhold.

BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT WINS ELECTION

Sofia, Mar. 7.

The results of the parliamentary elections yesterday in 48 constituencies were announced this morning. As all political parties have been dissolved in Bulgaria, the issue was one of government versus opposition. The government was able to claim a clear victory as thirty of its supporters were elected against fourteen of the opposition. Among successful opposition candidates is M. Nejkoff, the former leader of the Social Democrats, while the former Premier, M. Muszanoff, failed to get elected.—Trans-Ocean.

"Christmas Comes" Twice This Year

Spring's Arrival Delayed By Yuletide Weather

As if annoyed on being accused of playing pranks, Shanghai's weather man decided to continue Sunday's freakish weather yesterday and to go one better, incredible though that may seem. Yesterday, to all appearances, winter had returned to stay, and typical Yuletide atmosphere brought shivers to Shanghailanders eagerly preparing for Spring. Throughout the day, alternated with snow, and so low did the temperature fall that the snow remained in sheltered corners, on roofs and on undisturbed motor vehicles. Once again, Siccaiwei's thermometer gave up the ghost, unable to record the terrific variations in temperature, and remaining scornfully content with a "Minimum Nil"—"Maximum Nil." In the quiet grounds of Holy Trinity Cathedral, however, the mercury was braver, and showed a minimum but half a degree above freezing point, 32.5, while the maximum was 44.5 degrees Fahrenheit.

MR. Vernon Bartlett, noted journalist and political commentator, paid a rapid visit to Shanghai over the week-end.

M. PADEREWSKI WILL VISIT POLAND

Warsaw, Mar. 6.

M. Ignatz Paderewski, Polish composer and one-time Prime Minister, has decided to break his self-imposed exile and return to Poland in June for a lengthy visit, according to a report published in the Polish press.—Trans-Ocean.

COMING!
DEANNA DURBIN
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKY
"100 MEN AND A GIRL"

COAL
Telephones 10952, 18418
S. A. RACINE & CIE.
For coal apply
Head Offices 2 PEKING ROAD
Branch Office: RUE LAFAYETTE
Opp. Rue Cardinal Mercier

BRUCE S JENKINS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
Facilities for Writing All Lines of Insurance
113 Kiukiang Rd., Room 200
Let us take care of your insurance requirements
Telephones 17272-12867
Insurance Advisors

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 6 p.m.

Your CHOICE
OF THE LATEST SHIPMENT OF
DRIED FRUITS!
...At Better Budget-Saving Prices!

	Per Pound		Per Pound
Choice Dried Apples, Choice Dried Peaches, Choice Dried Pears, Choice Dried Figs, Choice Dried Mixed Fruits	$0.50	Seedless Black Raisins	$0.32
		Seedless White Raisins	0.48
		Heinz Queen Olives	1.40
		Heinz Stuffed Olives	2.80
		Delmonte Ripe Olives	1.40
	Per Pound	Sindbad Dates 10oz. Pkt	35
Choice Dried Apricots	70	Sindbad Pitted Dates 12oz. Pkt	50
Dried Prunes 60/70	30	Fancy Currants Per Pound	50
Dried Prunes 40/50	40	Chiver's Glace Red Cherries Per Pound	2.80
Dried Prunes 18/24	60	Chiver's Prunes in Loganby, Juice No. 1 Tin	1.00
Dried Prunes S. & W. 11b. Pkt	40		

Also 5% Discount for Cash with Order

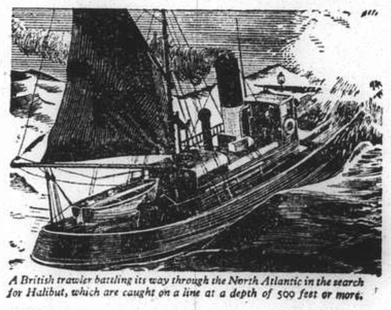
LET US SEND YOU A COMPLETE PRICE LIST

VAN SHING'S
"The up-to-date GROCERS"
955 AVENUE JOFFRE Telephones 73595-6

The Nicest Way of taking HALIBUT LIVER OIL

When children are run down and fail to put on their normal weight, give them a daily dose of Haliborange. This delicious combination of the finest Halibut Liver Oil and Orange Juice is an invaluable help in safeguarding their health in the winter when an indoor life deprives them of fresh air and sunshine. The Halibut Liver Oil gives Vitamins A and D in highly concentrated form and the Orange Juice provides the important Vitamin C. There is such a Complete Absence of Fishy Taste and it is so delicious that all children take it eagerly.

Haliborange is very simple to give or take—just half a teaspoonful for baby rising to a tablespoonful for adults, so start your family on Haliborange now.



A British trawler battling its way through the North Atlantic in the search for Halibut, which are caught on a line at a depth of 500 feet or more.

Haliborange

Rich in Vitamins A, D and C.

For sale by all Chemists in large and small bottles.

ALLEN & HANBURYS, LTD.
110 Hankow Road, Shanghai

FROM DAY TO DAY

MRS. R. M. Currie and Miss Currie arrived in the ss. Aeneas on March 6.

MR. and Mrs. W. G. Crokam are due to return to Shanghai from their trip to Australia about the middle of April.

MR. H. W. Maxted, Far Eastern manager of Messrs. Wilkinson, Heywood and Clark, returned from Hongkong in the ss. Aeneas on March 6.

THE daily report of Refugee Work for March 6 follows:—No. of Camps under inspection by Public Health Department 176; No. of refugees therein 91,708.

TO-DAY at 1.10 p.m. Dr. J. T. Williams will speak over Radio Station X M H D. All are cordially invited to "tune in" to hear Dr. Williams in this noon-day devotional service.

THE engagement is announced of Mr. W. Boettcher, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Boettcher, of Tsingtao, and Miss U. Grohmann, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Grohmann of Hamburg.

MEMBERS and friends of the Foreign Y.M.C.A. are reminded of the lecture by Miss Muriel Lester, on the subject "The Essential Values of Life," this evening at 8.30 in the main lounge.

A REQUIEM Mass will be held today at 4 p.m. in the Hungjao Cemetery at the grave of Basil Maevsky, who passed away as a result of an accident on Hungjao Road two years ago. The ceremony will be conducted by Bishop Yevenali.

HIS Honour Judge A. G. Mossop, Judge of H.B.M. Supreme Court, has consented to have his name proposed as Chairman of the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers to be held at the Grand Theatre on Wednesday, April 13, at 2.30 p.m.

A SPRING offering to China's greatest sage, Confucius, was held in the Saints' Temple in Chungking on March 6 says a dispatch to local Chinese press. The ceremony was attended by 74th lineal descendant of Confucius, Mr. Kung Teh-cheng, and five other descendants of the saint.

AT the tea dance in aid of St. Tichon's Orphanage on Friday next, March 11, a dress presented by Madame Garnett, and a jade pin, will be raffled. Each ticket carries a chance for the 1st or 2nd prize (the dress and the jade pin respectively) and the tickets can be obtained at Messrs. Moutrie's at $1 each.

THE Cosmopolitan Club will meet to-morrow, at the French Club, 290 Route Cardinal Mercier. The French acting Consul-General, M. P. Auge will be the guest of honour and give a talk on "West Canada" where he visited several years ago. Members who have not made their reservations may yet telephone 31164: Mr. P. K. Chu, the Hon Secretary of the Club, for them.

A MEETING of the Royal Asiatic Society will be held in the Wu-Lien-Teh Hall, 20 Museum Road, on Thursday, March 10 at 5.30 p.m. when a lecture will be given by Mr. A. BB. Whatman on "The Oxford University Arctic Expedition of 1935-36 to North-East Land," illustrated with lantern slides. The chair will be taken by Mr. Arthur De Carle Sowerby.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council Health Report for the week ending midnight March 5, shows that the total number of deaths amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement were—Foreigners 2, and Chinese 779. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners. Cerebrospinal Fever 1, and Chinese. Tuberculosis 31; Typhoid Fever 18; Dysentery 17; Measles 17; Diphtheria 8; Cerebrospinal Fever 7; Beriberi: 6; Scarlet Fever 4 and Typhus Fever 1.

APPARENTLY finding the lunar calendar not suitable to the public the Ta Tao (Great Way) City Government with its head office in Pootung, has adopted the use of the Gregorian calendar since the beginning of March, says the "Sin-Wan Pao." In official documents and notices issued by the Ta Tao's various bureaux, the Gregorian dates are in use, although they omit the number of years of the Chinese Republic.

AN interesting lantern lecture on the effect of the hostilities on the plant of the various Public services was given last night before The Engineering Society of China at the Park Hotel. The pictures were appreciatively received by a large audience and the several speakers representing the different Utility and Public service companies were applauded for their efforts in providing the material for a very instructive lecture. Mr. J. Haynes Wilson was in the chair.

THE results of examinations in the Chinese (Mandarin) language of the British Chamber of Commerce. Chinese Language School, held recently, are as follows. Mr. S. G. Beare of the British Consulate-General was the examiner:—T. Hoggarth, third course 93 per cent. honours; D. van den Brandeler, third course, 80 per cent., first class pass; Mrs. K. W. Irle, Second Course, 85 per cent., first Class pass; H. Kruger, second course, 79 per cent., pass; J. H. I. van Eck, first course 79 per cent., pass and W. A. Scott, first course 70 per cent., pass.

THE "Sin Wen Pao" states that the Yoh Lai Provision Store 356 Canton Road, one of the largest stores of its kind in the city, recently received a threatening letter accusing the shop of having made "huge" profits by dealing in smuggled goods and demanding a "loan" of $5,000. The writers threatend to resort to violence should the sum demanded was not forthcoming. The letter was signed by "Mobile Unit" (Pi Tong Tuai). The Yoh Lai Provision Store, it will be recalled, was "bombed" several years ago by a Shaoshing man, Liang Dong-foong, who lost one of his arms as a result.

CHINESE SCATTERED IN SOUTH SHANSI PROVINCE

Japanese Claim Terminus of Railway Captured: Important Success in North

Hankow, Mar. 7.

WITH the Chinese forces scattered in all parts of southern Shansi, fighting in that Province has developed into a "free for all" without any definite defence line or set position. The chief centre of fighting is at Pinglu, on the north bank of the Yellow River, opposite Shenhsien on the Lunghai railway, between Loyang and Tungkwan. Fighting is also taking place at Yunchien, Hsiahsien, and Chuwu, all in southern Shansi.

In eastern Shansi, severe fighting is taking place at Hsiangyuan, Singshui, and Tungliu, west of Tungyangkwan. Huge fires are raging in Pinglu, the flames being clearly visible on the south bank of the Yellow River, according to the inhabitants of Shenhsien, who add that gunfire may also be heard.

The main body of the Chinese forces in southern Shansi is concentrated in two groups: one defending the western bank of the Fen River, the other group massing in the mountains, east of the Tungpu Railway.

Japanese forces in Shansi are attempting to cross the Yellow River at five points.

The northernmost column, with its base at Pienkwan, near the Suiyuan-Shansi border on the east bank of the Yellow River, south of the Great Wall, is striking westward towards Hochu with the intention of crossing the great waterway where the Shansi, Suiyuan and Shensi provinces meet.

Another column, having captured Lishih, with its base at Fengyang, is heading for Chuintu.

A third column, based at Hsienhsien, is striking westward for Futangtu.

The main body of the Japanese forces, pushing down the Tungpu Railway, is heading for Fenglingtu, near Tungkwan.

The fifth Japanese column, based at Chaihsien, on the Tungpu Railway, is advancing towards the south-east, with Maotsuintu, on the north bank of the Yellow River opposite Shenhsien, Honan, as its objective.

The crossing of the river at Fenglingtu has been closed and the Chinese troops in Shansi are remaining in that province.

Bridges and railway tracks on the Tungpu Railway have been extensively destroyed in order to hold up the Japanese advance. Locomotives and coaches, gathered at Fenglingtu, have all also been blown up to the same end.—Reuter.

Japanese Claims

Taiyuan, Mar. 7.

Bringing to a victorious end a 24-day drive along the Tungpu Railway, dissecting Shansi from north to south, the Kaneoka mobile unit yesterday afternoon occupied Puchow, the southern terminus of the line.

The detachment covered the 70 klms. between Wensi and Puchow in less than 72 hours.

The occupation of the important railway town placed Japanese troops in control of south-western Shansi and within a striking distance of Tungkwan, a strategic town at the intersection of the Shansi, Shensi and Honan border lines.

With the fall of Puchow, nearly every important town in Shansi has been occupied by Japanese troops.

The Shansi general offensive was launched on February 11, Japan's revered "Empire Day".—Domei.

Hochu Captured

Tatung, Mar. 7.

Driving through a blinding blizzard, four Japanese detachments at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon occupied Hochu, an important town on the Shansi side of the frozen Yellow River.

Immediately after entering the town, the Hisano, Marw. Senda and Iwata began to ferret out Chinese stragglers, who failed to cross the river into north-eastern Shensi.

Hochu lies on the eastern bank of the Hwangho, across the river from the Shensi section of the Great Wall. The town has been used as a distributing centre for military supplies pouring into northern Shansi.

Japanese operations against Hochu have been greatly hindered by a four-day snow storm. Wuhwacheng, 10 klms. south-east of Hochu, was occupied yesterday morning. In the preceding 24 hours, the four units had advanced only two kilometres.

In capturing Hochu, the Japanese troops thwarted the reported preparations by Gen. Ho Chu-kuo's army of 50,000 men to launch a counter-offensive in northern Shansi and Suiyuan, with the town as the base of operations.

The fall of the town, Japanese military authorities here claimed, completed the pacification of northern Shansi.

Inner Mongolian troops were reported to have defeated Gen. Ma Chan-shan's vaunted cavalrymen in an engagement in the Ordos country, in south-eastern Suiyuan.

Hotsin Occupied

Meanwhile, the Okano detachment, pursuing Chinese troops along the right bank of the ice-bound Fen River, in south-western Shansi, reported the occupation of Hotsin on Saturday morning.

The town, according to a report received here, was occupied after the unit repulsed a counter-attack by 800 Chinese soldiers near Shihtichen.

On Friday, the Okano detachment reported the "complete annihilation" of a Chinese unit of 300 men at Tsishan.

Casting dark shadows on the snow-cloaked mountains below, Japanese Army aeroplanes yesterday staged two raids on a concentration of about 3,000 Chinese soldiers at a point eight kilometres north-west of Sanfenpao, about 160 klms. north-west of Taiyuan.

The Chinese unit was said to have been scattered with heavy losses.—Domei.

Advance Halted on Railway

Hankow, Mar. 7.

According to reports reaching here, the Japanese advance along the Tungkwan railway in south-western Shansi province appears to have been held up by the Chinese, though severe fighting is still going on north of Hauma. Chinese troops estimated at several thousand are also still said to be holding out near Linfeng, the recapture of which is declared possible.

Extensive Chinese troop movements are reported from the eastern side of the Tungkwan railway, also indicating an impending advance by the Chinese on Linfeng.

There is still much fighting going on in the south-eastern part of Shansi where the Japanese advance has also been brought to a halt, so that the Japanese have been compelled to bring up fresh troops in order to be able to hold their positions at Fengkiu, Mengshien and Wenhsien, all of which are situated north of the Yellow River.

Japanese artillery yesterday resumed the bombardment of towns on the Lunghai railway where it runs along the southern bank of the Yellow River. Traffic on the railway between Chengchow and Loyang had to be suspended for two hours in order to enable the Chinese to carry out repairs.

Japanese aircraft were also very active yesterday, carrying out a series of attacks on the Lunghai railway.

Yesterday saw a lull in the operations in the region of the Pinghan and Tsinpu railway lines, but the Japanese claim to have improved their positions along the northern sectors of these two railway lines, apparently with the object of safeguarding the big troops transports that have been leaving Tientsin.—Trans-Ocean.

NORWAY WILL JOIN ARMS RACE

Huge Defence Loan Likely to Be Requested

Oslo, Mar. 7.

Norway has decided to follow the example of other European countries in carrying out a big armament programme.

It is understood that in the next few days, the Norwegian Government will ask parliament for authority to raise a big loan for this purpose. It is proposed to spend an additional 25,000,000 Kronen on defence. The government will also ask for a supplementary grant of 10,000,000 Kronen for the construction of roads and railways of military importance.

Political circles here point out that the latter measure can only be interpreted as designed to ward off the danger of a Soviet Russian invasion from the north.—Trans-Ocean.

JAPANESE BOOK BAN AIDS SALES

All Leftist Writings Very Much in Demand

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

The latest step in the Japanese Government campaign for "National Spiritual Mobilization" has been to suppress all Leftist ideas and books.

Many books written years ago by eminent Japanese scholars are now branded as Leftists and have been removed from circulation.

As a result these proscribed books are fetching prices several times as high as previously and secondhand bookshops are doing a great trade in them. Whether the demand is due to curiousity or a desire to read what is prohibited among young Japanese is not known.—Reuter.

GEN. MATSUI REPORTS TO PRINCE KONOYE

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

"Important suggestions" regarding Japan's policy in China were advanced by Gen. Iwane Matsui, former Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese troops in Central China, in an interview last night with the Premier, Prince Konoye the Metropolitan Press reported to-day. Gen. Matsui informed the Premier of the latest developments in Shanghai.—Domei.

GERMAN TRADE WITH FAR EAST

According to figures received by Trans-Ocean from competent quarters, German trade to the Far East during the last year has been:—

German imports from:

	(In 1,000 Marks) 1937	1936
China	53,623	70,496
(including 217 from Hongkong)		
Manchoukuo	64.595 approx.	43.000
Japan	25,678	23,693

German exports to:

	(In 1,000 Marks) 1937	1936
China	148.367	126,541
(including 20,502 to Hongkong)		
Manchoukuo	11,747 approx.	6.000
Japan	117,248	74,912

Representations Made on Mail Censorship

"Simply worded" representations were received by the Japanese authorities in Shanghai early in March from the British and American consuls-general with regard to the reported plans for the institution of mail censorship here, a Japanese Embassy spokesman said yesterday. The communications were still unanswered, he added. Similar representations were made by the American Ambassador in Tokyo late in February. The spokesman said he was unaware what steps had been taken by the Japanese Foreign Office with regard to the matter.

Japanese censorship of mails began yesterday. Comprising of 22 persons, the censors are divided into two shifts, working day and night, according to information from Chinese sources. The censors first occupied their room in the Post Office in North Soochow Road last Saturday, but work was actually begun yesterday. All the censors, who called on Mr. A. M. Chapelain, director, and Mr. Wong Waysung, assistant director and chief of the local business department, last Saturday, were introduced to the heads of various departments of the Post Office yesterday.

Navy Arms Race Decision Rests On Japan Alone

Tokyo Must Modify Demands for Parties

SENATOR BORAH WILL OPPOSE BIG NAVY

London, Mar. 7.

"While it is certain that Great Britain and the United States will welcome any practicable suggestion for checking the present naval race, it is felt here that, unless Japan is prepared to modify her demand for a common upper limit in naval tonnage —which means, in effect, Japanese equality in naval power—no agreement is possible."

This statement was made to-day by the Naval Correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" in commenting on recent declarations by Mr. Koki Hirota, the Japanese Foreign Minister, that it would be gratifying if an opportunity occurred for conversations between the Powers for naval disarmament, and that Japan, in such an event, would press for the total abolition of capitalships and aircraft-carriers.

"Japan," the correspondent declares, "has only one naval front to guard, while Britain has naval responsibilities throughout the world and the United States has to provide for defence in both the Pacific and Atlantic.

"The abolition of capitalships and aircraft-carriers would merely consolidate Japan's strategic control of areas in the Pacific."—Reuter.

U.S. Senate Opposition

Washington, Mar. 6.

Indicating that a bitter fight may be looming in the Senate over the President's naval expansion programme Senator William Borah, Independent Republican of Idaho, today attacked the Administration's naval building plans as an unjustified step toward "another world war."

Senator Borah denounced any large naval expenditures "at a time when our people are in sore distress to find the means for carrying on." He alleged that "something more is contemplated" than defence if the naval building programmes were judged on the basis of the House Naval Affairs Committee hearings on the Vinson Naval Expansion Bill.

"To add far over $1,000,000,000 to the regular naval appropriation with the full knowledge that it is but the beginning when taken in connection with what other nations are doing, is a long step toward world bankruptcy and a possible world war," he declared.

Senator Borah urged the United States to abandon the boycott movement against Japan. "It often suggests war....and gains nothing" he said.

Referring to the House Naval Affairs Committee report which urged the adoption of the Vinson Navy Bill, Senator Borah said it was the "most depressing happening since the Great War because it is the beginning of another world war—an armaments war."—United Press.

THE Committee on People's Diplomacy in Hankow has recently made postcards with pictures depicting China's current resistance campaign against Japan for distribution to foreign countries, says a report to the "Sin Wen Pao." Many foreign nationals in Hankow in sympathy with the Chinese cause, it is reported, have bought large batches to be sent to relatives and friends at home and helped in the appointment of agencies abroad for the sale of the postcards.

CAPITOL

142 Museum Road. Tel. 17100

LAST SHOWING !

at 2.30, 5.30 and 8.45 p.m.

— TO-MORROW ONLY !—

ROBERT TAYLOR JEAN HARLOW

" PERSONAL PROPERTY "

with

REGINALD OWEN

CANADA LOSES NOTED POLICE CHIEF

Sir James MacBrien Passes at Age of 59

MAN WHO MODERNIZED ROYAL "MOUNTIES"

Toronto, Mar. 7.

Maj.-Gen. Sir James Howden MacBrien, Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police since 1931, died to-day at the age of 59.

It was under his direction that the famous red-coated police force became Canada's Scotland Yard. The Mountie, in addition to chasing smugglers, took over the policing of several provinces, trained dogs to find persons lost in the woods and trained himself to be a lawyer and a scientist.

Appointed Commissioner in 1931, Sir James MacBrien was faced with the task of re-organizing and developing to high modern efficiency this famous body whose activities until that time, had been chiefly occupied with patrolling the North West Territories and the Arctic, enforcing laws against narcotic smugglers and similar duties coming within the scope of the Dominion Government.

The appointment followed a meteoric military career during which Sir James rose, in 20 years, from the ranks to the post of Chief of the General Staff of Canada's defence forces.

Rise from the Ranks

Born at Myrtle in Ontario on June 30, 1878, of Irish parentage, James Howden MacBrien went to Port Perry high school.

He joined the old 34th Ontario Regiment and was a militia-man for three years before he enlisted as a constable in the Royal North West Mounted Police in 1900. Later that year, he volunteered for service in the South African campaign and was with the South African Constabulary until 1906.

Returning to Canada he was given a commission in the Royal Canadian Dragoons and the following year was selected as an exchange officer with Australia. There he spent two years on instructional duties with the Australian Light Horse in Victoria, new South Wales and Queensland.

Returning again to Canada he was appointed adjutant of his own regiment, the Royal Canadian Dragoons, and for four years was administrative and regimental officer. In 1912, he qualified for entrance to the Staff College and, when the war broke out, was called to the War Office

War Services

When Canada's first contingent reached Salisbury Plain late in 1914, he joined it and was attached to the Divisional Staff as Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General.

He went to France on active service in February 1915 and was there till the Armistice. He won the D.S.O. in the second battle of Ypres and served as Divisional Staff Officer during the actions of Festubert and Givenchy. He was wounded in action at Vimy Ridge in April 1917 and again during the attack on the Drocourt-Queant line in September 1918.

After the Armistice, MacBrien was recalled to England where he was in command of the Canadian forces in England and had the task of repatriating the Canadian troops. He was promoted Major-General and became Chief of the General Staff Overseas for the Canadian forces.

He returned to Canada in June 1920, was appointed Inspector-General and, when that office was merged with that of Chief of Staff, he became the first Chief of the General Staff of the department of National Defence.

He retired from the Canadian permanent forces on pension in 1928 at the age of 50.

Enthusiastic about flying, he immediately set about learning to pilot an aeroplane and make Canada "Air-minded." He also introduced to the town where he had made his home, the sport of riding to hounds.

He had only been in retirement for three years when he was called upon to take over the post of Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

"Flying Commissioner"

As an old trooper, he was extremely fond of horses; but under his guidance, the force gradually dropped the use of horses, except for ceremonial occasions and exercise and turned to motor-cycles, motor cars, aeroplanes, motor boots and microscopes.

Beyond the frontiers, the Mountie used a canoe with an outboard motor, sailed the northern seas in a small cruiser or, in winter, ran behind a sled drawn by huskies.

As Commissioner, Sir James himself set a precedent by visiting the outposts by air. Frequently, he made circuits of thousands of miles in a few weeks and became known as the "Flying Commissioner."

Under Sir James's direction, a marine section was added to the force together with the swift cruisers Macdonald and Laurier, launched at Quebec in 1936 for use in pursuit of contraband runners or any other police purpose.

The force itself was expanded. Training schools for an R.C.M.P. reserve were started at Ottawa, Regina, Fredericton and Vancouver in 1937 and 300 young men were enlisted for three years to receive training for two months each year. These undertook to be ready for service in the event of an emergency and might qualify for regular enlistment in the force. Young and promising constables were sent to Universities and were required to study law and science.

The Administrative offices were moved to larger quarters and laboratories added to their equipment.

Sir James received his Knighthood in 1935. He had previously been awarded with the Companionship of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, and he earned the D.S.O. and Bar and the French Legion of Honour for his services in France.

Tall, slight and weather-beaten, Sir Jawes was always an outdoors man, a devotee of hpysical culture. His country home at Aylmer, about ten miles up the Ottawa River from the capital, had a splendid stable of hunters and the hunting breakfasts at the MacBrien home became renowned.

Sir James was twice married and has three sons and three daughters. —Reuter.

THE Ta Tao (Great Way) City Government has established a traffic office which will handle the registration of all kinds of vehicles. The time limit for such registration is from March 1 to 15. Having had their vehicles examined at the office, the owners are required to apply to the finance bureau for licences before being permitted to operate such vehicles within the Ta Tao City Government's territory. The Ta Tao traffic office is at Tung Chong Road, Pootung, with branches at Kao Chiao Cheng and Tsaokadoo.

NEW U.S. TREASURY REFINANCING

Bonds To Be Exchanged for Matured Notes

Washington, Mar. 6.

Terms of the Treasury's March refinancing operation have been announced by Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the United States Treasury.

The Treasury, he states, is offering Treasury bonds, bearing interest at 2½ per cent. per annum and maturing in 10½ years, in exchange for the $455,000,000 three per cent. notes maturing on March 15. The offering will be limited to notes tendered and accepted in exchange. Cash subscriptions will not be received.

Calling attention to the longer maturity of this issue, Mr. Morgenthau said that conditions were now better for Government issues in the bond market.—Reuter.

The familiar Round Packet containing 20 Capstan small sized Cigarettes has been

SQUARED UP

and now comes to you in a new, convenient flat packet which easily fits into your pocket or purse, occupying a minimum of space with a maximum of convenience. It is

WRAPPED IN CELLOPHANE

which ensures an absolutely 100% moisture proof and factory-fresh Cigarette, because it is scientifically packed. The Price is the same as for the old style Round 20's packet, now discontinued.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS

BRISTOL AND LONDON

EB-1403

Foreign Y.M.C.A. Nears Ten-pin Championship

CRUCIAL GAMES TO BE THIS WEEK

Marines Still Only Unbeaten Team in League

INDIVIDUAL CONTESTS TO START TO-MORROW

The Foreign Y.M.C.A. is almost within reach of the 1938 Inter-Club Ten Pin championship. Its team need to win four more games in a total of six, as the league goes into the last week of competition. To-night the "Y" bowlers will meet the American Club in home alleys and should go all out to repeat the fine performance of a 3-0 victory gained in the first round.

In the two recent matches, the Foreign "Y" players have shown top form, individual as well as team. H. Moseler's singles average of 165.3 was the lowest among the five contestants. W. Kohnert had the best, reaching 183.6. Their team singles went as high as 876.3. Last Thursday night two new league marks were registered. J. Kleffel, in a surprise performance, piled up a singles score of 265, which represents the highest tally ever achieved in league competition, but falls only four pins short of the 269 pinfall established by P. Dunne in the 1931 men's singles championship. This fine performance enabled the "Y" to amass the season's new aggregate of 989.

Marines' Unbeaten

The Marines are the only unbeaten team in the league but they have had comparatively the hardest task to keep a clean slate in view of their narrow victories. All the successes were made by scores of 2-1. To-night the "Leatherneck" are idle, with a bye, but on Thursday they are to meet the "Y" in the season's finale.

In the Second Division the race for supremacy has become a three-way affair. The American Club are slightly ahead of both the Shanghai Race Club and the Marines, having one game more in the winning column. As far as opponents are concerned, the Race Club have a better chance. They are expected to beat the Columbians to-night and also the Swiss team on Thursday, while the Marines and the American Club both have to encounter the tough "Y" side.

Uneventful Play

Play during the past week among the second leaguers was rather uneventul, of course, with the exception of Anderson's excellent single of 234 pins. This score constituted a new mark, bettering Clark's record by three pins.

The final events of the Shanghai Bowling Congress for the ten pin season will start to-morrow Wednesday with the first round of the mixed doubles in the Foreign "Y" alleys.

Leaping Morn (C. B. Moller), who won, taking the last jump in the Vaquero Maiden Steeplechase. He is followed by White Patches (John Sparke) Airplane (A. Johnstone) and Saucylight (R. B. Moller).

U.S. Ambassador Begins Well in England

Mr. Joseph Kennedy, American Ambassador to the Court of St. James, has begun his diplomatic career in British with a remarkable feat. Playing golf at Stokes Poges yesterday, he did the second hole, 120 yards, in one.

The second round will be played at the C.C.C. on the 16th inst. and the final on the 23rd in the Race Club. Last year Mrs. R. T. McDonnell and F. E. Cushman were the winners, with a record score of 3,290. A list of the champions since the inception of the S.B.C. championships follows:—

1934	Mrs. McDonnell and W. Fielden	2,851
1925	Mrs. Malleck and L. J. Hilden	3,044
1936	Mrs. Geibel and T. A. Butler	3,060
1937	Mrs. McDonnell and F. E. Cushman	3,290

Other Contests

The men's doubles and singles championships will follow in respective order. The dates the announced by the Congress as follows:—

MEN'S DOUBLES

1st round.—Saturday, March 12 at Foreign Y.M.C.A.
2nd round.—Wednesday, Mar 16 at Columbia Country Club.
3rd round.—Wednesday, March 23 at Shanghai Race Club.

MEN'S SINGLES

1st round.—Saturday, March 12 at American Club.
2nd round.—Saturday, March 19 at Shanghai Race Club.
3rd round.—Saturday, March 26 at Columbia Country Club.

As the case of the mixed doubles, new marks were chalked up in last year's competitions. In the doubles, F. Higginson and W. B. Ramsey won premier honours by netting an aggregate of 3,253 while in the singles, Jimmy Deegan ran up the highest total of 1,799, out-numbering the record of C. J. Evans in 1934 by 77 pins.

Secretary's Note

Reservation for time and alley should be made as soon as possible to the Hon. Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. F. M. Gonsalves c/o Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., 26, The Bund (Tel. 12981). Mr. Gonsalves has recently succeeded Mr. V. L. Xavier in taking charge of all the bowling activities. The latter resigned owing to pressure of business.

MISUNDERSTANDING CLEARED

Lemberg's Performance No Fault of Trainer

BY "THE SQUIRE"

Lemberg's extraordinary behaviour on Saturday, when he careered three times round the course before the "Z Class" Champions, naturally attracted a great deal of attention. In his account of the races "The Squire" stated that the pony appeared mad and this, possibly, has fostered rumours and the trainer of the pony is very concerned.

The trainer in question, Popoff, is a man of the greatest integrity who trains many successful race ponies and hunters, with the confidence of their owners. It should not be overlooked that this is not the first time Lemberg has shown a desire to bolt and he is believed to have bolted in Hongkong. The pony certainly has a will of his own, and he is said by his owner to be quite impossible to hold if he wants to go. "The Squire" has pleasure in putting these facts on record.

Strong English Side For Calcutta Cup

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Mar. 7.

With the exception of P. L. Candler, the team to represent England in the Calcutta Cup match against Scotland at Twickenham on March 19, will be identical with that which trounced Ireland by six goals, one penalty goal, and one try (36 points) to one goal and three tries (14 points) at Dublin on February 12. Candler has been brought in to replace P. Cranmer (Moseley) who was captain. The new team will be:

G. W. Parker (Blackheath); E. J. Unwin (Army and Rosslyn Park), B. E. Nicholson (Harlequins), P. L. Candler (Cambridge and St. Bartholomew's Hospital), H. S. Sever (Sale); F. J. Reynolds (Army and Old Cranleighans), J. L. Giles (Coventry); R. J. Longland (Northampton), H. B. Toft (Waterloo), R. E. Prescott (Harlequins), T. F. Huskisson (Old Merchant Taylors), R. M. Marshall (Oxford University), R. Bolton (Harlequins), D. L. K. Milman (Bedford), W. H. Weston (Northampton).

Scotland has hitherto been undefeated, with two victories in two matches, but she must beat England, who have lost once, to be the undisputed holder of the championship.—Reuter.

Tail-Wagger Chats

PARASITES OF THE DOG

BY PHILOKUON

In David Harum, the pungent wit of which has enriched the English language, we are told that "a reasonable amount o' fleas is good for a dog—keeps him from broodin' over bein' a dog." That is as it may be. Most of us would prefer other means than scratching for preventing a dog from becoming too introspective. The sight of one continually raking at its skin is almost as irritating to an observer as it is to the dog. Swift wrote of fleas that were preyed upon by smaller:

And these have smaller still to bite 'em;
And so proceed *ad infinitum*.

I doubt if that was sound natural history. As far as I know nature has not provided us with other parasites that live upon *pulex irritans*, so we have to devise artificial methods of our own for their destruction.

These pestiferous little insects infest a number of animals. I picked up a swallow the other day that had been injured, and found that it was thick with them. Hedge-hogs, too, usually swarm with them. I cannot say, not having a profound knowledge of the subject, if these are the same as the dog flea, which is bigger and different in several ways from those that are unpleasant to human beings. A lady, who wrote for advice the other day, had exhausted all the commonly approved devices for freeing her dog from fleas, besides disinfecting its sleeping quarters, yet within a short time it becomes as bad as ever.

There must be something in the surroundings favourable to the multiplication of the parasites. I understand that they breed freely in sand, for instance. In warm weather the eggs are laid in sand and soon hatch out. I suppose rats may convey them, too. Usually it is a simple matter to get rid of them, and keep them away. With most dogs a daily grooming and occasional bath are all that is necessary. If these are not effectual, the powders sold for the purpose can be well dusted in, this process to be followed by a thorough brushing on a sheet of paper that can afterwards be burnt. Spirits of camphor rubbed into the coat are excellent, but of course care must be taken to keep the dog away from any light for a time.

The bedding should be destroyed, and the sleeping box or basket disinfected. A little turpentine sprinkled on the bedding is a deterrent. Fleas are mischievous guests. Not only may the subsequent scratching induce eczema, but they also form a part of the life cycle of tapeworms. The ticks that sometimes attach themselves to country dogs are easily got rid of, being immobile and easily seen. Lice are another matter altogether. Being blood suckers, unless they are checked in time they are a serious menace to the health of a dog, and the incessant irritation prevents rest. Mangex is a preparation that will kill them, and another remedy is to make an emulsion of three parts of milk to one of petroleum, and rub that well in. As the nits or eggs, which are attached to the hair, are not destroyed, it is necessary to wring a sponge out in vinegar or methylated spirits, and go over the coat with it. Take meticulous care to burn the bedding and well disinfect box or basket.

DODGERS' PRESIDENT DIES

New York, Mar. 7.

Mr. Stephen W. McKeever, 84-year-old President of the Brooklyn Dodgers, died early this morning at his residence from pneumonia.—United Press.

VOLLEYBALL LEAGUE GETS UNDER WAY

St. John's and Foreign Y.M.C.A. Successful in Third Division Encounters

THREE matches in the Third Division featured the start of the second week's play in the Invitation Volleyball League. The teams from St. John's University had a successful night when the Union vanquished St. Francis Xavier College by two straight games of 15-3 and 15-12, and the Blues overcame Nanyang by the odd game in three, with scores of 15-8, 11-15, and 15-7. In another encounter the Foreign "Y" third-stringers won from L'Humanité also in three games, 15-5, 13-15, and 15-4.

The Foreign Y.M.C.A., defending champions of this year's Invitation Volleyball League title, made a promising start Saturday night by defeating the Navy "Y," former pennant winners, in two straight games. The contest marked the debut of both teams and certainly was the feature of a programme of six matches, including one tussle in the Women's League.

Prokofieff, star player who represented the Russian Regiment in past seasons and is generally known as the "giant killer," was seen wearing the "Y" uniform and it was due to his fine leadership that the title defenders disposed of the Navy team without the loss of a single game.

Prokofieff Kills Them

As expected, Prokofieff had his big guns roaring from the very beginning. He was well assisted by Burton and Reinberg and the trio lost no time to snatch an early lead. The Navy side, however, failed to combine and were forced to play a defensive game. As a result, the homesters were never threatened and enjoyed a good lead to win the opening game, giving away only five points, 15-5.

In the second game the visitors again lost an early lead but they pursued their opponents closely and succeeded in not letting the margin become as one-sided as in the previous session. Cheng did fine work and was chiefly involved in garnering points for the losers. Mei, another top-notcher, had a poor night. Many of his smashes went astray, thus nullifying the chance of stretching the contest into a third game. The score of this chapter read 15-10.

FOREIGN "Y":—Kohnert, Burton, Bernard, Inwood, Prokofieff, Krause, and Reimberg.
NAVY "Y":—Mai, Tsang, Cheng, Yang, Hathaway, and Zung.

Marines Lose Twice

The two Battalion teams of the Fourth U.S. Marines were both overcome when the First Battalion lost to Betar, 2-0, and the Second fell victims at the hands of Sokol by the odd game in three. Betar, composed of some of the players of the former Berith Trumpeldor that won the last Second Division championship, proved decidedly superior to the First Battalion players, winning by 15-5 and 15-4.

Nevertheless, the Second Battalion had a hard fight with Sokol, especially in the first game which was decided after reaching deuce. The Russians were aggressive most of the time but they blundered rather frequently and caused the points gained to be balanced by those lost on account of errors. In the following game, the Marines meant business and allowed their rivals no chance to take the offensive. The height of Solomon proved a big help for he banged over the net a number of winning shots. In this session the "Leathernecks" emerged victors by 15-9.

There was a perceptible change of the trend of play in the third and deciding game. The Sokols came back to form and showed they would not be denied the victory. Markitant and Chorhlansteff were the chief offenders. The rest of the team collaborated smoothly to overpower the Service side without much difficulty as the score of 15-7 indicates. Players on the two sides were:—

SOKOL:—Moscaleff, Markitant, Chorhlansteff, Rotlianoff Vernberg, and Redroff.
2ND BATT.:—Gore, Solomon, Mercener, Kurseth, Lewis, Tree, Speton, and Packard.

Russian Club Win

Another engagement which went the full distance was played between the Russian Club and Sun Sing. The former dropped the first game, 15-7, but came back with two successive wins by 15-7 and 15-12. The victors were more powerful in their smashes and rightly deserved the verdict. The Chinese made a promising start, attacking strongly, but weakened as the match progressed. They lost out in a final rally.

The last encounter in the men's section resulted in Good Men winning from L'Humanite by a straight score of 15-6 and 15-10. The Good Men were better in every phase of the game and could have brought about a quicker ending had they kept on with their thrusts in the second game.

Women's Play

In the women's category the Foreign "Y" Women's Sports Section took the measure of the Whites by 15-12. Throughout the entire contest, the Reds were all over the Whites, having things well in control. The score in the second game was hardly indicative of the trend of the play as the winners took matters easily and were not serious at all.

"Y" REDS:—H. Bougaef, I. Watson, I. Bosack, N. Tait, Wilson, Dobie and Salsa.
WHITES:—E. Kemp, G. Chernoff, V. Chernoff, E. Ennock, M. Krasnopeeva, and G. Andrews.

To-Nights Games

6.45 p.m. 2nd Batt. Marines *v.* Sun Sing (B).
7.30 p.m. 1st Batt. Marines *v.* Tiger (B).
8.15 p.m. Betar *v.* Sokol (B).
9.00 p.m. Russian Club *v.* Hazelwood (B).

JAPAN DOUBTFUL AS OLYMPIC SITE

Games in Tokyo Depend On China Developments

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

The International Olympics and World Fair for 1940 again became a Parliamentary issue this morning before the House of Representatives' Committee for National Mobilization.

Since the situation is so grave that it is necessary to enact national mobilization, said Mr. Ichiro Kono, a member of the Seiyukai Party, to General Sugiyama, Minister of War, the Government should issue a statement declaring the suspension of holding the International Olympics instead of prohibiting military officers from participating in the equestrian events of the Olympics.

The 1940 Olympics, General Sugiyama replied, would be held if the China incident terminates.

Japan has enough resources left, said Admiral Suetsugu, Home Minister, to hold the International Olympics and World Fair. However, added the Home Minister, these events should be dropped if the situation becomes more tense.—Reuter.

Municipal Orchestra LYCEUM THEATRE

SUNDAY, March 13, 1938, at 5.15 p.m.

21st SYMPHONY Concert

BEETHOVEN'S

7th SYMPHONY

Excerpts from MAHLER'S Symphonies

SAINT-SAENS "Le Deluge" — JARNEFELT "Prelude" — SIBELIUS "Legend"

Conductor: Maestro MARIO PACI

Popular Prices: Balcony $1.10—Stalls 55 cts.
Booking at the LYCEUM from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

PORTUGAL FAVOURED TO WIN SOCCER

International Final the Big Game on Sunday

TSE LING CUP DECISION ON SATURDAY

BY "SCRUTATOR"

The International Cup Final is the big feature of the football programme this week, when Portugal meet Great Britain at the Canidrome on Sunday morning. Perhaps the weather clerk will take a vacation next Sunday morning so that the players will not be called upon to play in the same conditions as the players in the Skottowe Cup Final.

Portugal are favourites to retain possession of the cup, and with the assistance of Marcal and Favacho, the Lusitano players should be strengthened. Great Britain's line-up is not known. The following service players will probably be called upon: Curtiss, who should strengthen the rear line, Brown and Whiteing in the half back line, and Taylor and Robinson in front. This will mean the breaking up of the Loyals right wing, and Alec. Jack might be called into the inside berth, as the ex-Scottish Junior can give Taylor the right type of service to make him dangerous.

I am inclined to support the cup-holders mainly because they have a much better understanding and because I am afraid of the Police backs as defenders. They were not impressive against France in the previous round.

On Saturday, the final of the Tsz Ling Cup on the Race Course between the French Forces and Savoia, should draw a big crowd. In the league game, they played to a draw, Savoia coming up from behind to hold their opponents to a three goal draw. The French Forces will be favourites, but I have a feeling that the Italians can upset them, and they have my vote.

No Senior Division games have been arranged for Sunday afternoon, when minor games will be the only attraction. Fixtures are:—

THURSDAY

2nd Division:—B.M.P. *v.* Russ. Regt. R.G. 5—3 p.m.).

SATURDAY

Tsz Ling Cup Final.—French Forces *v.* Savoia (R.G. 2).
2nd Division.—R.A.M.C. v. Vitiaz (R.G. 1).

SUNDAY

International Cup Final.—Portugal *v.* Great Britain (Canidrome 10.30 a.m.).
2nd Division.—U.T.P. *v.* B.M.P. (Kiaochow).
3rd Division.—Vitiaz *v.* P.T.H. (R.G. 2).

C.N.A.A. WRITES TO THE OLYMPIC COMMITTEE

The China National Athletic Association, from their new headquarters in Hankow, have written a letter, dated March 1, to the International Olympic Committee in Cairo, Egypt, where the second convention will be held on March 10, asking for favourable consideration in regard to the proposal recently made to boycott the next World Olympic Meeting if it is held in Japan. They claim that Japan is, and will be, in a state of war with a neighbouring country and in an unsafe zone.

GERMAN TENNIS STAR ARRESTED

Berlin, Mar. 7.

Baron Gotffried von Cramm, Germany's finest tennis player, was arrested to-day on "suspicion of violation of paragraph 175 of the criminal code" covering sexual irregularities, it was officially announced.

The famous Davis Cup player returned to Germany only last week after a six-month world tour with Henner Henkel, another German Davis Cup player. They played in Japan, the United States and Australia.—United Press.

German Breaks Breast Stroke Record

Berlin, Mar. 6.

The German champion, Balke, to-day broke the 500 metre breast stroke record with a time of 7 minutes, 26.7 seconds. The world's record was formerly held by Jensen of Denmark with a time of 7 minutes 30.7 seconds. A German team also broke the 400 metre relay record by completing the distance in 4 minutes 3.6 seconds. A Hungarian team formerly held the record at 4 minutes 6.6 seconds.—Havas.

NATIONAL FAVOURITE STILL UNCERTAIN

Rider Sought For Royal Mail, Winner Last Year

FRENCH CANDIDATE A POSSIBILITY

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Mar. 7.

Although there are now only eighteen days before the Grand National is run at Aintree, the favourite for the race is still undefined.

Much depends on who will ride last year's winner, Royal Mail, following the death of its owner, Mr. Hugh Lloyd Thomas, former British Minister in Paris, who had intended to ride his horse but was killed in a steeplechase on February 22.

It was hoped that Mr. Evan Williams, who rode Royal Mail to victory last year, would have been able to take the vacant mount, but he is already engaged to ride Drinmore Lad for the American owner, Mr. Paul Mellon, the late Mr. Andrew Mellon's son.

Cables have been chasing each other across the Atlantic over the week-end in an effort to obtain Drinmore Lad's rider for Royal Mail, but even if Mr. Mellon agrees to this, Williams remains a doubtful rider as he recently broke his collarbone.

Even apart from this, Royal Mail's prospects are thought to have been somewhat jeopardized by the fact that he fell in a steeplechase last week.

Sir Alfred Towle has now decided definitely to run his horse Airgead Sios in view of its splendid win in the King George VI chase at Kempton. This win, incidentally, is likely to result in a shorter price being offered for the horse at the next call-over. Last Thursday 20-1 was offered and 22-1 taken.

Other main chances are looked for in the Irish team, composed of Colleen, Royal Danieli and Workman.

It is also believed by many that the sole French candidate, Takvor Pacha, has a great chance to record the first French victory in this race since Lutteur III won in 1909.—Reuter.

FIRST BASEMAN BOUGHT BY DODGERS

Camilli to Strengthen Team For 1938 Series

New York, Mar. 6.

The Brooklyn Dodgers further strengthened their forces for the 1938 baseball season to-day by buying Dulph Camilli, leading first baseman, from the Philadelphia Phillies.

Although the Dodgers announced that they had paid U.S.$75,000 for the best fielding first baseman in the National League, conservative baseball circles believed that U.S.$60,000 was the actual sum of money that had changed hands. Camilli last year was placed third in the batting averages and first in the fielding percentages among the first baseman.—United Press.

Cire's DINNER DANCE
every evening from 6 p.m.
DINNER $2 NO COVER CHARGE
Tiffin Dance Daily at 12 Noon

NANKING Opening Thursday!

The Perfect Cast

FOR THE GREATEST ROMANTIC ADVENTURE STORY OF ALL TIME

Famous names add their glory to a famous story of thrilling romance and breath-taking adventure! David O. Selznick, maker of DAVID COPPERFIELD and A STAR IS BORN, now gives you this immortal drama.

SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL presents

Ronald Colman in The PRISONER of ZENDA

WITH MADELEINE CARROLL
MARY ASTOR · DAVID NIVEN
RAYMOND MASSEY · C. AUBREY SMITH
AND DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS JR.
as Rupert of Hentzau

Produced by DAVID O. SELZNICK — Directed by JOHN CROMWELL

Based on Edward Rose's

UNITED ARTISTS

FRENCH AND SWISS SKI CHAMPIONS

Slalom Contests at World Meeting in Engelberg

GERMANY TAKES TEAM HONOURS

Engelberg, Mar. 6.

The Frenchman, Emile Allais, and the German girl, Christel Cranz, both retained their title of world skiing champions after the lalom contest was held here this afternon. The team championships went to Germany who won both the men's and women's team contests.

The results of the slalom event were as follow: 1.—Rominger (Switzerland) 3 min. 3.4 secs.; 2.—Allais (France 3 min. 7.3 secs.; 3.—Lantschner (Germany) 3 min. 7.7 secs.

The combined slalom and downhill contest ended as follows: 1.—Allais (France) world champion 3 min. 3.1 secs.; 2.—Rominger (Switzerland) 3 min. 3.5 secs.; 3.—Lanschner (Germany) 3 min. 3.6 secs.; 4.—Schwabl (Austria) 3 min. 4.5 secs.; 5.—Pertch (Germany) 3 min. 5.1 secs.

The team lalom contest was won by Germany, with Switzerland second and France third, while the team combined slalom and downhill event ended as follows: 1.—Germany; 2.—France; 3.—Switzerland; 4.—Italy; 5.—Norway.

Women's Events

In the Women's slalom event and the combined slalom and downhill contest, Christel Cranz of Germany retained her title of world champion. The first event ended as follows: 1.—Christel Cranz (Germany); 2.—Vow Arzog (Switzerland); 3.—Steuri (Switzerland).

The contestants in the second event finished as follow: 1.—Chistel Cranz (Germany) world champion 3 min. 5.2 secs.; 2.—Rech (Germany) 3 min. 5.8 secs.; 3.—Grasseger (Germany) 3 min. 6.7 secs.

The team contest for women was won by Germany, followed by Switzerland, Norway, U.S.A. and Britain in the order mentioned.—Havas.

PARIS
550 Ave. Joffre Tel. 85205
TO-DAY at 2.30, 5.30 and 8.00 p.m.
MERLE OBERON
BRIAN AHERNE
IN A BURNING ROMANCE
"BELOVED ENEMY"
ADMISSION: 22-44-65-85 cts.

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 6 p.m.

70050
TAYLOR TAXI

HINDSBARR FOOTBALL POOLS

Results for week ending March 5

POOL No. 1 $1,000 FREE POOL
212xx221211x
Nos. 623, 924 forecasted 10 correct results.

POOL No. 2
212xx1xx11
DIVIDEND $67.04 PAID
Nos. 369, 427, 776, 951. (8 correct results).

HINDS & BARR
Tel. 15155 100 Central Arcade P.O. Box 1895

GRAND SHANGHAI'S PALACE OF THE MOVIES
TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 8.45 p.m.
Smashing Romantic Thrill-o-drama that will Keep You on Seat-edge!

MURDERER'S WIFE FALLS IN LOVE WITH SCOTLAND YARD DETECTIVE . . . TRACKING DOWN HER HUSBAND.

SYLVIA SIDNEY
OSCAR HOMOLKA
The WOMAN ALONE
WITH JOHN LODER
A Gaumont British Production
Released Through 20th Century-Fox

Also: MOVIETONE NEWS
PLUS "WHO'S CRAZY"
A Laugh-a-Minute Comedy

FOR RESERVATIONS Telephone 32223. If Busy, Call 34260

OPENS THURSDAY!
The Surprise Musical of the Year!

BOOKING NOW OPEN!!!

Chinese Despair Of Foreign Help To Oppose Japan

Soviet Rapprochement Seen Developing

ACTIVE ASSISTANCE NOT LOOKED FORWARD TO

Hankow, Mar. 7.

Enquiries instituted among Chinese officials here show that there is a growing feeling that very little foreign assistance will be forthcoming in the struggle against Japan.

Germany's recognition of Manchoukuo and the wording of Herr Hitler's speech, coupled with Mr. Anthony Eden's resignation from the British Foreign Secretaryship, have strengthened the feeling growing here for some time that China cannot expect anything approaching active assistance from an outside power.

Seven months ago, when the Lukouchiao incident occurred, it was common belief among the Chinese that Soviet Russia would join them in fighting Japan.

Then a series of international incidents in Shanghai and elsewhere gave rise to expectations that Great Britain and America would take a stronger stand in the Far East.

At the same time repeated German assurances of sympathy for China, the work of the German military advisers and the large shipments of German munitions, produced an impression that Germany had not by any means thrown in her lot with Japan. Herr Hitler's declaration in favour of Japan came as a tremendous shock here. Chinese, officials and general public alike, were bewildered when the first reports were received.

Outlook Unfavourable

It is generally conceded that at no time since 1931 has the international outlook been so unfavourable to China as at this moment.

Not only is China most unlikely to receive active support from any of the great powers, but there are signs that even such help as she has been hitherto getting may be withdrawn. The French Government, for example, has already placed restrictions on the transportation of arms through French Indo-China. Only cargoes of French manufacture may pass through the Colony.

In addition, Japan's drive into the North-west may jeopardize the overland route between Soviet Russia and China.

In spite of this pessimistic reaction to recent news from abroad, there is no sign of any weakening in the determination of Chinese Government leaders to continue resistance against Japan.

There are signs, however, of a tendency once more to swing towards Soviet Russia. A few weeks ago feeling lay in the opposite direction. But, with all possibilities of any outside assistance from Europe or America vanishing, it is felt that there is nothing left for China to do except to seek closer collaboration with Soviet Russia.

In the last issue of the "Chung Shan Weekly," the official organ of the Chung Shan Hsueh Shai (which comprises the executives of all Provincial and Municipal Kuomintang organization) there is an outspoken article in favour of a Sino-Soviet alliance.

Alliance More Favoured

This article states that in the past people opposed an alliance of this kind because it might prevent assistance from Great Britain and America, and might increase the influence of the Chinese Communist party. These arguments no longer hold the article declares.

"We cannot hope," it goes on, "to obtain further assistance from Soviet Russia unless we can prove that we are willing to co-operate more closely with that country.

"It is the aim of the Chinese Communist party to defeat Japan.

"What will be the future relationship between the Kuomintang and the Chinese Communist party is not our immediate problem. We can leave that question until after the war is concluded. Whether the Kuomintang or the Chinese Communists will control China is not a matter on which we should trouble ourselves now. We must win the war first."—Reuter.

NORTH PALESTINE CAMPAIGN OPENS

British Troops Clean Up Djenin of Terrorists

Jerusalem, Mar. 7.

Operations to free the country of terrorists have extended to north Palestine, particularly in the region of Nazareth. The purge in the Djenin region seems to have been completed Several roads have been re-opened to traffic and a few detachments of troops have left the region.—Havas.

GERMAN ANXIETY OVER FAR EAST TRADE

Official Expresses Fears at Berlin Banquet

Berlin, Mar. 7.

Acute anxiety over German trade in the Far East was revealed in the speech made at the Hamburg-Bremen Far Eastern Association annual banquet here this week-end.

Herr Helfferich, who is a Government official, said:

"The future of German business houses fills us with anxiety. We are also concerned for our trade with Japan. We are friends of both countries, therefore we only desire the restoration of peace in the Far East."—Reuter.

ANGLO-U.S. TRADE PACT AFFIDAVITS FILED

Washington, Mar. 6.

A Congressional committee compiling information on the proposed reciprocal trade pact with Britain announced to-day that 400 persons would give evidence at hearings on March 14. An additional 650 written affidavits have already been submitted for consideration.—United Press.

Diet Told Hongkew Properties Returned

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Mr. Koki Hirota, the Foreign Minister told the Diet to-day that foreign property in the Shanghai areas now occupied by Japanese forces was being returned to foreigners as military exigencies permit.

The Foreign Minister said that the Foreign Office and the War Office were making an effort to satisfy foreigners concerned.—United Press.

JAPANESE FINED IN CAPETOWN

Magistrate Believes Men Meant No Harm

Capetown, Mar. 7.

The two Japanese who were charged in the Police Court here two days ago under the Defence Act were to-day found guilty of trespassing on forbidden territory. One was fined £3, or one month's imprisonment. The other, a youth, was merely reprimanded.

The magistrate said that there was nothing to indicate that the two men wanted to ascertain military positions. He suggested that the Japanese Consul warn the Japanese to be more careful in the future.

The two Japanese accused came ashore from the Japanese steamer Rio de Janeiro Maru and were discovered walking inside the military enclosure of Lion battery, on Signal Hill, which is a prohibited area fenced with barbed wire.

The Japanese Consul and the ship's officials tried to settle the matter out of court but the police refused and the men were held while the ship resumed her voyage.

Neither of the accused could speak English.—Reuter.

CHINESE STEAMER ASHORE

San Tai Aground Near Chusan Islands in Thick Fog

The ss. San Tai said to be operated by a Portuguese shipping firm, went aground in thick fog near the Chusan Islands whilst on her way from Shanghai to Haimen, Chekiang, on the morning of March 4.

At the time, the San Tai carried about 210 passengers and general cargo. When it was discovered that the vessel's bottom was partially damaged by submerged rocks, the vessel's cargo was unloaded and taken to Chusan. The passengers were all safe, but owners of the vessel in Shanghai have telegraphed the master, making inquiries as to whether the passengers still remain on the ship or have landed at Chusan. The vessel's gross tonnage is 1,039.

A message from the master states that the vessel's bottom is being repaired.

FRENCH DENIAL OF ALLEGATIONS

M. Rosmer Asks Stoppage of Moscow Trial

Paris, Mar. 6.

Adding to the list of denials by various persons mentioned by the defendants in the treason trial in Moscow, M. Alfred Rosmer, a pioneer of extreme Socialism in France, today sent a telegram to M. Vyshinsky, Public Prosector, saying:

"I absolutely deny the assertion by Krestinski that I had met him in Berlin in 1928 and I demand a suspension of the trial until a refutation is made. Rosmer".

Krestinski, in his testimony at the trial, had stated that Rosmer had given him large sums of money in Berlin in 1928.—Havas.

ITALIAN PRESS JIBES AT SOVIET TRIAL

M. Stalin Is Secret Fascist, Killing Off Communists

Rome, Mar. 6.

Commenting on the latest purge in the Soviet Union, the "Giornale d'Italia" to-day attacked other countries and personalities, including President Roosevelt, "who still admit they believe in the Bolshevist regime."

Pointing out that all 21 defendants in the Moscow trial had confessed, the paper said "some even invented imaginary crimes to be more sure of facing the firing squad."

"We dare to forward what may seem a most absurd hypothesis, namely, that M. Stalin, in the face of a severe crisis, has secretly become a Fascist."

M. Stalin, the paper said, was disposing of Communist leaders "who are so stupidly criminal that they still believe in Communism."—United Press.

CHINESE FORM CHRISTIAN FEDERATION

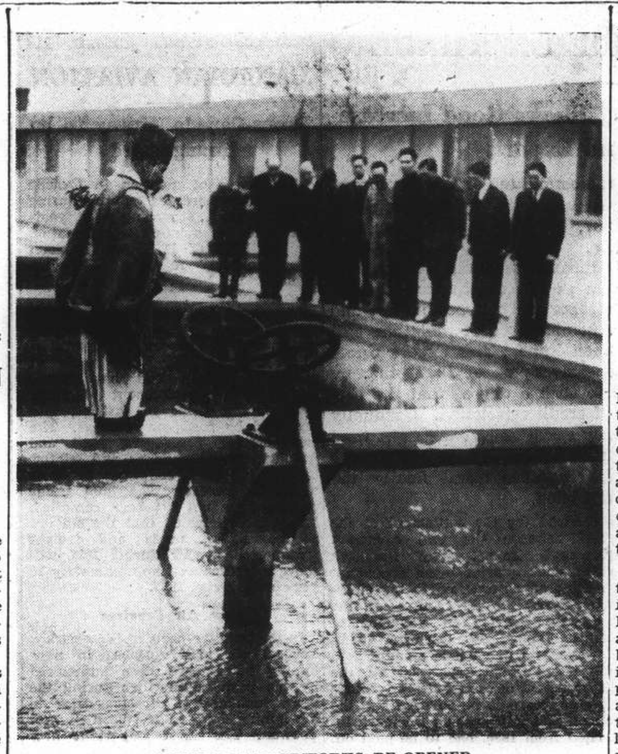
Hankow, Mar. 7.

A Chinese National Christian Federation was formally inaugurated here yesterday. The inaugural ceremony was attended by a number of Christian leaders and officials, including Dr. H. H. Kung, President of the Executive Yuan; General Feng Yu-hsiang, Vice-President of the Military Affairs Commission; Mr. Shao Li-tzu, Director of the Central Party Publicity Department; and Dr. Wang Chung-hui, Minister of Foreign Affairs; as well as over a thousand Christians.—Kuo Min.

HUGE CONFLAGRATION IN NORWEGIAN TOWN

Oslo, Mar. 7.

Over 50 houses were completely destroyed and some 200 people rendered homeless by a devastating fire at the small town of Surnadelsoera in the province of Moere. Property valued at about Kronen 1,000,000 was destroyed before the fire was extinguished by the local fire brigade assisted by fire fighting squads from neighbouring towns and villages.—Trans-Ocean.



NANTAO WATERWORKS RE-OPENED

To mark the completion of repairs on the Nantao Power Plant and Waterworks, Shinto ceremonies were held yesterday afternoon. The plant is once again in operation and power, light and water are now available in Nantao through the efforts of Japanese engineers.

Tours to China Expenses Anger Tokyo Reformers

War Office Also Condemns "Money Grabbers"

DELEGATES' CRAFTINESS UNLOOSES STORM

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Enthusiasm of some municipal assemblymen for inspection tours of North China has been cooled somewhat by the opposition voiced by reformers and taxpayers to one such tour now under way, according to the metropolitan press.

Ten members of a delegation of municipal assemblymen now are en route to China after having outwitted a reform group which tried to prevent their departure by forming a "human barricade" across the entrance to the Tokyo Railway Station.

About 100 persons opposed to the costly trip, including some members of the assembly, massed at the station in an attempt to keep the ten member delegation from entraining, but the tourists merely postponed their departure a few hours and left later separately and secretly from Shimbashi, Shinagawa and Yokohama.

"Greedy Money Grabbers"

The departed, according to the "Asahi," in defiance of an alleged communication sent out by the War Office to division commanders in North China advising them not to have dealings with the "greedly money grabbers."

Strong criticism of the tour, called "grossly extravagant," was voiced in the press and by reform groups who declared that another expensive expedition to China, on top of previous ones, would set a bad example especially inapproriate at this time of national emergency.

Influential Opposition

Among the opposition group which staged the demonstration at the station were Mr. Tsurukichi Maruyama, former Inspector-General of the Metropolitan Police, and Mr. Seiichiro Doke, dean of Senshu University and a member of the House of Representatives. Most of the demonstrators were members of the Tokyo Municipal Administration Reform League.

When fristrated, the "reformers" went to the municipal building to see the Mayor, Mr. Ichita Kobashi, who defended the trip to China but told the demonstrators he too was opposed to "Daimyo processions."

According to the "Asahi,', Dean Doke threatened to withdraw his support for Mayor Kobashi and to start a move to impeach him and several others. Dissatisfaction with the tour was expressed by Col. Kaneshiro Shibayama, of the transport corps division of the War Office Military Affairs Bureau, the "Asahi" said. —Domei.

RECONCILIATION OF KING CAROL WITH PRINCESS

Son Important Agent In Reconciliation

Vienna, Mar. 7.

Rumanian Ministerial circles are stated to be discussing the probability of the return of Princess Helena to Rumania followed by an annulment of her divorce from King Carol.

Their son, Prince Michael, is one of the most important agents in attempting the reconciliation of the Royal couple.—Reuter.

AIR FRANCE LINER CRASHES IN INDIA

New Delhi, Mar.7 7.

An Air France air liner, westbound from Indo-China to Paris, crashed into flames to-day at Datia in Central India, 125 miles from Agra. All four occupants, the pilot and three French passengers, one of them a woman, were killed.—Reuter.

KOREANS ASK ELECTION LAW ENFORCEMENT

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

A written petition requesting the enforcement in Korea of the election law pertaining to Lower House members to-day was presented by Korean representatives to the Government and both houses of the Diet. The petition was signed by 29 distinguished Koreans.—Domei.

DOUBLE-CROSSED IN GEM HAUL

'Squeaker' Whose Information Led to Arrest of J. Hynes

MAN GUILTY OF PARK LANE ROBBERY

The "squeaker," whose information led to the arrest of James Hynes. New York gunman, sentenced to 12 years for the Parklane jewel robbery, was John Parker, 48-year-old painter, of Rowan-Road, Mitcham, states the "Daily Herald."

And Parker was sentenced at the Old Bailey on January 17 to 18 months' hard labour for being concerned in the theft of a car.

Parker formerly led an expert gang of criminals and his convictions included two heavy sentences for theft.

£23,000 Robbery

This sharp featured angry-looking man in the dock at the Old Bailey played a principal part in robbing Portsmouth bank officials of £23,000.

He and his two confederates made a getaway with the cash, but Parker, when he had finished a sentence of five years' penal servitude, declared that he was double-crossed and received none of the money.

While he was in Parkhurst prison he met the terror of the London underworld, Hynes.

Soon after the theft of £20,000 jewellery from Mrs. Hesketh-Wright's flat in Park-lane, Parker was put in an identification parade, but neither Mrs. Hesketh-Wright nor her maid could pick him out as one of the armed raiders.

Boasts in Club

But later information reached the police that Parker was boasting in a certain West End club that he had given detectives information which led to Hynes' arrest.

So it was that at the Old Bailey Detective-Sergt. Webb declared that Parker was suspected of several crimes where violence had been used, and that:—It is known that he was concerned in a case at Park-lane where a man named Hynes was sentenced at this court recently.

Hynes double-crossed his two confederates, of whom Parker was believed to be one, and tried to escape to the United States with the £20,000. Hynes' confederates thought they were being double-crossed and news was given to the police which led to Hynes' arrest.

90-M.P.H. Chase

It was stated, in court that Parker was in a car with three others which was chased by a police car in Leicestershire at 80 to 90 m.p.h.

It overturned into a ditch and one man escaped.

The other two who were with Parker—Daniel L. Davis and Edward James, a man who took part in the Dartmoor mutiny—were sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment and 12 months respectively.

James received an additional three years' penal servitude for stealing rings worth £2,000, while, on a similar charge, Ernest Arthur Thomas was sentenced to three years' penal servitude. Both men were also accused of receiving a stolen car.

錦 KING KONG 江

Restaurant — 31 Rue Wagner — Telephone 83040

Tea-Room — 80 Rue Voyron — Telephone 85855

-2029

RIALTO

Cor. Peking-Kweichow Roads

Now Playing 2.30, 5.30 and 8.30 p.m.

A Laugh Picture That will Make Hysteria!

EDWARD E. HORTON

"Oh, DOCTOR!"

A Universal Picture

with DONRUE LEIGHTON • WILLIAM HALL • EVE ARDEN • THURSTON HALL • CATHERINE DOUCET

33 cts., 55 cts., 85 cts. All Shows.

Eire May Seek U.S. Influence On Unity Issue

Campaign for Irish-American Support Seen Likely

LONDON PARLEYS MAY AVOID QUESTION

Dublin, Mar. 6.

Some surprise has been caused in Dublin by the prolongation of the trip to London of the Irish delegation. It is wondered if the length of stay should be considered as proof that there is still hope of seeing an agreement on the unity of Ireland or if, on the contrary, it is an indication that new difficulties have arisen in the commercial negotiations.

The question of Irish unity remains the principal preoccupation of political circles here. It is considered likely that if the London conference avoids the issue, the problem will be raised in the United States. This idea is founded on several resolutions passed by Irish-American societies and on the success of the visit to the United States of Mr. Frank Gallagher, Director of Radio in Eire, who was convinced that a movement for the unity of Ireland is gaining form in America.

U.S. Influence Sought

There was also great interest in the visit of Mr. Duranty. High Commissioner in London for Eire, to Mr. Joseph Kennedy, new American Ambassador, and it is hoped that Mr. Eamon de Valera, the head of Eire, will also call on Mr. Kennedy.

It is certain that, faced with the opposition of London to the problem of Irish unity, political circles in Dublin are turning towards American opinion, hoping that a campaign in favour of the joining of Ulster and Eire, in a country friendly to Great Britain and in which there is a large population of Irish origin, can exert some influence over British opinion. There is also a possibility of a visit of Mr. de Valera to the United States.

Eire's New Senate

On the other hand, great interest is being shown in the constitution of the new Senate of 60 members, which will replace the recently dissolved senate. The new upper chamber is to be formed of eleven members named by Mr. de Valera; six named by the University, and 43 named by an electoral college composed of members of the Dail and representatives of each county council and burough in south Ireland.

The Senators named by the electoral college will include five with a cultural title,—eleven representatives of agriculture, eleven representing the workers, nine representing industry and commerce, and seven administrative delegates.

Nominations began yesterday in the Dail. Twenty-two candidates have been designated by the Fianna Fail, fifteen by the Fine Gael, and two by the independents. The Labour Party continues to boycott the elections. It is not yet known who will be designated by Mr. de Valera, but it seems as though the new Senate will be a replica of the Dail.—Havas.

PARTY MERGER IN JAPAN LOOMING

Ministers Seeking Action from Parliamentarians

Tokyo, Mar. 7.

Undeterred by opposition displayed in the Diet, individual members of the Cabinet were reported to-day by the metropolitan press to have proposed to the major political parties the creation of a single national party. Their names were not divulged but it was predicted that if their undertaking succeeded, the Premier, Prince Konoye, will be asked to become President of the party.

The Seiyukai Party, second largest in Japan, has decided to support the Cabinet, the "Asahi" stated to-day.—Domei.

HUNGARY TO BEGIN JEWISH POGROM

Unwanted Jews and Illegal Immigrants to Be Ousted

Budapest, Mar. 7.

The Minister of Public Instruction, Dr. Valentine Homan, in a speech here yesterday declared that Jewish emigres who had come to Hungary to avoid legal limitations and whose stay is undesirable will be expelled and illegal immigration will be made impossible.

He affirmed that it has become necessary to diminish considerably the influence of Jews in Hungarian industry, commerce, financial organizations and the press.—Havas.

MISS GARBO'S MARRIAGE AGAIN RUMOURED

London, Mar. 6.

Mr. Wallace Beery, the American motion picture actor, will be the best man at the wedding of Dr. Leopold Stokowski, noted symphony orchestra conductor, to Miss Greta, Carbo, famous motion pictune actress, the "Daily Mirror" reported from Naples to-day.

Mr. Beery Does Not Land

Naples, Mar. 6.

Mr. Wallace Beery was onboard the Italian liner Rex to-day but did not land at Naples.—United Press.

LYCEUM

MARCH 10, 12 and 13 at 8 p.m.

RUSSIAN LIGHT OPERA

(Organised by Z. Bitner and L. Rosen, Producer, V. Valin)

Presents:

"HUSSAR LOVE"

(Autumn Manœuvres)

In 3 acts. Music by E. KALMAN

Prices: $2.65, 2.10, 1.60, 1.10 and 55 cts.

Booking at Moutrie's and Lyceum

The Management of

THE METROPOL THEATRE

Takes Pleasure in Announcing

The Engagement of

MEI LAN-FANG

AND HIS COMPANY OF CELEBRATED ARTISTS IN A SERIES OF CHINESE CLASSICAL STAGE PLAYS TO START ON THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 10th.

Watch For Further Announcements

Nanking

523 Ave. Edw VII Phone 84133

NOW PLAYING at 2.30, 5.30 and 8.45 p.m.

THE NEW "TOPPER" OF FUN SHOWS!

KISSED BY A LOVELY SPOOK!
And then this timid soul went to town! 90 Minutes of Brand-New Laughs!
SEE
An invisible beauty takes a bath!
Lovely Constance step out of an evening gown into invisibility!
HAL ROACH presents
CONSTANCE BENNETT · CARY GRANT
TOPPER
with Roland YOUNG · Billie BURKE (as Mr. and Mrs.)
Alan MOWBRAY · Eugene PALLETTE
Directed by NORMAN Z. McLEOD
Associate Producer Milton H. Bren
NEWS OF THE DAY
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURES

Book and Come Early!

LETTERS WRITTEN BY GORDON FOUND

Show Interest Taken in Progress of Young Men

Letters written from abroad by General Gordon—then a Royal Engineers Colonel—to a young Army sergeant, have just been brought to light by Mr. W. R. Powell, a bookseller at Gillingham (Kent), states "Reynolds."

Written nearly 60 years ago, the letters give additional evidence of Gordon's well-known interest in the progress of the young men whom he befriended.

The first letter is addressed from Massowa, Soudan (now a port in Eritrea) on December 9, 1879.

A Credit To Me

Actually, Gordon had barely escaped from Abyssinia with his life.

Yet with all these troubles on his mind, Gordon had time to write this letter to a Sergeant Driver:—

"My dear Driver—I have written to Sir Andrew Clarke; if he does anything, then mind and write to me again. Well, you are quite a credit to me, a sergeant so soon! and little Henry a lance corporal.

"How is it James is not? I hope he is steady. Is your mother still alive? Let me know if I can help any of you. I hope you do not forget God's indwelling in you.—Yours sincerely, C. G. Gordon."

The envelope in which the letter was contained has been lost, and there is nothing to show who Sergeant Driver was. It seems, however, quite likely that he was one of the many young men whom Gordon had befriended when he was Commanding Royal Engineer at Gravesend, eight years earlier.

The circumstances in which the second letter was written were even more dramatic.

Off To China

In June, 1880, Gordon arrived in India as private secretary to the new Viceroy, Lord Ripon. He has recorded that he regretted having accepted the post and resigned immediately.

He left India for China without knowing that his resignation had not been accepted.

Despite wory and anxiety, Gordon wrote this intimate note to Driver on June 7, 1880:—

My dear Driver,—Sorry not to have seen you and your wife. Let me know what you want. I leave for China in a few days. Tell your brother Henry he had better think over coming out. You can advise him. My address is care of Governor, Hongkong.—Yours very truly, C. G. Gordon.

Gordon had been invited to China to advise on the projected war with Russia.

LAFAYETTE CINEMA

323 R. LAFAYETTE TEL. 81200

To-day at 2.30, 4.30, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

ELEANOR POWELL

ROBERT TAYLOR in

"BROADWAY MELODY OF 1936"

METROPOL

500 YU YA CHING ROAD Tel. 93322

Ends TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 8.45 p.m.

There goes that cuckoo clock again. It's time for howls and spasms!

Directed by Edward Cline · Produced by Lee Marcus

Screen play by Benny Rubin, Bert Granet, Byron Morgan

Added Laughs: EDGAR KENNEDY in "WILL-POWER"

Cathay

TO-DAY ONLY AT 3, 5.30 and 8.45 p.m.

LAST 3 SHOWS OF A GREAT PICTURE!

THE GREEN PASTURES
GREATEST THEATRICAL ATTRACTION OF MODERN TIMES NOW ON THE SCREEN AFTER RECORD-BREAKING 5-YEAR RUN!
WORLD-RENOWNED AS THE MOST AMAZING SHOW NOVELTY OF ALL TIME! TOTALLY AND STARTLINGLY DIFFERENT FROM ANY PICTURE YOU HAVE EVER SEEN!

TEL. 73757 or 34260

OPENS TO-MORROW!

Wondrous to Behold!

SCENES THAT STAGGER THE SENSES! SPECTACLE THAT STIRS THE SOUL!

MERIAN C. COOPER'S

GIGANTIC PRODUCTION OF

SHE

BY H. RIDER HAGGARD

Portrayed by a cast of 5,000, including Helen Gahagan, Randolph Scott, Helen Mack, Nigel Bruce

The Strangest Romance Ever Conceived . . . . of A Woman Who Remained Young and Beautiful for 500 Years . . . . . to Find Her First Love Come Back to Her Out of the Mystic Past!

BOOKING NOW OPEN!

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

MONEY & EXCHANGE

Quotations in Chinese Standard Dollars

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

MONDAY, MARCH 7, 1938

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 1/2 5/32 ..... $ 16.92
U.S. $100 @ 29 5/8 ..... $337.55

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 1/2 5/32 ..... $16.7685
U.S. $100 @ 29 1/8 ..... $334.72
London—demand 1/2 5/32
4 months' sight credits 1/2 4/32
4 months' sight docts 1/2 4/32
6 months' sight credits 1/2 3/32
6 months' sight docts 1/2 3/32
New York—demand ..... U.S. $29 7/8
4 months' sight credits 30
4 months sight docts 30 1/8
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. nom.

CLOSING RATES

Sterling ..... 1/2 5/32 U.S. $29 11/16

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 29 5/8 = $337.56

Netherlands Trading Society

Java Guilders $100 ..... buying 53 3/8
Netherlands Guilders $100 .. " 53 1/2
Java Guilders $100 ..... selling 52 3/4
Netherlands Guilders $100 .. " 52 7/8

National City Bank of New York

Selling U.S.$1=$3.3827 £1=$16.954
Buying U.S.$1=$3.3543 £1=$16.805

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$335.43 £1=$16.80
Selling U.S.$100=$338.27 £1=$16.92

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 1.74 1/4 = $1 Belgas 29.47 = £1

Other Quotations

It. Lire 5.53=$1 Swiss F. 1.27 1/2 = $1
Tourist Lire 6.13 ..... = $1
Berlin-Hamburg T.T. $100 = Rm. 73 1/4
$100 = Reg. Mk. $136.60

LOCAL EXCHANGE REPORT

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	1/2 3/4	1/2 7/32
U.S. G.$	29 3/4	29 1/2
Yen	—	—

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

	SELLING Cash	SELLING March	BUYING
£	T.T.	1/2 5/32	4 m/s. l.c. 1/2 5/32
G.$	T.T.	29 3/8	4 m/s. l.c. 29 5/8
Fcs.	T.T.	912	4 m/s. 937
Rs.	T.T.	78 3/8	7 d/s. 79

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	20 5/16	20

N.Y. cents per oz. troy unquoted
Bombay market closed.
Market quiet and steady.

London silver was 1/16 up both ready and forward, being 20 5/16 for spot and 20.- forward. New York was unquoted and Bombay was closed.

It was reported there was a little speculative buying. Business small. Market steady.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants 1/2 5/16 Sterling, 29 5/8 U.S.$, and 102 1/4 Yen.

The Interbank market was very quiet and on the whole inclined to be slightly easier in the absence of business. At the close the best sellers were:—

Cash	Sterling 1/2 5/32	U.S.$29 11/16
March	Sterling 1/2 11/32	U.S.$29 11/16
April	Sterling 1/2 5/32	U.S.$29 11/16
May	Sterling 1/2 1/16	U.S.$29 5/16
June	Sterling 1/1 31/32	U.S.$29 1/8

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

Yesterday's Business

The market continues strong with good buyers for first class Industrials and Utilities, there is little offering. Rubbers are also in good demand with rates firm.

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

		CASH
700	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$13.30
3,000	Cheng	$0.43
200	Tram (Bearer) £1	$32.00
300	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$13.40
1,000	Padang	$ 1.00
4,000	Tebong	$ 0.71
2,000	Cheng	$ 0.42

UNOFFICIAL

1,000	Kroewoek	$ 0.37
2,000	Kelantan	$ 0.34

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$13.40
124	Ewo Mills (Ord)	$13.30
440	Cheng	$ 0.40
300	Semambu	$ 0.70
1,000	Rubber Trust	$ 2.80
4,000	Padang	$ 1.00
800	Tram (Bearer) £1	$32.00
800	Ewo Mills (Ord),	$13.40

Morning Session	Shares 14,409
Afternoon Session	7,964
Total	22,364

OFFICIAL INDEXES

	Mar. 5	7	Change
S'hai Rub. Share	204.00	204.18	Up 0.18
S'hai Gen. Stock	43.37x	*	—
Chi. Govt. Bond	101.61x	Closed	—

x—August 13, 1937.
*—Compilation Temporarily suspended until active trading resumed.

MANILA GOLD SHARES

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	Mar. 4	Mar. 7
Antamok	0.56	.58
Atok	.26	.26
Benguet Consolidated	9.70	9.70
Consolidated Mines	Unq.	Unq.
Demonstration	.38	.39
Mine Operations	.13	.13
San Mauricio	.50	.54
United Paracale	.44	.45

Turnover: 540,000 Pesos.
Index (closing prices) 88.01.—Reuter.

VALUE OF GOLD MINED DURING FEBRUARY

	Pesos
East Mindanao	25,000
Mineral Resources	20,600

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT BOND

Osaka, Mar. 7.
Kogo 5% Y.102.78
—Reuter.

SILVER QUOTATIONS

London, Mar. 7.

Spot silver declined slightly today, the quotations being:—

	Mar. 5	Mar. 7
London spot	20 5/16 d.	20 1/4 d.
" forward	20d.	20d.
London/New York:		
One pound	U.S.$5.01 3/4	$5.01
One U.S. dollar	47.86 3/4 d.	47.90 1/4 d.
Gold	139/9d.	139/8 1/4 d.

—Reuter.

THE INVESTOR AND THE MARKETS

The Fundamentals of the Situation: Retrospect and Outlook

A SERIES of four articles giving a very comprehensive survey of the World's trade and Commerce during the past year and the outlook for the future, will appear in these columns. The first of which is appended.

The past year has been particularly unfortunate for the Shanghai investor for the disaster of war and the enormous destruction it has brought in its train has coincided with a calamitous drop in share and commodity markets abroad. Local debentures and equities of every type, Chinese Government and Railway Bonds have slumped. Rubber shares have followed the drop in the raw article and investments on the London and New York Stock Exchanges have also severely declined. No matter how diversified in character and wide-spread geographically his investments may have been, sharp depreciation can scarcely have been avoided.

The domestic outlook is quite includable for it is bound up with the fortunes of war: even the future of the currency is far from secure. The situation abroad, however, is amenable to rational discussion. Such a survey falls naturally into three parts: the activity of industry and trade; the production, consumption and prices of commodities; and the course of the security markets. The first is of pre-eminent importance, for prosperity depends on the volume of production and trade and is not primarily a function of price; nor does it need continuously rising markets.

Conditions of Prosperity

What it needs is a delicate equilibrium between the prices of fabricated goods and raw materials, of wages on the one hand and industrial profits on the other and it is the violent disturbance of these and other essential balances and adjustments that leads to depressions and universal distress. These dislocations can originate in industry itself or in conditions in the commodity markets such as a glut of supplies, or they may be of financial origin. The inter-relation between industry and the commodity markets is thus close and only little less so with finance, and the security markets which reflect financial conditions.

All three aspects of the business world require consideration in any attempt to treat the subject adequately.

Recovery from Great Depression

Less than a year ago the world was on the flood tide of prosperity Beginning late in 1932, recovery from the Great Depression had spread from country to country and, though uneven in some spots and abortive in others, the broad fact was indisputable. As measured by the League of Nations Index, world industrial production had risen from an average of 69 in (1932=100) to 121.7 in December 1936. The volume of world trade, in spite of all the barriers raised against the free movement of international commerce, rose from an average of 74.5 in 1932 (1929=100) to 100 in June 1937. The world as a whole was definitely out of the depression but the pendulum had not yet swung to the other extreme. If signs of a boom could be discerned it had not yet developed so that a period of continuing prosperity was the common anticipation.

It is not surprising therefore that the hurricane which has since swept through the stock and commodity markets and, in a lesser degree, the industrial world was forecast by no one. The significance of the setback can be judged from a few typical figures from sources of recognised standing. The "New York Times" index of United States business activity fell in four months August 26 to December 27 from 111.2 to 84.6, about as much as in twenty months following the 1929 boom. Steel production, in roughly the same period, dropped from 85.5 per cent. of capacity to 19.2. The Dow-Jones index of commodity prices stood at 82.44 on March 31 and at 52.03 eight months later: industrial shares dropped from 194.40 on March 11 to 113.64 on November 25. These figures refer to the United States where the decline has been the most severely felt, and though well out of step with what has happened elsewhere show clearly enough that we are in the midst of a recession of major importance, if not, indeed, on the thresh-old of another great depression.

Influence of America

As the greatest industrial country and with an overseas trade second only to that of Great Britain, the paramount influence of America on the rest of the world can hardly be questioned. Every businessman must be concerned to ask what this movement signifies. Is it a change of the long-term trend, downwards; or no more than a secondary reaction of exceptional violence? If the former, how much farther is it likely to go? Whether or not a confident answer can be found to these questions it is essential as a first step to consider the background of the whole movement and the nature of the circumstances that are responsible for it.

While it is still true that the prosperity of every country is bound up, in the long run, with that of the rest of the world and that no country can hope o achieve complete economic independence except at the cost of reversion to a primitive standard of living, the ties are not so immediate and evident as they once were. Political exigencies and economic stress have led most governments to take novel and unorthodox measures for times of peace, beginning with Great Britain's repudiation of the gold standard in 1931, and these measures have, as usual, brought unexpected and unwelcome consequences in their train. America has been the outstanding experimenter and hence the course of recovery there has been so different from that in Europe. Therein, perhaps, might be found an explanation of why American recovery stopped short at a relatively early stage while in England industry is still in full swing; and therein, possibly, a clue to the future.

Recovery in Great Britain

By the end of 1936, industrial recovery in Great Britain was virtually complete. The Government policy of a balanced Budget, easy money and control of foreign lending; together with assistance to certain industries and agricultural producers, though savouring of paternalism was still essentially orthodox and the pattern of recovery ran along correspondingly normal lines. It was essentially a balanced recovery which took in all branches of commercial activity and brought a measure of prosperity to all classes of people. It was not disturbed by any important industrial dispute nor by schemes of social reform for which there was no pressing need and though certain problems, e.g. the Depressed Areas, still remain, they were not such as to impede recovery.

In the course of the trade cycle, consumers' goods such as food and clothing show the smallest variation in offtake, while semi-durable goods like motor-cars and more especially capital goods, machinery and other means of production and distribution are the first to feel the impact of depression and the last to be restored. Hence no recovery is complete until the heavy industries fully participite. In this respect the British figures are significant. By the end of 1936 Steel production had long since overshot all previous marks and in 1937 still higher figures were being recorded: there is no sign yet of a recession, nor will there be for some time as unexecuted orders will keep the mills going for months. This is not due merely to re-armament as it is estimated that only 15 per cent. to 20 per cent. of the steel produced is used for that purpose; it is a reflection of intense industrial development.

A Well-Rounded Prosperity

Similarly, building construction, which since 1933 has been on a greater scale than in the boom period before 1929 had reached vrey large proportions in 1936 and has only subsequently tapered off. Foreign trade, the importance of which is second to none for a country like Great Britain, showed a steady expansion, the imports of raw material attaining record dimensions. In other directions the same picture was presented. New capital issues to finance the expansion of industry reached a higher figure than at any time since 1928. Unemployment steadily lessened and the volume of retail trade enlarged as wages went into circulation. The host of statistics available to the enquirer all depicted a well-rounded return to prosperity. Moreover, the signs of an incipient boom had made their appearance and bankers and economists were concerned that measures should be devised in time to prevent its becoming uncontrollable.

Since the summer of last year, however, it has been clear that a continuance of prosperous conditions cannot be taken for granted. There has been an increase in unemployment and new orders have fallen off; freights have declined and so has shipbuilding. It is true that the rearmament programme is being intensified but it is not a healthy economy that comes to depend more and more on such unproductive work; and although many personages of high standing have scoffed at fears of a depression it is well to keep the visible facts in mind.

It is also well to remember that no modern State, outside Russia to-day, has a completely closed and self-contained economic system and unless the United States quickly moves out of its inertia it will certainly drag down all the other great trading countries. In short, while conditions in England are intrinsically sound, the future is not divorced from developments elsewhere.

The Continental Side

On the Continent, recovery has been more or less general, but the character of the advance has varied from country to country. With Germany and Italy striving for autocracy, Spain torn by civil war and France wrestling with her perennial budgetary and currency difficulties no uniform progress could be expected. There is no need to analyse in detail the process of recovery that has taken place. On the whole it has been fairly complete and, as in England, the heavy industries and capital construction took their full share of prosperity.

NORWAY'S FOREIGN TRADE IN 1937

According to official statistics, the value of Norway's imports in 1937 was 1,285,899,000 Kr., compared with 926,982,000 Kr. in 1936—denoting an expansion of 359 mill. Kr.

Exports aggregated 823,319,000 Kr., against 685,169,000 Kr. in 1936, the increase here being 138.1 mill. Kr. The surplus of imports over exports thus rose from 241.8 mill. Kr. in 1936 to 462.5 mill. Kr. in 1937.

During the past year 14,500 motor vehicles, to the value of some 40 mill. Kr., were imported.

The largest items on the import side are ships, vehicles, machines at 291.5 mill. Kr. (180 mill. in 1936), of which ships alone accounted for 142.1 mill. (65.6 mill. in 1936); cereals 92.6 mill. Kr. (59 mill.), drapery 108.5 mill. (90.7 mill.), fat, rubber etc. 91.8 mill. (69.8 mill.), minerals, raw and semi-manufactured, 144.5 mill. (102.4 mill.), paper and pulp 13.5 mill. (10.7 mill.), timber 24.6 mill. (7.7 mill.) and wood goods 12.8 mill. (9.9 mill.).

The expansion in exports is largely due to increased shipments of animal foodstuffs at 138.9 mill. (120 mill.), skins and hides 52.5 mill. (41.9 mill.), fats and oils, etc. 55.7 mill. (50.8 mill.), timber 16.5 mill. (12.6 mill.), paper and pulp etc. 200.3 mil. (151.6 mill.), minerals, raw and semi-manufactured, 53.7 mill. (48.4 mill.), mineral manufactures 72 mill. (71.7 mill.), metals, raw and semi-manufactured 141.1 mill. (111.1 mill.), ships, etc. 37.8 mill. (26.2 mill.), of which a sum of 28.9 mill. (19.6 mill.) is represented by ships alone.

DENMARK'S FOREIGN TRADE

First Ten Months of 1937 Shows Good Increase In Imports and Exports

MR. Jens Vestberg, secretary to the committee of the Merchants' Guild of Copenhagen, in a general review from "the World Markets and Denmark" during 1937, deals with his country's foreign trade in the following article.

At the opening of 1937 two difficulties marked Denmark's economy, insufficient stocks of grain as a consequence of bad harvest in 1936, and a relative disproportion between import and export prices. While the world economic curve at that time still pointed upwards, the margin between import and export prices was broadened further during the early part of 1937, thereby aggravating the currency situation to such a degree that the National Bank had to adopt a policy of credit restriction. Gradually in the course of the year the currency eased and at the same time the fall in prices on the world raw material markets afforded more favourable conditions for Denmark's purchases and finally the Danish grain crop in 1937 turned out good.

The value of Denmark's foreign trade during the first ten months of 1937 compared with the corresponding figures of the two preceding years are stated below:

	Total imports mill. kr.	Exports of Danish goods mill. kr.	Foreign goods mill. kr.	Excess of imports
1935	1167	1006	45	56
1936	1265	1108	43	54
1937	1427	1261	54	112

It will be seen from these figures that the increase in 1937 both of imports and exports has been comparatively strong, and though a part of this rise is accounted for by the higher prices, the quantities too have been larger within a number of fields. While the excess imports of 1936 arose especially in the four last months of the year, the movement has been quite opposite in 1937, the excess imports having taken place chiefly in the first part of the year. For this reason the total excess imports of 1937, when finally summed up in January 1938, will hardly exceed by any amount of importance, the total of 1936, which was kr. 104,000.000.

A Comparison

A comparison of the quantity of the Danish foreign trade in the first ten months of the year 1937 with the figures of the corresponding period of 1936 shows that within the group of agricultural products there has been a strong rise particularly in the exportation of eggs, beef and veal, horses, potatoes and barley, but besides there has also been some increase in the exports of the two staple products, butter and bacon. On the other hand condensed milk, cheese and grass-seed show a decrease of exports. On the import side there has within the raw materials and auxiliaries of agriculture been an extremely vigorous increase in the imports of maize due to the bad harvest in 1936, but this rise has however, to some extent been balanced by the decreased imports of rye and wheat; the import of maize in the first ten months of 1937 aggregated 547,000 tons against 188,000 tons in the same period of 1936. Within the group of fertilizers the imports of kali and Chile nitrate increased somewhat; in return the imports of calc. nitrate, including Norway nitrate, declined. As to the group: Food, drinks, etc., 1937 witnessed an increase in the imports of oranges, bananas, pears, rice, coffee and tea, but a decrease in the imports of apples, dried plums, prunes and cocoa beans. Wine imports in 1937 showed in many fields higher import figures than the year before, this holds especially good of brandy and sweet wines in casks.

With regard to textiles the most conspicuous feature was the general fall experienced by all kinds of yarns. On the other hand the imports of cotton was higher, and this applied also to a number of piece goods.

The 1937 figures for fuels like coal, cinders and coke, oils of various kinds and petrol were materially higher than those of the preceding year; the increase of imports was especially pronounced within the groups of petrol and certain duty free fuel oils.

The timber group showed a decline in the imports of sawn pine wood—but the imports of balks, hewn timber and sleepers decreased also somewhat. Most import sections within the iron and steel group exhibited a rather heavy increase, but the employment within this branch of industry was also very extensive throughout the greater part of the year, and particularly within shipbuilding. The declining housebuilding activity, on the other hand, entailed a smaller demand and thereby a smaller import of iron girders (I and U sections). Also the imports of rails as well as copper and zinc in sheets, tin-plates and tubes displayed lower figures in 1937 than they did the preceding year.

In 1937 the export industries suffered a considerable setback in the export of cocoanut oil and a small decrease in the export of soya bean oil. Also the export of Portland cement and boat motors declined heavily, the export of motor cars and new tonnage on the other hand displayed great progress, and the same holds good of machines for stone-, chalk-and earthenware-manufactures and of dynamos and electric motors. Firally there was a heavy rise in the export of cryolite.

Government Regulations

Throughout the whole of 1937 the Danish foreign trade has as before been obliged to submit to the extensive Government regulations, which also were in force the preceding years. Though all urban trades in the beginning of the year by a joint liquidation proposal tried to have introduced some lightening of the import regulations, the Government and its parties in the Rigsdag rejected the proposal flatly. The Act of March 31 1937 conferred no facilitations whatever on trade and industry in relation to earlier times. So Danish trade has again this year had to fight against all the drawbacks, which an import regulation system, like the Danish one, carries with it to the detriment of the large consuming population, as the merchant in a variety of cases has been prevented from making his purchases in the right places to the right extent and at the right time.

New Agreements

As far as Denmark's relations with foreign countries are concerned various new agreements, especially with Germany and Italy, in December 1936 and July 1937 respectively, increased the possibilities of commercial intercourse compared with the preceding year. By the agreement with Germany of December 23 1936 for the year 1937 a new principle was introduced for the settlement of the trade between the two countries, Germany's import from Denmark within each quarter being dependant on the amount credited to the clearing account in the course of the preceding quarter in payment of Danish import of German goods. However, not the whole amount paid into this account was used for the direct benefit of the export, as various expenses were to be covered and the "currency hump", which Denmark inherited from 1936, had to be paid off. The effect of this new system was, consequently, that Denmark during the first ten months of 1937 increased her import from Germany by kr. 49.000.000, without raising her export simultaneously. As the trade agreement between Denmark and Germany for the year 1938—signed in Copenhagen on November 27 1937—is based on the same principle as the agreement of December 1936, it should be possible in 1938 to increase the export in a higher degree than the import. However, keeping in mind that the demand for German goods in 1937 by no means was met to the full in spite of the increased import, 1938 should afford a possibility of a fresh rise in the trade figures between the two countries, if the authorities in charge of the currency regulation only in due time will grant sufficient import licences for such groups of merchandise as are demanded by Danish importers and consumers alike. This will not fail to increase the export, and through the increased purchasing power of the export trades, the home trades too will get a natural stimulus, which is far more valuable than the stimulus created by setting up import barriers, because the latter procedure almost invariably leads to increasing expenses. And to a sound trade it is of vital importance to keep expenses on a competitive level.

PARIS BOURSE WEEKLY REVIEW

Paris, Mar. 6.

A most disappointing week on the Paris Bourse ended to-day, the seven day period being characterized by a steady drop in most counters.

On Thursday alone did the market steady up slightly, only to decline again during the following sessions.

The uneasiness of the market was due to the unsettled international situation, and the fact that most traders are concerned by the financial and economic position of the country. The weakness of foreign stock exchanges also influenced the Bourse here. The London exchange taking an extremely bearish view of the large national defence expenditures.

Generally speaking, the announcements of the heavy national defence budgets in various countries affected the world's markets.

Rentes ended the week with losses ranging from Frs. 0.35 to Frs. 0.95, while most other French issues also showed more or less heavy declines.

Internationals were most hard hit, with Suez dropping Frs. 100, De Beers Frs. 181, Rio Tinto Frs. 90 and Royal Dutch slipping Frs. 83.—Havas.

BERLIN BOURSE, WEEKLY REPORT

Berlin, Mar. 6.

The end of month settlement of February was greatly eased by the maturity of great quantities of sola bills of the Gold Discount Bank and other short term securities. This coincidence was particularly happy as the quarterly taxation instalments are this time exceptionally heavy and fall due on March 10, demanding an especially liquid state of the money market. To provide the required cash, quantities of fixed interest securities also found their way into the market.

Nevertheless fixed interest securities continued to be firm, all stock coming forward being greedily taken up by investors. That good investments are still in demand was shown by the readiness with which the whole 40,000,000 Reichsmarks of a new 4½ per cent. loan just issued by the Braunkohle Benzin AG. at 98¼ were taken up. Shipping mortgage bonds to an extent of 9,000,000 Reichsmarks were also issued without a hitch, the proceeds being needed to finance undertakings under the Four Year plan.

On the share market only small prices were recorded except in a few cases. Siemens & Halske shares were again at the same price as they were before the dividend was paid. Many leading companies are expected to increase their dividends, notably Ilse Bergbau Lignites, Goldschmidt Chemicals and United Steel Works.

The following were the quotations of some of the leading German shares on February 28 and March 5 respectively:

Reichsbank	210.875	211.875
German Dye Trust	161.125	160.25
Salzdetfurth Potash	——	——
United Steel Works	114.00	112.625
Mannesmann Pipes	115.125	114.50
Harpener Mining	173.00	169.00
German Mineral Oils	143.00	142.00
Continental Rubber	198.50	210.75
Siemens & Halske	209.25	204.00
Gen. Electrics AEG.	115.875	115.25
Rhenish-Westphalian Power	127.125	126.875
Hamburg-Amer. Line	——	78.50
North German Lloyd	——	78.625
Bemberg Rayon	142.00	145.00
Deutsche Bank	123.00	127.75
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank	600.00	——
Young Loan	108.00	——

—Trans-Ocean.

SUCCESSFUL YEAR IN CANADIAN AVIATION

Trans-Canada Airway to be Inaugurated

All phases of aviation in Canada have shown increased activity during the past year, according to a year-end review of aviation transportation by the Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Transport in the Canadian cabinet. In his review, Hon. Mr. Howe says:—

The commercial services working in all parts of northern Canada have continued in successful operation. These serve chiefly the needs of mining industries and have made possible the development of many new mining fields in districts still unserved by roads or railways. The transport of passengers, mail and freight, both in summer and winter, by such services continues to show a steady increase. The final traffic returns have not yet been compiled, but it is anticipated that the amount of passengers, mails and freight transported by air during 1937 will show an increase of approximately 10 per cent. over 1936.

New Air Services

In the remoter parts of the country, several air mail services to new mining fields have been authorized by the postal authorities during the year, including a direct service to the mining fields in Northern Saskatchewan. The most important new air mail development is the inauguration of a weekly return service connecting Edmonton with Whitehorse, Yukon, a distance of almost 1,000 miles. This new route is an extension of existing air services from Edmonton to points in the Peace River District and Northern British Columbia. This connection will speed up the mail service to all points in the Yukon materially, and, by connections at Whitehorse, with all points in Alaska as well.

In connection with the Trans-Canada Airway, the Minister said, a regular scheduled service will be inaugurated as quickly as the training of the personnel and the completion of the ground services on the airway permit. The development of adequate feeder line services to connect important centres not now on the main line is now being studied with a view to their inauguration as soon as the main lime is in regular operation.

The aircraft industry in Canada has had an active year. A gratifying fact is the number of orders for aircraft for export to foreign countries which have been received. The industry is now exporting its products to no less than 16 foreign countries.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in the Colony of Hongkong. The liability of Members is limited to the extent and in manner prescribed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1929 of the Colony.)

CAPITAL

Authorised	$50,000,000
Issued and fully-paid up	$20,000,000
Hongkong Currency	
Reserve Fund	$10,000,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	£6,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Board of Directors

G. Miskin, Esq.—Chairman
Hon. Mr. M. T. Johnson, Deputy Chairman
J. K. Bousfield, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell
J. R. Masson, Esq.
K. S. Morrison Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson
T. E. Pearce, Esq.
A. L. Shields, Esq.

Chief Manager
SIR VANDELEUR M. GRAYBURN

Branches and Agencies

Amoy	Iloilo	Peiping
Bangkok	Ipon	Penang
Batavia	Johore	Rangoon
Bombay	Kobe	Saigon
Calcutta	Kowloon	S. Francisco
Canton	(Hongkong)	Shanghai
Chefoo	Kuala-Lumpur	Singapore
Colombo	Loudon	Sourabaya
Dairen	Lyons	Sungei-Patani
Foochow	Malacca	Tientsin
Haiphong	Manila	Tokyo
Hamburg	Muar (Johore)	Tsingtao
Hankow	Mukden	Yokohama
Harbin	New York	

London Branch:
9 GRACECHURCH STREET, E. C. 3
Shanghai Branch: 12 THE BUND
Sub-Agency: 65 BROADWAY

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

LOCAL BILLS discounted.

Credits granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London and the chief commercial places in Africa, America, Australia, China, Europe, India and Japan.

SALE DEPOSIT BOXES to rent. Terms on application.

SAVINGS BANK OFFICE

Accounts kept in Dollars Local Currency.

Deposits of less than $1 will not be received. Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.

Interest at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.

The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand.

Depositors will be provided with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Savings Bank accounts, also kept in Sterling and U.S. Dollars. Terms on application.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturdays 10 a.m. to noon.

A. S. HENCHMAN, *Manager*

THE OLDEST INSURANCE OFFICE IN THE WORLD

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE LTD. FOUNDED 1710

Head Office:
63 Threadneedle Street, London

Far Eastern Branch
1 The Bund

T. P. POTTINGER, *Manager.*
Telephone 15075

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers in Securities and Commodities

Daily New York and London Stock Exchange Service
Commodity Futures on the principal American markets

Members of New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Canadian Commodity Exchange. Inc., Montreal
New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
Manila Stock Exchange
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

Correspondents for

HAYDEN, STONE & CO., AND J. E. SWAN & CO., NEW YORK

Telephone 11200 *Cable Address:* SWANSTOCK

SASSOON HOUSE, SHANGHAI
Branch Offices: Hongkong and Manila

S. E. Levy & Co.

Shanghai....Manila....Hongkong....Singapore

Members:

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC., N.Y.
NEW YORK COFFEE AND SUGAR EXCHANGE
CANADIAN COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC.
MANILA STOCK EXCHANGE
HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

Correspondents for

WHITE, WELD & CO., NEW YORK

BROKERS IN SECURITIES AND COMMODITIES

CORRESPONDENTS FOR:
CARL M. LOEB, RHOADES & CO.
NEW YORK

WHITE, WHITE & CO.

MEMBERS OF:
N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE
COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC., N.Y.
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
CANADIAN COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC., MONTREAL.

TELEPHONE 13150—45 KIUKIANG ROAD

BANKS

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853)

CAPITAL £3,000,000
RESERVE £3,000,000

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund
Head Office: 38 Bishopsgate London
Mancester Office: 71 Mosley Street

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star	Iloilo	Saigon
(Malay States)	Ipoh	Samarang
Amritsar	Klang	Seremban
Batavia	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	Kobe	Singapore
Bangkok	Kuala Lumpur	Sitiawan
Calcutta	(Malay States)	(Malay States)
Canton	Kuching	Sourabaya
Cawnpore	(Sarawak)	Taipin
Cebu	Madras	Tientsin
Colombo	Manila	Tongkah
Delhi	Medan	(Bhuket)
Haiphong	New York	Tsingtao
Hamburg	Peiping	Yokohama
Hankow	(Peking)	Zamboanga
Harbin	Penang	(Philippine Islands)
Hongkong	Rangoon	

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted. Correspondents in all parts of the world.

The Bank undertakers to act as Executor and Trustee in approved cases.

R. D. MURRAY, *Manager*

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Issuing Bank for French Indo-China Chartered by decrees dated 21st January 1875 and 31st March 1931

CAPITAL ..... Frs. 120,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... Frs. 133,000,000

Head Office:
96 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris

Agencies

Bangkok	Papeete
Battambang	Peiping
Cantho	Pnom-Penh
Canton	Pondichery
Djibouti	Quinhon
Fort-Bayard	Saigon
Haiphong	Thanhoa
Hankéou	Tourane
Hanoi	Vinh
Hongkong	Shanghai
Hué	Singapore
Nam-Dinh	Tientsin
Nouméa	Yunnanfou

L. CHEVRETTON, *Manager.*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.

(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique)

CAPITAL: Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG

Correspondents in all parts of the world

H. LAMBERT, *General Manager.*

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD

(Incorporated in England)

with which is affiliated
THE ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£3,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,594,160
PAID-UP CAPITAL	2,594,160
RESERVE	180,000
Shanghai Branch	28 The Bund

Head Office:
117-122 Leadenhall Street London, E.C.,
West End Branch—London
16 Cockspur Street, S. W. 1.

Branches:

Bombay	Coimbatore	Madras
Calcutta	Colombo	Pollachi
		Shanghai
Calicut	Hongkong	Singapore

The Bank issues Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques are sold payable throughout the world at current exchange rates and free of commission Current Deposit Accounts and Saving Bank Accounts opened on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under wills and settlements and also undertakes the recovery of British Income Tax.

W. S. RYDE, *Manager*

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y.100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y.134,400,000

Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND

Branches:

Alexandria	Karachi	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	Kobe	Samarang
Batavia	London	San Francisco
Berlin	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	Manila	Shanghai
Calcutta	Moji	Singapore
Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tokyo
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo (Marunouchi)
Hongkong	Otaru	Tsingtao
Honolulu	Paris	Yingkow
Hsinking	Peiping	
	Rangoon	

K. YABUKI, *Manager*

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Amsterdam)

BANKERS
ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER
1824

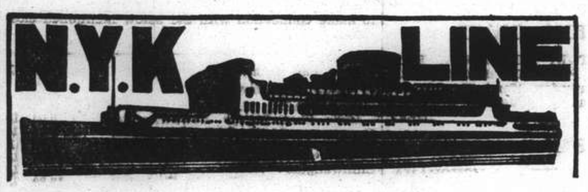
Head-Office: AMSTERDAM
Head-Office for the East: BATAVIA
SHANGHAI OFFICE:
Sassoon House, 20 The Bund

72 Branches in The Netherlands, the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan, Arabia and Netherlands Guyana, Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED

J. DE WILDE, *Manager*

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Yokohama

From Kobe

TATSUTA MARU ..... Mar. 22
CHICHIBU MARU ..... Apr. 9
TAIYO MARU ..... Apr. 25

To Vancouver and Seattle

From Kobe

HEIAN MARU ..... Mar. 14

To Australian Ports via Manila

From Hongkong

ATSUTA MARU ..... Mar. 26

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo

From Shanghai

SUWA MARU ..... Mar. 8
*TERUKUNI MARU ..... Mar. 22
HAKUSAN MARU ..... Apr. 5
HARUNA MARU ..... Apr. 19
*Calls at Hamburg.

To Nagasaki (Rapid Express Service)

SHANGHAI MARU ..... Mar. 9
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Mar. 11
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Mar. 14
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Mar. 16

For Passage or Freight apply to **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA**
31 The Bund
Tel. 12842 After Office Hours 18885

General Passenger Agents of Cunard-White Star, Ltd.

PASSAGE FARES
Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Passenger Office
21-23 French Bund

Butterfield & Swire
Agents
Telephone 82020

LONDON SAILINGS

20 Mar.—MENESTHEUS*		2 April—AENEAS†		17 Apr.—AGAMEMNON‡	
Marseilles	via Aden	Marseilles	via Aden	Marseilles	via Aden
London		London		London	
Rotterdam		Rotterdam		Rotterdam	
Hamburg		Glasgow		Hamburg	
Glasgow				Glasgow	

LIVERPOOL SAILINGS

2 Apr.—PROMETHEUS*
Liverpool
Bromborough
Glasgow

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation.
† "A" Class Passenger vessel
‡ Motor vessel with limited recently modernised Passenger Accommodation.

SERVICE OUTWARD

"PROMETHEUS"	from New York	due S'hai	Mar. 19
"AGAMEMNON"	,, Liverpool	,,	Mar. 16
"SARPEDON"	,, Liverpool	,,	Mar. 30

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailing

For Formosa (Keelung and Takao)
TYOSA (CHOSA) MARU Mar. 17
TYOSA (CHOSA) MARU Mar. 31

Kobe Sailing

For New York via Panama Canal
TOKAI MARU ..... Mar. 20
KINAI MARU ..... Apr. 13

For Australia
SYDNEY MARU ..... Mar. 31

For New Zealand
BRISBANE MARU ..... Mar. 31

Hongkong Sailing

For South America via Africa
LA PLATA MARU ..... Mar. 28
AFRICA MARU ..... Apr. 2

For Bombay
*BORNEO MARU ..... Mar. 19
*DAIJIN MARU ..... Apr. 3

For Calcutta
*HAVANA MARU ..... Mar. 20

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
(OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA)
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

American Pioneer Line

From NEW YORK, Boston, Baltimore

M. S. CITY OF DALHART Due Manila Mar. 24, Due Hongkong Mar. 30

To NEW YORK, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia

M. S. CITY OF DALHART From Manila Apr. 19, From Hongkong Apr. 24

ROOSEVELT STEAMSHIP COMPANY, INC.
Managing Agents For The United States Maritime Commission
CHINA FOREIGN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
Agents.
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road Telephone No. 13555

East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

MS. INDIA .. .. Mar. 10

Homewards

for Jaffa, Haifa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Copenhagen

MS. SIAM loading at Hongkong .. .. Mar. 23

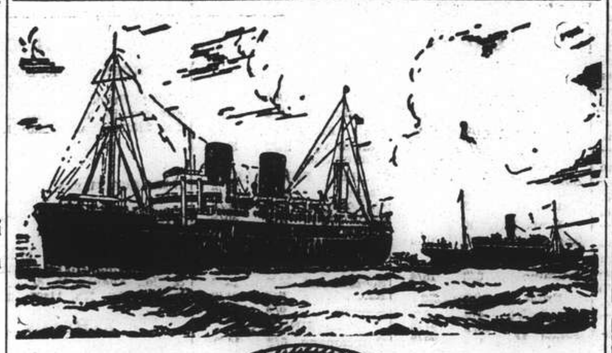
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers

Fare Shanghai/Rotterdam/Hamburg £65

Agency of

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



B. I. P&O E.&A.

(Incorporated in England —by Royal Charter)
Direct Fortnightly Mail Steamers (under contract with H.M. Govt.)

TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
Via Straits and Ceylon

	From Shanghai		Tonnage
Mar.	15	§KAISAR-I-HIND	11,500
	22	*BANGALORE	6,100
	29	††NALDERA	16,000
Apr.	12	††RANPURA	17,000
	19	*BHUTAN	6,100
	26	††RAWALPINDI	17,000

§Omits Bombay, Calls Port Sudan.

	From Hongkong		Tonnage
Mar.	26	†*JEYPORE	5,300

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca, Havre, Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.
†Bombay only.
††Omits Bombay. Calls Cochin and Port Sudan.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
TALMA		Mar. 12
SIRDHANA		Mar. 26

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.
FAST MAIL SERVICE
SHANGHAI TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
Via Japan, Hongkong and Rabaul

Australia and New Zealand for healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all, with surfing, fishing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leave Hongkong	Arrive Sydney
NANKIN	T. J. Mills	Mar. 10	Apr. 2	Apr. 21
NELLORE	T. H. Scott-White.	Apr. 7	Apr. 30	May 19
TANDA	E. Pilcher	May 10	June 3	June 22

Taking Passengers and Cargo Direct from Shanghai Transhipping at Hongkong

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.
27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

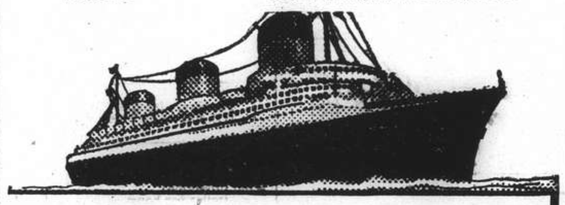
9 Ave. Edward VII Tel. 82034

FRENCH MAIL SERVICE **KOBE, MARSEILLES**
via Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port-Said.

SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave	Arrive Kobe	STEAMERS	Leave Kobe	SHANGHAI Arrive	SHANGHAI Leave for Marseilles
Mar. 10	Mar. 11	Mar. 13	Maréchal Joffre	Mar. 16	Mar. 18	Mar. 18
Mar. 21	Mar. 23	Mar. 25	Sphinx	Mar. 27	Mar. 29	Mar. 30
Apr. 1	Apr. 4	Apr. 6	Jean Laborde	Apr. 9	Apr. 11	Apr. 12
Apr. 16	Apr. 18	Apr. 20	D'artagnan	Apr. 23	Apr. 25	Apr. 26
Apr. 29	May 2	May 4	Felix Roussel	May. 7	May 9	May 10

FREIGHT SERVICE

MIN	due at Shanghai About Mar. 14
MIN	Will sail for Europe on Mar. 15
SONTAY	due at Shanghai About Apr. 11



EUROPE
VIA NEW YORK

ANY transpacific line to America, then to New York by rail or plane, and then to England, France and all Europe.

***VIA* FRENCH LINE**
NORMANDIE (World's Largest Ship)
ILE DE FRANCE — PARIS — CHAMPLAIN — LAFAYETTE
By air, and the NORMANDIE, it's only 5½ days from the Pacific Coast to Europe.
Advantageous Through Rates—Ask Any Travel Office

French Line
COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
General Agents — MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
SHIPPING NEWS

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI TO EUROPE:

mv. SAUERLAND Mar. 8 Genoa, Casablanca, R'dam, H'burg.
mv. LEVERKUSEN Apr. 1 Genoa, Antwerp, R'dam, H'burg.

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

		Due H'kong	Due S'hai
ss. OLDENBURG	Left Suez	Feb. 24	Mar. 25 Mar. 31
mv. BURGENLAND	Passed Suez	Mar. 5	Apr. 3 Apr. 8
mv. NEUMARK			Apr. 14 Apr. 20

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued
Subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE
20 Canton Road **FILIALE SHANGHAI** Tel. 18709

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

LLOYD TRIESTINO

ss. "CONTE BIANCAMANO"

to Genoa via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay Massowah, Port Said, Naples, Genoa.
on or about March 15

"CONTE ROSSO"	to Trieste	on or about	Mar. 29
"VICTORIA"	to Genoa	,, ,, ,,	Apr. 12
"CONTE VERDE"	to Trieste	,, ,, ,,	May 3
"CONTE BIANCAMANO"	to Genoa	,, ,, ,,	May 17

for particulars please apply to
LLOYD TRIESTINO
Telephone 16385 26 The Bund, Shanghai Tel. Adr: LLOYDIANO

P. & O. R.M.S. 'KAISAR-I-HIND'
11,500 Tons
COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID, MALTA, MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON
Will leave Shanghai for above ports
On Tuesday, March 15, 1938
Passenger tender leaves Custom's Jetty at 10.30 a.m.
Hand Packages only will be accepted by the tender.
Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Custom's Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday March 14
Custom's Permit required for any nailed cases
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviations with or without notice.
For Freight and Passenge apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Agents
Telephone 11428 27 The Bund

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED
M.S. "SHANTUNG"
loading Shanghai
March 31 / April 1
for Tripoli, Algiers, Oran, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Oslo and Gothenburg.
Agents:
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO DAIREN-LINE.

	Arrival	Departure
SS. HOTEN MARU	Mar. 6	Mar. 8 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Mar. 9	Mar. 11 at 9 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Mar. 12	Mar. 14 at 9 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	Mar. 15	Mar. 17 at 9 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	Mar. 18	Mar. 19 at 11 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	Mar. 21	Mar. 22 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-LINE
(Fortnightly Sailing—Freight only)
SS. RYOGA MARU ..... Sailing Mar. 15

For Passage and Freight apply to:
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19648

"Glen" and "Shire" Lines

Joint Services to and from the United Kingdom, Continent etc.

OUTWARDS.
Due to arrive from London.
"GLENGARRY" March 20

HOMEWARDS.
due to sail from Shanghai
"GLENSHIEL" March 12, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Antwerp via Hongkong and Straits.
Calls at Casablanca if sufficient inducement.

Loading dates approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

JARDINE MATHESON & Co., LTD. *Passenger and Loading Agents* Telephone 15290
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE *Discharging Agents* Telephone 82020

Express Service

Shanghai—37 DAYS—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

Special Accommodation for Silk, Refrigerated Cargo and Oil in Bulk

mv. TAI SHAN
sailing March 22

For Freight and Passage Rates apply

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINES WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

sails for
HONGKONG and MANILA
from
SHANGHAI & HONGKEW WHARF—POOTUNG SIDE
Despatching Tender Leaves Customs Jetty 9 a.m.
To-day March 8

EMPRESS OF CANADA

sails for
VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER,
via Kobe, Yokohama & HONOLULU
from
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Pootung Side
Tender Service

Leaves Custom Jetty Noon (**Despatching Tender**) Thursday, Mar. 10 *Leave Ship* (Pootung) 2 p.m.

Heavy and Light Baggage handled on above tender.
For full information and Literature apply to

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road **Telephone 19490**

K. P. M. LINE

For Your Home Leave

DIRECT SERVICE TO SOUTH AFRICA
Through tickets issued to England and South America

First Sailing from Shanghai:
ss. "BARENTSZ" .. .. March 10, 1938

Fares:
Shanghai/Durban 1A Class £70, 1B Class £63
Shanghai/Capetown 1A Class £75, 1B Class £67.10/-

MS. "PETER MAEKSK"
Direct Loading at SHANGHAI
March 30 / April 2
for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and Other Atlantic Coast Ports.

210-214 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 15566

MELCHERS & CO.
Agents: Maersk Line

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE

Joint Round World Express Service

MV. SILVERYEW

Due to arrive from New York March 11, 1938
Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope
All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.
Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space.

For further particulars regarding

PRINCE LINE *Apply to:* **Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited**

SILVER LINE *Apply to:* **Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.**

Homewards:

SS. "DONAU" for Port Sudan, Oran, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. Mar. 19
SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg ..... Mar. 25
MS. "SAALE" for Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. .. Apr. 8
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .... Apr. 22
SS. "GNEISENAU" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. May 27

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Manila	Mar. 8	Mar. 13
ms. SAALE	.....Left Singapore	Mar. 5	Mar. 17
ss. POTSDAM	....Left Hamburg	Mar. 5	Apr. 9
ss. ISAR	..... Left Hamburg	Mar. 2	Apr. 11

For Passage and Freight apply to

MELCHERS & CO.
General Agents:
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

POSITIONS VACANT

CHINESE wireless operator. Address Box 1349, N.C.D.N. -2685

PERFEKTE deutsche Schreibmaschinendame mittleren Alters mit buchhalterischen Kenntnissen fuer deutsche Schiffirma in Tokyo gesucht. Offerten mit Lebenslauf und Gehaltsanspruechen zu richten an Box 1355, N.C.D.N. 13105

WANTED, qualified foreign and Chinese salesmen and salesladies. Apply 137 Nanking Road. 13074

WE specialise in coaching students for the various British professional and commercial examinations held in Shanghai half yearly. Send for our free illustrated booklet, British School of Accountancy, 410 Szechuen Road, Telephone 14967. -2454

ENERGETIC salesmen/salesgirls required to represent well-known photo-studio. Any nationality. Good remunerations for right persons. Box 1258, N.C.D.N. -2500

PHOTO specialist, perfect in fine-grain developing, enlarging, wanted for Hongkong firm. Good opening for right man or woman. State age, experience, salary, nationality. Only responsible persons may apply. Address Box 1315, N.C.D.N. 13093

POSITIONS WANTED

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of three dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.50.

YOUNG lady stenotypist, several years experience, seeks full/half day position. Moderate salary, good reference. Address Box 1347, N.C.D.N. -2677

EXPERT lady, (English/French/German), stenographer-typist, also dictation on machine, seeks evening work or lessons. Address Box 1351, N.C.D.N. -2684

BRITON seeks employment, outport or travelling no objection. Al references, Address Box 1165, N.C.D.N. -2385

YOUNG Russian seeks position as chauffeur. First class experience. Al testimonials may be produced upon request. Address Box 1341, N.C.D.N. -2655

POSITION required by maitre d'hotel and ball-room manager. Eighteen years' experience, English, French and Russian cuisine. First-class references. Outports no objection. Box 1316, N.C.D.N. -2609

ACCOUNTANT, Briton, prepared to accept work after office hours at moderate fees. Address Box 1259, N.C.D.N. -2501

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend efficient stenographers and typists. 54 Garden Apartments 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. -2312

RELIABLE Chinese, clerk and managerial assistant, long experience, capable taking charge of office, seeks position in any capacity. Address Box 1318, N.C.D.N. -2667

INTELLIGENT young Chinese, with knowledge of shipping, typewriting and all-round office routine, willing to work hard for promotion, desires immediate employment. Address Box 1334, N.C.D.N. -2660

YOUNG Chinese offer services after office hours, any capacity. Experienced in executive and secretarial work. Al reference. Address Box 1333, N.C.D.N. -2661

POSITION wanted by Chinese, junior stenographer. Hard worker. Any reasonable salary accepted. Address Box 1222, N.C.D.N. -2490

EDUCATIONAL

FRENCH language is accomplishment to general education. Place yourself in the hands of fully-qualified lady-teacher, graduated in Paris. Progress guaranteed. Telephone 72928, 1-3 p.m. -2662

INSTRUCTION in Mandarin or Shanghai dialect given at your place by an educated Chinese lady. Box 1360, N.C.D.N. -2705

GREGG School of Business students awarded six out of seven London Chamber of Commerce shorthand certificates. No failures. Shanghai's Premier Academy, 55 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 13100

PIANO lessons. Chord system. Easy method for adults., Al references, $15 monthly. Twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -2690

FRENCH lessons. Busy businessmen, wishing to acquire a practical knowledge of French quickly, should contact fully-qualified gentleman-teacher making use of special method to that effect. Box 1308, N.C.D.N. -2598

CHINESE language (Mandarin or Shanghai dialects) by trained teachers, Direct and simplified methods. Apply Shanghai Language School, Telephone 12616. 12972

ENGLISH lessons given, Berlitz system, correct pronunciation, grammar, composition, single/group, thrice weekly $12/$10. Satisfaction guaranteed. Box 1331, N.C.D.N. -2629

ENGINEERING drawing. Lessons by experienced engineer and architect (graduated). 925 Avenue Joffre, House 11, Telephone 77362. -2621

RUSSIAN lessons by qualified and experienced teacher (male). Address Box 1061, N.C.D.N. or telephone 72175 between 3-5. -2094

CHINESE gentleman teaches Shanghai dialect and Mandarin, Explains in English and/or French. Best results. Replies to Box 1260, N.C.D.N. -2502

ENGLISH lessons by experienced lady teacher. To adults and children. Taught at pupil's residence. Address Box 1265, N.C.D.N. -2512

PERSONAL

THE same place, the same time, on Tuesday 8. Wearing a black coat and small black hat. I. and E. -2653

WOULD the blonde young lady wearing fur coat who hired a Taylor car after the five thirty, Capitol show, Sunday, care to communicate with Box 1344, N.C.D.N.? -2673

THE lady who was thrown out of a rickshaw opposite Kelly & Walsh on Wednesday evening last, March 2, wishes to thank the kindly foreigner who tried to help, and also to apologize for her seeming rudeness and to explain that she was not conscious of what she said, as she has no recollection of anything that occurred. -2689

ANIMALS

TRAINING School for Dogs. Discipline, home-training, protection from kidnapping menace. Special police training. Training shooting dogs. Dogs taken for board. 1866 Avenue Haig. -2699

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

MODERN furniture and fixtures, Haig Court, comprising bedroom, dining room and drawing room. Owner leaving Shanghai. For particulars write Box 1345, N.C.D.N. 13097

MODERN Home drawing-room and bedroom suites, also diningroom suite, in excellent condition. Telephone 74214 between 12 and 2. -2694

YORKSHIRE-STYLE cured boneless ham, each 12 lbs., 90 cents. lb. Breakfast bacon, each 8 lbs. 80 cents lb. Fire Shanghai. Excellent quality, from European pigs. Mail orders accepted. Martin Krogh. Tsingtao, Post Office Box 201. 13094

GREAT opportunity for lady desiring to purchase brand-new black broadtail coat just received. Going cheap. Enquire, Medhurst Apartments, 930 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment Bl, 9 a.m.-11 a.m. and 1 p.m.-3 p.m. -2707

BEDROOM suite. Peach & Co. design in walnut colour. Wardrobe, tallboy, dressing table, night table, stool and chairs. Double or twin beds to match. Excellent condition, $250. Telephone 32668.

EMBROIDERED pillow-cases, 60 cents. Grass linen towels, 29 cents. Cocktail napkins, $1.60 dozen set. Applique bags, 75 cents. Many latest creations in laces and linens, retailed at wholesale prices. Lace and Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. Time 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. except Sundays. 13025

MOUTRIE piano, perfect condition, excellent tone, for sale. Telephone 72110 from 1 to 3 p.m. or write Box 1342, N.C.D.N. -2670

OWING to owner's departure, 5 rooms furniture for sale. Flat may be taken over. 198 Route Ghisi. View 12 to 3 p.m. -2610

TIES, pure silk, uncrushable; designs, colourings to suit all tastes, $3.50. Just received. Razon's, 12 Central Road. -2521

G.E. 5 cub. feet refrigerator, practically new (used three months). Guarantee for 5 years. Cost price $775, sell for $675. Telephone 75129 before 9.30 a.m. or after 6 p.m. -2697

LETTERHEADS, notepaper, cards, envelopes from $4 per 1,000. Telephone 90775, Commercial Printing Company for prompt attention. 12699

LEICA 3.5 model 111, De Luxe, in crocodile hide case; three chambers (two in Morocco case); Ever-Ready case; chromium angular view-finder; yellow filter I; front lens 3; lens hood; antinous release; automatic release; Ombrux exposure-meter; tripod. $500. Address Box 1286, N.C.D.N. -2551

SHIRTS, made to measure, new designs, Wemco, $4.50; Duro, $5; Striped Silk, $9. Razon's, 12 Central Road. -2522

GRAMOPHONE, all electric, 4 valves, in handsome cabinet, 110 or 220 volts, $90. One victor portable gramophone as new, $25. Telephone 20397. -2606

FOR SALE, drawing-room, dining-room and bedroom furniture, together or separately. Reasonable. Please address Box 1323, N.C.D.N. -2616

MOUTRIE piano with stool, in good condition, $200. Address Box 1292, N.C.D.N. -2589

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

BEAUTY shop with latest equipment and good location, for sale. Address Box 1282, N.C.D.N. -2540

EXTENSIVE furnished establishment, suitable for good-sized hospital-sanitarium. French Concession. Interested parties, please apply Post Office Box 1522. -2641

RADIOS

FOR radio repairs call International Radio Service. Work guaranteed. Telephone 75897. 9 Cardinal Mercier, Bills Motors Building. -2100

RADIO'S greatest feature "This is London calling and here is the news!" Hear it daily. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. American Radio Equipment Company. 12850

FOR skilled workmanship call 32392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. -2580

MISCELLANEOUS

REQUIRED by the Rangoon Gymkhana Club a Band for Dance and Classical Music. Engagement at Rangoon for a period of one year from early April. Applications with particulars and terms should be addressed to S. E. Cline, secretary.

LOST

LOST, Delivery Order No. 145 covering forty two (42) packages of steel bars, marked E & G 657, Shanghai, 54/113, ex mv. Ajax, arrived January 28, 1938, has been lost and is hereby declared to be null and void. The Eagle & Globe Steel Co., Ltd. -2702

LOST fixed deposit pass book No. (吨) 75, issued by Tah Tung Flour Mill in the name of Shen Kee. The above is declared null and void. Shen Kee. -2649

WANTED TO PURCHASE

WANTED a Player piano in good condition. Also some rolls of good music. Address Box 1348, N.C.D.N. 13098

MODERN frigidaire or other good refrigerator, about 4 cu. ft. Must be first-class condition and reasonable price. Telephone 36967 after 6 p.m. -2696

BICYCLE wanted, also portable typewriter, in good condition. State price, make, to Box 1353, N.C.D.N. -2586

THE Far Eastern Review, Suite 21, 24 The Bund. Will pay Two Dollars per copy for the double back number of The Far Eastern Review, issues September-October, 1937, produced in a single number. 13105

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture. Carpets, piano, typewriter, radio and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36334. -2569

SCRAP, wrought-iron, cast iron and cast steel, wanted. Any quantity. Address Box 1285, N.C.D.N. -2549

WANTED to buy, used cash register, in good working condition. Apply C. Ingenohl's Cigar Store. 13075

OFFICE CARS

OFFICE car available. Tunsin Road, Edinburgh Road, Yu Yuen Road, Avenue Foch, Race Course Road, Foochow Road, The Bund and Soochow Road. Telephone 20381. -2678

FURNISHED APARTMENTS

TO LET, well-furnished modern, five-roomed apartment, Haig Court, at unfurnished rental to responsible party. Telephone 21671, 12-2 p.m. or after 8 p.m. 13096

AVAILABLE, four-roomed apartment, fifth floor, two bathrooms, garden, garage, inclusive rental $210. Will sell furniture. Telephone 74214 between 12 and 2. -2694

BROOKSIDE. Four rooms, two bathrooms, to let furnished, six/eight months, from April 1. No linen. Box 1312, N.C.D.N. -2607

FULLY furnished three-roomed flat, verandah, available April. 159/12 Seymour Road. -2651

THREE-roomed flat, best part French Concession, cheap rent. Some furniture to be taken over. Telephone 72110 between 1 to 3 p.m. or write Box 1343, N.C.D.N. -2672

TO LET, three-roomed apartment Rue Paul Henri. Furniture for sale. Telephone 73397. -13041

VERY desirable, cool, 6-roomed flat, in western district, to let for about 6 months from May. Address Box 1310, N.C.D.N. -2606

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

CENTRAL. Near Dollar Building. Attic flat, three rooms, bath, kitchen, open south, some furniture, $55. Box 1352, N.C.D.N. -2685

ONE and two-roomed modern apartments. Inclusive rentals $70, $100 respectively. Quiet. Amid gardens, 1810 Avenue Joffre. Krivoss Realty. 1331 Avenue Joffre. 13104

CAPITOL Building, top floor, newly decorated, delightfully situated, first-class flat for rent during June-November. Exceptionally cool during summer. Only responsible parties. Telephone 10181. -2700

700 AVENUE Petain. 2-roomed apartment. Available April 1. Apply Credit Foncier. Telephone 16366. 13089

4-ROOMED flats, Yue Tuck Apartments, 7 Tifeng Road, 2 bath-rooms, kitchen and servants' quarters, with modern conveniences. Apply The Mutual Investment Co., 89 Foochow Road, Telephone 13974. -2629

TO LET, one, two and three roomed modern flats in the Wayfoong House. Apply Engineers' Office, room No. 110, 12 The Bund. 12910

TO LET, Medhurst Apartment, three attractive rooms, 7th. floor, rent $280. For particulars apply Manageress. -2630

MOTOR CARS & CYCLES

$3,600 or nearest offer for one 1937 standard Studebaker sedan, used 6,000 miles, always owner-driven. Addresss Box 1350, N.C.D.N. 13106

WANTED. Small or baby model coupe, good condition. Must be cheap. Reply Box 1359, N.C.D.N.

FOR SALE. Ford V8 four-door sedan de luxe, large trunk, late 1934, owner leaving China, $1,200. Address Box 1357, N.C.D.N. 13107

MORRIS Cowley saloon, 1934, very good condition, 20 m.p.g. $1,500, or nearest offer. Also willing to change for economical running roadster or coupe. Telephone 72926, 9 to 11 a.m. -2692

FORD V8 1934 sedan, just completely overhauled, radio, large trunk, good as new, owner leaving China, $1,500 or best offer. Address Box 1293, N.C.D.N. 13043

ARIEL cycle for sale, 70 m.p.g., 40 m.p.h. For full particulars and photograph address Box 1220, N.C.D.N. -2428

FORD, two-door sedan, four cylinders, 20 m.p.g., motor perfect, new tyres, honest bargain $425. Box 1325, N.C.D.N. -2620

$1,400 or nearest, Ford V8 de luxe sedan, 1934, in perfect order. Telephone 14712. 13019

$400 NASH sedan, excellent running order, insurance paid six months. Telephone 75372 meals time, or Box 1304, N.C.D.N. -2694

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply to Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet, Telephone 73165. -1778

HOUSE SERVANTS

ONE house-boy, also one house coolie; honest, speaks English, hardworking, seeks position. Well recommended. Address Box 1346, N.C.D.N. -2670

COOK-boy, highly recommended, long experience, clean and healthy, seeks position in American/British family. Address Box 1354, N.C.D.N. -2651

AMAH. Available now, excellent with infant, clean, trustworthy. Telephone 20222 tiffin time. 12714

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Servants specialists, 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, telephone-operators, clerks, pharmacists, accountants, stenographers, -2595

ADVERTISER recommends excellent boy clean, good servant. Telephone 36116 12-2 p.m. -2646

ADVERTISER highly recommends excellent, clean, honest, hardworking cook-boy. Telephone 70150 between 12-2. -2196

CAPABLE amah, recommended, children, washing and housework. Telephone 70601. -2663

AVAILABLE now, good cook-boy, has been in English family 7 years. Best reference. Box 1326, N.C.D.N. -2623

GOOD cook-boy seeks position, clean, honest, hard-working, speaks English, highly recommended. Address Box 1337, N.C.D.N. -2639

HIGHLY recommended cook-boy, coolie, chauffeur. Telephone Scott, 12980. -13066

DANCING

FOREIGN lady, highly experienced teacher of ballroom dancing, gives private lessons. Satisfaction guaranteed. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -2586

BEAUTY CULTURE, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

1205 Bubbling Well, Apartment 15. Massage, English, French spoken. -2698

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road. Apartment 30 Second Floor. 12921

ROOMS WITH BOARD

HAMPTON Court, 414 Seymour Road corner Avenue Road. Tram bus stops. Double and single rooms available. Excellent table. Hard tennis court. Telephone 31113. -2681

WELL-furnished room. Private bath. Can be seen after 3 p.m. Next door Union Church. 79 Soochow Road. 12914

CLOSE Bund, off Peking Road, refined locality. Good view. For one or two. Reasonable. Box 1287, N.C.D.N. -2662

CHELSEA House, 830 Bubbling Well Road. Attractive, bright, south double room, also single room, steam-heating, excellent cuisine, tennis court, garden, garage. Telephone 37231. -2652

689/691 RUE Ratard (near Avenue Roi Albert) one large room, facing south and garden. Private bath-room. Spacious garden, tennis court and garage. Mrs. A. Dorf, Telephone 74243. -2650

KINGSCLERE, 30 Weihaiwei Road, next to Race Club. Two well-furnished double rooms, also annex. -2604

PEKIN Apartments, 137/157 Peking Road. Double room with private bath, also single rooms, reasonable rates. Telephone 16010, Mrs. Adams. -2611

84 Carter Road, Lane 41. Comfortable double/single rooms, private modern bathrooms. Terms moderate. Good catering. Garage available. British management. Telephone 30582. -2524

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch, convenient 9/1 bus. Large room available, also small room. Lovely gardens. Tennis. Good food. Telephone Mrs. Fisher 75433. -2115

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, steam-heated, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -2570

BEVERLEY House, 30 Route Boissezon, thoroughly renovated. Sunny rooms, private baths. Large garden. Excellent cuisine. Telephone 70787. -2643

12 Pacific Gardens, Seymour Road. Double-single rooms, private bath, south verandah. Telephone 30376. -2495

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD

SAVOY Apartment. Lovely, comfortably furnished room for business lady or gentleman. Breakfast optional. Telephone 75252. -2627

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for men. Club facilities. Navy Y.M.C.A. 12915

UNFURNISHED HOUSES

TO LET, 23 and 25 Edinburgh Road. Five rooms, two bathrooms, servants quaraters, garage, Large garden. Apply Spence, Robinson & Partners, 27 Peking Road. Telephone 11355. 13111

TO LET, 19 Columbia Road, six rooms, 2 bathrooms, garage, garden, with central heating, modern sanitation. Apply Spence, Robinson & Partners, 27 Peking Road, Telephone 11355. 12936

TO LET from April 1, 415 Great Western Road, unfurnished or partly furnished, English-style residence, 6 large rooms, 3 bathrooms, servants' quarters, garage and spacious garden. Site over 6 mow. Apply China United Assurance Society, Ltd. Telephone 94076. -2135

FURNISHED HOUSES

SMALL modern detached house in quiet district of French Concession to let, furnished, garden and garage. Address Box 1356, N.C.D.N. -2636

COMFORTABLY furnished house, 4 rooms. Furnitures and fixtures to be taken over. Please call at 46 Verdun Terrace. Telephone 72915. -2677

1522/22 BUBBLING WELL Road, 5-roomed house, fully and very attractively furnished. Available early April for one year. Two baths, frigidaire, small garden, children's playhouse. Desirable. Rental $155 excluding taxes, water. For further particulars call at house or Telephone 33373. 13041

OFFICES, SHOPS, GODOWNS

HONGKONG & Shanghai Bank Building and Wayfoong House; Office space to let. Apply Engineers' Office Room 110, 12 The Bund. 12911

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 12909

PHYSICIAN'S downtown office to be let. Apply S. E. Shahmoon & Co., 83 Peking Road, Telephone 16722. 12912

GENERAL merchandise accepted for bonded storage, attractive rates, river front wharf. Address Box 823, N.C.D.N. 12915

COLD storage space available, eastern district, about 15,000 cubic feet, river frontage. Please reply Post Office Box 1243. -2680

OLD-established firm requires office space about 5,000 square feet. Preferable modern building near Bund. Address Box 1335, N.C.D.N. 13070

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED. Furnished room, with private bath, preferably central district. Reply Box 1358, N.C.D.N.

TWO furnished rooms and use of kitchen. Rent about $40. Address Box 1361, N.C.D.N. -2708

WANTED, one/two-roomed furnished/unfurnished modern apartment, by responsible party. Address Box 1289, N.C.D.N. -2555

TWO/three-roomed apartment, unfurnished, from end April. Quiet locality. Responsible English couple. Box 1317, N.C.D.N. -2612

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
Strictly Prepaid

One insertion	per word	6 cts.
Three insertions	,, ,,	5 cts.
Seven or more	,, ,,	4 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	,,	3 cts.
Front Page	,,	12 cts.

Minimum of 16 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News." 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Vessels Arriving

Due at Future Dates

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From LONDON

Soudan	5/3	17/4

From GOTHENBURG

Java	3/2	7/4

From HAMBURG

Zuiderkerk	29/1	18/3
Potsdam	5/3	9/4
Tirranna	31/3	8/5

From ROTTERDAM

Isar	1/3	10/4

From LISBON

Touraine	6/3	15/4

From MARSEILLES

Mar. Joffre	4/4	9/3
Sphinx	18/2	21/3
Katori M.	1/3	29/3
J. Laborde	4/3	1/4

From TRIESTE

Fusijama	20/1	15/3

From MALTA

Rawalpindi	7/3	3/4

From SUEZ

Oldenburg	24/2	31/3
Burgenland	5/3	8/4

From PORT SAID

Saale	12/3	17/3
C. Rosso	7/3	28/3
Sarpedon	2/3	30/3

From ADEN

Behar	8/3	31/3

From COLOMBO

Scharnhorst	28/2	13/3
Ranpura	6/3	21/3
Bhutan	6/3	22/3

From SINGAPORE

C. B'camano	6/3	14/3
Agamemnon	5/3	16/3

From MACASSAR

Tjisadane	7/3	21/3

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK

Sliveryew	—	11/3
Prometheus	—	19/3
St. Traveler	8/2	31/3
C. Lyons	16/2	15/4

From NEW YORK

Tweedbank	7/3	25/4
C. Corinth	17/3	16/5

From YOKOHAMA

Kaisar-I-Hind	8/3	15/3

AUSTRALIA AND CHINA PORTS

From TIENTSIN

Tingsang	—	9/3
Hangsang	4/3	11/3
Changon	—	13/3

From CHEFOO

Shuntien	5/3	8/3

From TUNGCHOW

Suiwo	7/3	8/3

From AMOY

Tsinan	8/3	10/3

From HONGKONG

Talabot	4/3	8/3
Nankin	6/3	9/3

From HONGKONG

Cyclops	6/3	9/3
Sinkiang	5/3	10/3
Emp. Canada	5/3	10/3
Szechuen	6/3	11/3
C. Evansv'le	—	11/3
C. Hittsb'g	—	11/4
Chengtu	8/3	13/3

From CANTON

Taksang	—	14/3

From FORMOSA

Chosa M.	—	6/3

From HOBART

Nellore	4/3	6/4

Vessels Leaving

YANGTZE RIVER

WUSUEH Mar. 9. TUNGCHOW.—From French Bund on Wednesday, March 9, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-3

SUIWO Mar. 10. Sails for TUNGCHOW on Thursday, March 10, at 7 a.m. from Peking Road Jetty. For Passages apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 9-3

SIANGWO Mar. 12. Sails for TUNGCHOW on Saturday, March 12, at 7 a.m. from Peking Road Jetty. For passages apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 11-3

WHANGPU Mar. 13. TUNGCHOW. — From French Bund on Sunday, March 13, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 12-3

NORTH CHINA COAST

CHAKSANG Mar. 8. TSINGTAO CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Tuesday, March 8, at 4 p.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd, Tel. 15290. 8-3

SHUNTIEN Mar. 10. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Thursday, March 10, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 10-3

SUIYANG Mar. 11. CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Friday, March 11, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 10-3

KWAISANG Mar. 12. TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, March 12. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 12-3

SOUTH CHINA COAST

FOOSHING Mar. 9. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, March 9, at daylight. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 8-3

KAYING Mar. 9. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Wednesday, March 9, at 5 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 9-3

SOOCHOW Mar. 11. AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Friday, March 11, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 10-3

TINGSANG Mar. 11. HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Jardines Pootung Wharf on Friday, March 11, at daylight. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 10-3

TSINAN Mar. 11. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Friday, March 11, at 8 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 10-3

HANGSANG Mar. 12. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, March 12. For freight apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 12-3

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

SZECHUEN Mar. 12. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG.—From French Bund on Saturday, March 12, at 7 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 11-3

JAPAN

NALDERA Mar. 8. MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 8-3

NANKIN Mar. 10. (From Shanghai) MOJI, KOBE, OSAKA and YOKOHAMA.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd. No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428 (3 lines). 10-3

STRAITS AND EUROPE

SAUERLAND Mar. 8. GENOA, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG.—The Hamburg-Amerika Linie will despatch the ms. Sauerland, Captain W. Teegen, on or about March 8, 1938. For freight and passage please apply Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Fillale Schanghai, 20 Canton Road. Tel. 18709. 8-3

TAI PING Mar. 14. CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, OSLO via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PORT SAID.—Motor vessel Tai Ping of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai on March 14, for the abovementioned ports. For freight or passage please apply to: Dodwell & Co., Ltd., 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 14-3

GLENSHIEL Mar. 15. LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and ANTWERP via HONGKONG and STRAITS—Calls at Casablanca if sufficient inducement. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents, Glen Line Ltd. Tel. 15290. 15-3

MIN Mar. 15. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via PORT SAID and ADEN.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 15-3

KAISAR-I-HIND Mar. 15. MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SUDAN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m., on Tuesday, March 15. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co, No., 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 15-3

MARECHAL JOFFRE Mar. 18. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 13-3

DONAU Mar. 19. PORT SUDAN, ORAN, CASABLANCA, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and BREMEN via SINGAPORE and PORT SAID.—For freight and passage apply to Melchers & Co., General Agents: N.D.L. 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 19-3

MENESTHEUS Mar. 20. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW (via Hongkong and Straits)—Butterfield & Swire, Agents, Tel. 82020. 20-3

AMERICA

TAI SHAN Mar. 22. LOS ANGELES and NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL Barber-Wilhelmsen Line motor vessel Tai Shan sails from Buoys 14-15 on March 22., accepting cargo for all Overland Points. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. No. 11366. 22-3

AUSTRALASIA

NANKIN Mar. 10. (From Shanghai) RABAUL, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via JAPAN and PORTS.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 10-3

TAIPING Mar. 15. (From Hongkong) MANILA, THURSDAY I. GAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.—Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd., Agents, Butterfield & Swire, French Bund. Tel. 82020. 15-3

SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA

BARENTSZ Mar. 10. MAURITIUS, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH, MOSSEL BAY, CAPETOWN via MANILA, SAIGON, BANGKOK, SINGAPORE and BATAVIA.—The K.P.M. Line s.s. Barentsz sails from K.M.A. Wharf, Pootung on Thursday, March 10. Cargo accepted for all ports in South, East and West Africa, also East Coast of South America. For passage and freight apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Agents, K.P.M. Line Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. Nos. 16247 (4 Lines). 10-3

Vessels Discharging

NALDERA. The P. & O. S. N. Co./s steamer Naldera, from London and Ports, bringing Cargo ex s.s. Hontestroom, from Amsterdam, s.s. Stork, from Bordeaux and s.s. Silvio, from Oslo.—This steamer is berthing at Nos. 11-12 Buoys and her cargo will be discharged at the Pootung Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consingees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the feights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Pootung Wharf on Monday, March 14, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 8-3

Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below mentioned closing times.

Date and Destination	*Per*	*Reg.*	*Ord.*
TUESDAY, March 8.			
Keelung Aust. N.Z. S.S.	Suwa M.	8.00	10.00
India Euez Europe	Suwa M.	9.30	10.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	Sauerland	10.30	11.00
Europe (V)	Katie Moller	11.30	13.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Katie Moller	12.30	13.00
Chinwangtao	Chaksang	12.30	13.00
Tsingtao Chefoo Tientsin	F. Consolini	17.30	18.00
Foochow	Fooshing	17.30	18.00
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Kaying	17.30	18.00
Swatow Hongkong Yunnan	Kaying A	—	—
Indo-China(Z)via H'phong	Shanghai M.	17.30	18.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	Wusueh	18.30	19.00
Nantung			
WEDNESDAY, Mar. 9.			
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Shuntien X	*18.00	7.30
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'sin	Shuntien	*19.00	7.30
Haimen Che. Ninghsien Ningpo via Haimen	Hanna	10.30	11.00
Nantung	Suiwo	18.30	19.00
THURSDAY, Mar. 10.			
Japan America Europe via Pacific	E. Canada BX	10.00	12.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	Tingsang	12.30	13.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.	17.30	18.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	Dairen M.	17.30	18.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Suiyang	16.30	18.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	Suiyang	18.30	19.00
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Soochow	17.30	18.00
Amoy and Hongkong	Tsinan	18.30	19.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 8th.
B Parcel mail for Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada and Europe, closes at 16.00 on 9th.
X Provisonal time—subject to alterations.
Y Superscribed correspondence.
Z Parcel only.

Mails for Europe

Via Siberia by steamer to Tientsin for transmission.
Next steamship mails will be closed as follows:
ss. Suwa Maru, via Suez, March 8, due London April 11.
ss.